THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,

CONTAINING

The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.

WITH A MAP OF INDIA.
Corrected up to March 1889.

BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press
PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,660—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, JULY 5, 1889.

THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

CUTLER, PALMER'S WHISKIES,

OLD, MATURE AND EXCELLENT.

Note the names, and try one or other of the brands.

	Prices from
Old Vatted Glenlivet and Special Reserve.. "Heart Bottle Whisky"—Scotch ... "Napier Johnstone"—Square Bottle ... "Glentromie"... ... ... "Cutler, Palmer's Finest Irish" ...	Rs. 21 to Rs. 29-12 per doz. bottles

Examine cork, label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	1889. Tuesday.
BL PESHAWUR.	3927	600	L. H. Moule	9th July
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne..	16th "
BL COROMANDEL	4499	800	I. Reeves [illegible]	23rd "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigh[illegible]	[illegible]th "
BL PENINSULAR	5500	1000	J. Orman [illegible]	[illegible]th Aug.
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. [illegible]	13th "
BL PEKIN	3929	600	P. Harris	20th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. Weighell......	27th "
BL THAMES......	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	3rd Sept.

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A steam-barge leaves the Mazagon Dockyard at 3 p. m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	1889. On or about
GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton ..	18th July
ROHILLA	3511	600	M. De Horne.....	1st Aug.
CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt......	15th "

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight.

For further particulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 24th June 1889.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES, and from GENOA on dates given below :—

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE :

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
SINGAPORE...............	5,000	800	10th July	10th Aug.
D. BALDUINO..........	5,000	800	1st Aug.	1st Sept.
MANILLA	5,000	800	20th Aug.	20th Sept.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	10th Sept.	10th Oct.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey *via* Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail
BISAGNO..............	On the 10th July 1889.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, July 2, 1889.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
MARIA TERESA...	V. Gutmann..	4,200	600	5th July.
IMPERATOR......	C. Bechtinger.	4,600	650	5th Aug

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI...	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

bove rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued tspecially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 22nd and BRINDISI on the 24th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAMER TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
ELEKTRA.........	A. Lussich	4,200	600	20th July.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowa, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
RION................	B. Vidos.......	3,500	550	14th July.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 14th June 1889.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.

FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LABOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 10th July 1889 at noon, FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian steamer homeward bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare, from Marseilles to London.

Owing to the Monsoon, Passengers are invited to be on board the steamer in the Prince's Dock on the morning of the 10th July.

GUSTAVE RAT, Acting Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s. s. BRESEFORD, from MIDDLESBRO, are informed of her arrival and are requested to TAKE DELIVERY of their Cargo in the stream.

The BILLS of LADING to be forwarded to us for our countersignature.

CURSETJEE & EDULJEE,
Agents, S. S. Bresford.

A LIFE POLICY.

For Rs. 10,000

May be effected at the following rates with the

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

Per Month.

At age		Rs.
At age	25	Rs. 24-7-9
" "	30	" 26-9-9
" "	35	" 29-4-9
" "	40	" 32-6-4

KILLICK, NIXON, & Co., General Agents,
J. H. SYMINGTON, Secretary.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE ABERIGE MACKAY under the *nom de plume*, OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN, [illegible]h bound, Rs. 2-; Postage, 4 annas.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 10th July, at noon, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on 7th July, after arrival of Outward English Mail, transferring Persian Gulf Mails and Passengers on arrival at Kurrachee to the Gulf steamer.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CANARA," 1,903 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 6th July, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S. S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 tons, on or about MONDAY, 8th July, at 3 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 31st July.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 10th July.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 5th July 1889. Agents.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
BANCOORA.....	3,000..	.... On 30th June 1889.
BHUNDARA ..	2,899..	..................10th July.
NUDAEA	2,964	.......................20th July.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 3rd June, 1889.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BATH OLIVER BISCUITS.

THIS favourite Biscuit is becoming deservedly popular.

In tins Re. 1-4 and Rs. 2.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FINEST MOCHA COFFEE.

AS SUPPLIED TO THE CLUBS AND MILITARY MESSES THROUGHOUT WESTERN INDIA.

Hand-picked Berries, in 7lb. Frazils, Rs. 7.

Roasted and ground in Bombay with greatest care and attention, Re. 1-2 per lb. tin.

English prepared Coffee in 1lb. tins, hermetically sealed, Re. 1-5.

TREACHER & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CHOICE INDIAN TEAS,

FROM THE
KOUSANIE TEA COMPANY, Limited.

THE KOUSANIE TEAS are the choicest of all Indian Teas. They are grown in the district originally selected by the Government of India for inaugurating the growth of Tea in India, and for superiority of quality have gained TWELVE MEDALS and TEN PRIZES at Exhibitions in India, England, and Paris.

	Rs.	a.
KOUSANIE MIXTURE, 1 lb. pkts., per pkt...	Rs. 1	6
KOUSANIE MIXTURE, 2 " " ...	" 2	12
KOUSANIE MIXTURE, 5 lb. catties, per catty	" 6	12
SOUCHONG FINEST in 2 lb. pkts., per pkt...	" 2	12
PEKOE FINEST in 2 " " ...	" 3	0
HYSON YOUNG (GREEN), 1 lb. pkt.	" 1	10
ORANGE PEKOE FINEST, 1 lb. pkt.	" 1	10
TREACHER'S OWN MIXTURE, 1 lb. pkt. ...	" 1	0
TREACHER'S OWN MIXTURE, 2 " ...	" 2	0
TREACHER'S HOUSEHOLD TEA, a small broken leaf tea, per lb.........................	" 0	10

SPECIAL WHOLESALE TERMS TO THE TRADE.

Sole Agents for the Bombay Presidency.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

WATERBURY WATCHES.

New styles arrived. Old styles reduced in price.

Rs. 6-8 — SERIES "E"—OR LONG WIND. Owing to a large expenditure on plant, which increases the daily output, these watches can now be retailed at Rs. 2 less than formerly.

Rs. 13-0 — SERIES "J"—IMPROVED GENT'S WATCH, Short wind, Stem set, Seconds hand, Jewelled, Gilt three-quarter plate, back Ratchet, Dust-proof case, quick-train visible movement, duplex escapement. — Rs. 13-0

The finest watch ever produced for the money.

Rs. 13-0 — SERIES "L"—SMALL-SIZED LADIES' WATCH, Short wind, Stem set, Jewelled, Quick train, Gilt ¾ plate, back Ratchet, Dust-proof case, visible movement, duplex escapement. — Rs. 13-0

A good timekeeper, attractive appearance, sure to please.

The reputation already gained for Waterbury Watches will be sufficient to assure intending purchasers that those of new make are all they are stated to be.

All watches are guaranteed
for two years.
Address orders to

WATERBURY,
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, OR ALLAHABAD,
OR TO SOUNDY AND CO., LD.
J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY,
Trade terms on application.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5 Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

INDIAN CIGARS.

PREPARED at TRICHINOPOLY, MADRAS PRESIDENCY, expressly for TREACHER & Co., LIMITED, from finest selected and thoroughly matured Tobacco, and acknowledged to be the cheapest and best Smoke procurable.

These CHEROOTS have been long known and much appreciated all over India; large quantities have also been exported to England and the Colonies. TREACHER & Co. have no hesitation in stating that there are *no better Cheroots in the market*, and all lovers of a genuine "Trichy" should give them a trial.

			Cash Price. Rs.	a.
TREACHER'S NOBLE'S Cheroots, without Straw	per box of	100	1	12
TREACHER'S DAWSON'S Cheroots, with Straw...........	"	100	1	12
TREACHER'S THOMSON'S Cheroots, with Straw	"	100	1	14
TREACHER'S HAVANNAH, Cigar Shape	"	100	2	0
TREACHER'S GEM MUSTER, Cigar Shape	"	100	1	14
TREACHER'S DINDIGUL Cheroots, with Straw...............	"	100	2	4
TREACHER'S MUSTER, Barrel Shape..................................	"	100	2	2
TREACHER'S CLUB MUSTER, Cigar Shape........................	"	100	3	0

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

	Rs.	a.
A most delicious smoke, prepared with the finest Egyptian Tobacco...................... per box	2	12

CIGARETTES.

		Rs.	a.
Excelsior Brand ....per box	100	2	2

JAVA CIGARS.

THE JAVA GEMS.

THESE are prepared specially for TREACHER and Co., from the very finest selected Tobacco. In Flavour and Aroma they are far superior to the ordinary run of Cigars, and those who appreciate a good smoke should give them a trial.

They are described by an old Indian of upwards of twenty years' residence "as being the very best Cigars he had ever smoked in India."

	Rs.	a.
Java Gems No. 1, per box of 100	3	8
" " No. 2 " "	3	4
" " No. 3 " "	3	0

TOBACCOS.

	Rs.	a.
Will's Celebrated Bristol Bird's Eye, ½ lb. packet.	1	0
Do. do. Virginia Shag do.	1	0
Do. do. Three Castles do.	1	0
Cope's Golden Cloud, 1 lb. box.....................	3	0
Excelsior Tobacco, Flake cut for Pipes, 4 oz. pkt.	1	4
Golden Leaf, in Cake, for cutting, per lb.	2	8
Cavendish in Sticks, per lb............................	1	2

INDO-AMERICAN TOBACCO.

Specially prepared from the finest selected Virginian Tobacco.

	Rs.	a.
Golden Leaf Smoking Mixture, ½ lb. tin..........	1	2
Do. do. do. 1 lb. tin	2	4

1,000 Havannahs	sent duty paid	and free	of all expense	to any address	in England	for Rs.	125
1,000 Gem Muster	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	"	105
1,000 Nobles	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	"	115
1,000 No. 1 Javas	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	"	142
1,000 " 2 "	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	"	130
1,000 " 3 "	do.	do.	do.	do.	do	"	115

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S UMBRELLAS.

Myrtle Green	FOX'S PATENT STEEL	Superior Sticks,
Brown and Black	LOCK RIB	Natural and
Rich Twill Silk.	PARAGON FRAMES.	Silver-mounted Handles,

Rs. 12-8, Rs. 14-8, Rs. 16-0, Rs. 17-8 to Rs. 40-0.

SUPERIOR QUALITY EXTRA LIGHT.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO., LD.

BOMBAY.

MONSOON CLOTHING.

THORPE AND CO.

HAVE the pleasure to announce the arrival of their WATERPROOF CLOTHING, made SPECIALLY for INDIAN WEAR, being sewn throughout, and the SEAMES WATERPROVED, so that they cannot possibly come apart.

For Mofussil Orders, send Height and Size round Chest.

		Rs.	a.
Drab Vulcanized Cambric Coats, light and durable, all sizes	each	9	8
Drab Vulcanized Cambric Inverness Capes, very light, all sizes	each	16	8
Cap to match the above... Rs. 3 8. Leggings	per pair	4	8
Drab Steam Vulcanized Coats, stout and strong, will withstand the heaviest rains, a splendid Garment for ship Captains, Pilots, &c.	each	25	0
Brown Cashmere Coats, with Cape thoroughly Ventilated, the Waterproofing between two Cloths, and cannot possibly stick or melt when rolled up roughly. A special article, will last for years		33	0
Inverness Capes as above		35	0
"Regimental Capes" Dark Blue Twilled Paramatta, best quality, made well, never stick, all sizes...	Rs. 45 to	48	0
Fawn Twilled Serge Coats, Waterproofing between two Cloths, Perfect Ventilation, the Best Waterproof Garment made		45	0
Ladies' Waterproofs, light and durable		25	0
Tan Canvas Waterproof Leggings, for lacing	pair	6	8
Waterproof Tan Canvas Hold-alls, for Travellers	from	18	8
Stout Waterproof Ground Sheets, fitted with Brass Eyelets, 84 by 48 in...		15	8
60 in. Drab Twill Sheeting, Waterproofing between two cloths... ...	per yard	5	8
Oriental Driving Aprons, lined plaid		18	8

THORPE & Co.,

SHIRT-MAKERS, MILITARY TAILORS, AND
GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY,

A BLEND of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON and ISLAY,

Is a Rich, Mellow, and Soft Spirit, Genuine and Wholesome.
One of the best Whiskies imported into this country.
Per dozen, Rs. 24; Single bottle, Rs. 2, Jars at Rs. 11 per Gallon. Jars extra.

SPECIAL TERMS GIVEN TO HOTELS, CLUBS, AND OTHER LARGE CONSUMERS

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

TELESCOPES AND BINOCULARS.

POWERFUL Binocular, Field, Sporting, or Race Glasses from Rs. 50 to Rs. 100, or made of Aluminium, which has the advantage of being extremely light, Rs. 80 to Rs. 150. Telescopic Binoculars possessing the maximum of power and penetration, Rs. 150 to Rs. 250.

OPERA GLASSES, in Morocco, Russia, Japanned Ivory, Tortoiseshell, Mother-o'-Pearl (plain or stained), Aluminum, Plush, &c., &c.

From Rs. 30 to Rs. 150.

MARCKS AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WILLS in four different forms, Annas 8 each.

BUGGY, SHIGRAM AND VICTORIA FARES,

With an Alphabetical Index of Buildings and Places mentioned in the Fare list, with number of Stands, &c.

Complete and easy reference.

Size 3 inches by 4½ inches.

Can be easily carried in the waistcoat pocket.

Cloth Limp Cover.

Price, Annas 4.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

NEW PIANOFORTES WITH TRANSPOSING APPARATUS.

THIS Apparatus is a most useful improvement recently introduced in a most perfect form. By a simple arrangement the Pitch can be lowered or raised a semi-tone, a tone, or several tones. In this manner Soprano or Tenor songs can be instantaneously transposed, so as to render the Accompaniment adaptable to Contralto, Baritone, or Bass voices. This advantage will be at once seen by all Singers.

Messrs. MARCKS & Co., Ld., have just received a Stock of these Pianos, manufactured especially to suit the Indian Climate, with Solid Iron Frames, and they can confidently recommend them to stand the severest tests, as better Pianos have never before come to India.

PRICES IN EITHER AMERICAN, WALNUT, OR BLACKWOOD.

	Rs.
No. 1 (to change 2 semi-notes)	750
" 2 " 5 "	775
" 3 " 5 " to 1 Octave, with new Tuning Apparatus...	1,300

TERMS FOR HIRE-PURCHASE SYSTEM ON APPLICATION.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.

BOMBAY, Opposite the Clock Tower } AND { POONA, Opposite Napier Hotel.

GOLF KIT.

A FRESH SUPPLY TO HAND FROM THE CELEBRATED TOM MORRIS AND MESSRS. FORGAN.

PUTTERS, DRIVERS, MIDDLE AND SHORT SPOONS. Each Rs. 5.

CLEEKS, IRONS, AND NIBLICKS. Each Rs. 6.
THE "ECLIPSE" BALLS, per doz. Rs. 10-8

POONA, Temple House, Camp, & Bhoodwar Peth. } PHILLIPS & CO., LD., { BOMBAY, Oriental Bank Buildings & Byculla Bridge.

KEMP AND CO.'S LIST OF WINES & SPIRITS.

ON the quality of the various brands quoted below, most of them specially selected by MR. D. S. KEMP, purchasers may place the fullest reliance. All will bear the most favourable comparison with any other Wines in the market at the same prices, and many are of qualities very much superior to what their prices indicate.

An analysis of our "Household Claret," made by the late Mr. W. Harris, F. C. S., and reported in the *Bombay Gazette*, showed that the Wine ranked in quality with others sold in this market at a very much higher price. Since then we have spared no efforts to maintain its high character.

	Qts. Rs.	a.	Pts. Rs.	a.
CLARET—				
Household*	10	0	5	8
St. Julien Medoc (J. J. B.) ...	15	0	8	8
Saint Estephe	18	0	...	
Chianti	18	0	...	
Fronsac	20	0	12	0
Moulis	28	0	16	0
Chateau Lafitte (J. J. B.)... ...	30	0	...	
Pontet Canet, 1880	36	0	20	0
Chateau Bellegrave (J. J. B.) ...	50	0	...	
Margaux Bijou	20	0	...	
BURGUNDY—				
Beaume	24	0	13	0
Pomard	24	0	13	0
Volnay	32	0	18	0
Chambertin...	30	0	16	0
Do. Extra Fine	60	0	33	0
HOCK (Finest Still)—				
Hochheimer, specially selected ...	23	0	12	8
Geisenheimer	26	0	15	0
Scharlachberg	42	0	24	0
Liebfraumilch	50	0	27	0
SPARKLING HOCK—				
Choicest Brand	38	0	21	0
CHABLIS—				
Montrachet...	38	0	21	0
SHERRY—				
Dry Cadiz	24	0	13	0
Jerez Competidor	22	0	...	
Do. Favorita	37	8	...	
Amontillado	30	0	...	
Cardinal	35	0	...	
MADEIRA—				
Cossart, Gordon & Co.'s Choice Reserve	30	0	...	

	Qts. Rs.	a.	Pts. Rs.	a.
PORT—				
Vino de Porto	21	0	...	
Invalid's	24	0	13	0
Graham's Five Crown	39	0	...	
CHAMPAGNE—				
Zipelius & Co.'s	36	0	20	0
Silery	42	0	24	0
Jules Mumm's Carte Blanche ...	45	0	24	0
Russeau's	52	0	30	0
Moet & Co.'s	55	8	33	0
Roederer's Choice Brand... ...	65	0	35	0
Russeau Frere's Special Cuvee, 1880	70	0	36	0
SAUTERNE—				
Preignac	35	0	20	0
SPARKLING SAUTERNE—				
Normandin Maignen	30	0	16	0
BRANDY—				
Kemp's Fine Old	30	0	...	
Do. do. very aged ...	48	0	...	
T. Prunier's *	36	0	...	
" **	42	0	...	
" ***	48	0	...	
WHISKY—				
Edina (Scotch)	25	8	...	
Barff Whisky (Genuine Highland Malt)	24	0	...	
The "Glen"	30	0	...	
Old Head (Irish)***	24	0	...	
Do. do. ****	26	0	...	
Uam Var (liqueur)	30	0	...	
Bull	35	0	...	
CHARTREUSE—				
White			3	0
Yellow			4	0
Green			5	0
MARASCHINO DE ZARA			2	8

* Prize Medal, Amsterdam Exhibition, 1883.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS.

COCKLE'S PILLS,

OF PURE VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS AND FREE FROM MERCURY.

4, Great Ormond-street, W. C.

A RIDE TO KHIVA,

BY CAPTAIN FRED. BURNABY, ROYAL HORSE GUARDS.

PAGE 18 says :—

"Two pairs of boots, lined with fur, were also taken; and for physic, with which it is as well to be supplied when travelling in out-of-the-way places—some Quinine and Cockle's Pills—the latter a most invaluable medicine and one which I have used on the natives of Central Africa with the greatest possible success. In fact, the marvellous effects produced upon the mind and body of an Arab Sheik, who was impervious to all native medicines, when I administered to him five

COCKLE'S PILLS,

will never fade from my memory; and a friend of mine, who passed through the same district many months afterwards, informed me that my fame as a 'medicine man' had not died out, but that the marvellous cure was even then a theme of conversation in the bazaar."

THE PHARMACOPŒIA.

An extract from the second edition (page 188) of the translation of the Pharmacopœia of the Royal College of Physicians of London, by Dr. G. F. Collier, published by Longman and Company :—

"It is no small defect in this compilation (speaking of the new Pharmacopœia) that we have no purgative mass but what contains aloes, yet we know that hœmorrhoidal persons cannot bear aloes, except in the form of

COCKLE'S PILLS,

which chiefly consist of aloes, scammony, and colocynth, which, I think, are formed into a sort of compound extract, the acridity of which is obviated, I suspect, by an alkaline process, and by a fourth ingredient (unknown to me) of an aromatic tonic nature. I think no better and no worse of it for its being a patent medicine. I look at it as an article of commerce and domestic convenience, and do not hesitate to say it is the best made Pill in the Kingdom; a muscular purge, a mucous purge, and a hydrogogue purge combined, and their effects properly controlled by a dirigent and corrigent. That it does not commonly produce hœmorrhoids, like most aloetic pills, I attribute to its being thoroughly soluble, so that no undissolved particles adhere to the mucous membrane."

COCKLE'S ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.

These Pills consist of a careful and peculiar admixture of the best and mildest vegetable aperients, with the pure extract of the flowers of the Camomile. They will be found a most efficacious remedy for derangement of the digestive organs and for torpid action of the liver and bowels, which produce indigestion and several varieties of bilious and liver complaints. They speedily remove irritation and the feverish state of the stomach—allay spasms—correct the morbid condition of the liver and organs subservient to digestion—promote a due and healthy secretion of bile, and relieve the constitution of all gouty matter and other impurities, which, by circulating in the blood, must injuriously effect the action of the kidneys—thus by removing the causes productive of so much discomfort, they restore the energies both on body and mind. To those who indulge in the luxuries of the table, these Pills will prove highly useful, occasioning no pain in their action, unless they meet with an unusual quantity of acrid bile and acid matter in the stomach and bowels. To Europeans on their arrival in India or China they are recommended as a preservative against the fatal disorders peculiar to tropical climates. Their occasional use, if combined with the strictest attention to diet, will be frequently found to remove at once by their influence over the secretions that congestive and unhealthly condition of the liver which is so often the earliest antecedent of severe febrile and constitutional disturbance. It must be understood that these Pills are not recommended as containing any new or dangerously active ingredients; on the contrary, they are characterised by a remarkable simplicity of combination; and whatever merit they mey be found to possess depends as much upon the selection of pure drugs and the unusual labour and attention bestowed upon their subsequent preparation, as upon the acknowledged peculiarity of their composition. They are not recommended as a panacea, nor are they adapted to all complaints; but as a mild and efficacious aperient and tonic in the various forms of indigestion, it will not, perhaps, be an exaggeration to state that they have been resorted to under all systems of diet, changes of climate, or atmospheric alterations, with an extraordinary degree of success for 86 years. This celebrated family aperient may be had throughout the United Kingdom in boxes 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s., as well as in India, China, New Zealand, and the Australian colonies.

References for the above and for the Quinine Bitters can be made to NARSEELAL DAMODERDAS MAPARA, No. 7, 3rd Bhoiwada, or the PROPRIETORS of the QUININE BITTERS Co., LD., Llanelly, South Wales.

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Vessels.	Tons.	Commander.	On or about
CLAN GRAHAM.......	3,000	C. Alexanderson...	13th July.

PASSAGES are now available by this steamer at moderate rates. The Cabins and Saloon are on the upper deck, and are fitted with every requisite for comfort. Surgeon and Stewardess carried.

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BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the PROPRIETORS and SHAREHOLDERS of the Bank of Bombay will be held at the Bank on THURSDAY, the 8th proximo, at 3 p. m., for the following objects :—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts up to 30th ultimo.
2. To elect Directors for the ensuing year in room of the Hon'ble Mr. F. FORBES ADAM, C.I.E., and MR. AHMEDBHOY HUBIBBHOY, who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.
3. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

By order of the Board of Directors,
W. FRASER,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 4th July 1889.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the half-year ended 30th June last at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum free of Income Tax will be payable on application on and after Monday, the 22nd instant, to Registered Shareholders on 30th June 1889.

By order of the Board of Directors,
W. FRASER,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Bombay, 4th July 1889.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be closed from MONDAY, the 8th, to MONDAY, the 22nd instant, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.
W. FRASER,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 4th July 1889.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS claiming to be Creditors of REUBEN DAVID ISRAEL, of Bombay, Jew, residing at Parel Road, are required on or before the 4th day of August 1889 to furnish particulars of their claims and to produce the securities (if any) held by them in respect of such claims, to Messrs. DAVID SASSOON & Co. of Bombay, Merchants, to whom the said Reuben David Israel has in consequence of his advanced age entrusted the management and conduct of his business affairs, and who will not recognise any claims not so sent in. Dated this 4th day of July 1889.

HORE, CONROY, & BROWN,
Attorneys for the said Reuben David Israel.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.
NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay up to 2 p.m., on THURSDAY, the 18th day of July 1889, for paving footpaths with blue stones to the extent of about 110,000 square feet in various parts of the City.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, &c., on payment of Rs. 5, can be obtained from the undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

3. Each Tender should be accompanied by a Deposit of Rs. 1,500 to be paid to the Chief Accountant of the Municipality in cash, and to be forfeited in case of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further Deposit to make the total deposit equivalant to 5 per cent. at the contract amount will have to be paid by the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
JAMES W. SMITH,
Acting Executive Engineer, M. Inst. C.E.,
Bombay, Municipal Executive Engineer's Office,
3rd July, 1889.

IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS, BOMBAY.

In the matter of AHMED HAJI MITHA, ABDULA AHMED, JAFAR AHMED HARUN MAHOMED MUSA, AHMED and CASSAM MITHA, ESACK CASSAM, ESMAIL CASSAM, ABDULSATAR, HAJI MITHA, trading under the name of HAJI MITHA CASSAM, adjudged insolvents.

NOTICE is hereby given that HAJI SULEMAN ELIAS, SAJUNMAL BHALCHUND, and WASUDEV LAOTI, the Petitioning Creditors, and all other Creditors of the abovenamed Insolvent, Harun Mahomed, do appear before this Honorable Court on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of July instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, either in person or by counsel, and show cause, if any they have, why the order made in this matter on the twenty-first day of June last (whereby it was ordered that the said Insolvents should be adjudged to have committed an act of insolvency under the provisions of Section Nine of the Act Eleven and Twelve, Victoria, Chapter Twenty-one, and that they, the said Insolvents, should within thirty days from the said twenty-first day of June, file a schedule in this Honourable Court, in the form in Schedule C to the said Act annexed), should not be revoked or set aside, and why all proceedings, if any, taken or had thereon should not be annulled and discharged so far as the said Insolvent Harun Mahomed is concerned. Dated this 3rd day of July 1889.

C. W. L. JACKSON,
Clerk of the Court,
Court House, Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay,
this 3rd day of July 1889.

BOMBAY CIRCULATING LIBRARY.
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Practitioner	12-8	11	7-8
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DR PAOLO MERLO has CHANGED his RESIDENCE from Tamarind Lane to No. 135, Hornby Row.

THE STANDARD LIFE OFFICE is one of the four British Life Offices which according to the latest returns, have issued OVER ONE MILLION NEW POLICIES during the Past year. Reduced Rates for India.

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TO LET, UNFURNISHED, HOUSE at Bandora Hill, facing the sea, Lower Road, present tenant R. Peerbhoy, Esq. Stabling, compound. Rent Rs. 70. Apply "HOUSE," care of this paper.

TO LET.—A Well Situated and Well Furnished BUNGALOW, on Malabar Hill. For particulars, apply to "X. Y. Z.," care of *Bombay Gazette.*

GRUYERE CHEESE.—Just received and in prime condition at PEARSE'S, 7, Church Gate Street.

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FOR SALE.—A Second-hand DOUBLE ROYAL MACHINE, of Connisbee's Improved Mains Patent, by Harrild and Sons, London, in good working order, prints a forme of matter 40 by 27, size of table, inside bearers 46 by 37 inches.—Apply to "Z.," care of this paper.

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While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the various new public buildings which have been completed during the year.

The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

Agents for Maclean's Guide to Bombay.
Messrs. COOPER, MADON AND Co.,
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OFFICE—Dorse Street, Whitefriars, London.

NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

THE undersigned is prepared to receive TENDERS for SUPPLYING LIME for Public Works in charge of the Executive Engineer, Presidency.

Forms of Tender may be obtained and conditions of contract learnt on application at the office of the Undersigned.

Tenders duly signed, sealed and endorsed to be delivered at the office of the undersigned until 1 p.m. on MONDAY, the 15th instant.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

MUNCHERJEE C. MURZBAN, C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 1st July 1889.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of 1,700 CAST-IRON C SOCKETS, 10,000 CAST-IRON CAPS B, and 8,000 CAST-IRON CAPS A, for TELEGRAPH POSTS, will be received by the Superintendent, Government Telegraph Stores, Alipore, Calcutta, up to noon on MONDAY, the 15th of July 1889, and will be submitted to, and decided on, by the Director-General of Telegraphs.

The Director-General does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender, or to give the whole order to any one Firm.

Samples of the articles can be seen, and specifications and drawings can be obtained at the Office of the Chief Superintendent, Government Teleraph, Bombay Division, Bombay.

W. C. NIGEL JONES,
Superintendent of Telegraph Stores.
Alipore, Calcutta, dated 26th June 1889.

NOTICE.

PROBATE of the WILL, limited throughout British India, of CHENDRABHAN LALLAH KHAJANCHY, lately carrying on business at No. 180, Mount Road, within the local limits of Madras, as a Jeweller and Merchant, but now deceased, having been granted by the High Court at Madras to PETUMBER NURSEE, Merchant, carrying on business at No. 425, Mint Street, Black Town, within the local limits of Madras, one of the Executors named in the Will of the said deceased, the right of the other Executors being reserved to the like grant of probate, if and when they or any or either of them shall think fit to apply for the same: all persons having claims upon, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the said testator, are hereby required forthwith to state their claims, pay their debts, and deliver up such property to the said Executor. —Dated this 17th day of June 1889.

CHAMPION & THORT,
Attorneys for the Executor.

THE GUJERAT OIL MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION.

THE Creditors of the abovenamed Company are required, on or before the 1st day of August 1889, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresse of their attorneys (if any) addressed to Messieurs FRANK CHALK, and DULSOOKRAM HURGOVUNDASS, the Voluntary Liquidators of the above Company, at the office of the Undersigned, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, and, if so required, are to prove such debts, or in default they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.—Dated this 27th day of June 1889.

CHALK, WALKER, AND SMETHAM,
Solicitors for the said Liquidators.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to Act XXVIII of 1866 of the Legislative Council of India, entitled "The Trustees and Mortgagees Powers Act, 1866." Notice is hereby given that all persons being creditors of, or otherwise having any claims upon, or against the estate of EDWARDS WERGE, late of Satara in the Bombay Presidency, a Captain in the 22nd Bombay Native Infantry, European, deceased (who died intestate at Satara on or about the 13th day of June 1836, and Letters of Administration of whose property and credits were on the 25th day of June 1889 granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to AUGUSTUS AYSHFORD CONROY and RICHARD SUEADE BROWN of Bombay, attorneys of the said Court, and two of the constituted attorneys of Fanny Werge, the mother and only next of kin of the deceased, for her use and benefit, and limited until she shall obtain letters of administration granted to her, to have effect throughout the Bombay Presidency) are required to send to the undersigned Solicitors for the said Augustus Ayshford Conroy and Richard Sueade Brown, on their behalf, at their office in Apollo Road, within the Fort of Bombay, in writing their names and addresses and the particulars of their claims upon or against the estate of the said deceased, so as to reach the said office on or before the 10th day of August 1889, as after that date the said Augustus Ayshford Conroy and Richard Sueade Brown as such administrators will pay or remit the assets of the said deceased then in their hands to the said Fanny Werge as the person thereto entitled; or will otherwise proceed to administer the said assets, having regard only to the claims of which the said administrators shall then have notice as aforesaid, and no claim sent in subsequently will be recognised.—Dated this 27th day of June 1889.

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By order of the Court of Directors,
J. C. BERGENDAHL,
Agent.
Bombay, 1st June 1889.

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INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of Railway Station Advertising.

And as nearly ALL TRAVELLERS ARRIVING IN INDIA NOW LAND AT BOMBAY and proceed by Rail, Placards exhibited at the different stations are every day becoming more and more valuable as means of bringing the Advertisers' business to the notice of the public.

On the NIZAM STATE RAILWAY the Cantonment of Secunderabad, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India, a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of Bolaram garrisoned by two Regiments and one Battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about four miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad containing the Nizam's Regular Troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans, besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be a source of profit to firms to advertise at these Stations, the most important of which are Secunderabad, Hyderabad, Gangawaram and Tandur.

Orders for exhibiting Advertisement Boards on the B. B. and C. I. Railway Stations will also be received at this Office.

RATES.

Boards not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foor annas 2.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 feet square, will have the advantage of having their Business Advertisement read by thousands of passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.; on twelve stations or more twenty-five per cent.

Special arrangements for long periods.

The boards to be delivered at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Advertisers can select the stations, on the four lines at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely moderate scale to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charges in English or any of the Native languages at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Press. Estimates on application.

For further particulars apply to The MANAGER, "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, Rampart Row, Fort.

STATION THE G. I. P. R. LINE.

Musjid Bunder.
Chinchpoogly
Parel Station
Dadur
Sion
Coorla
Ghat-Cooper
Bhandoop
Tanna*a*
Deewa
Callian Junction*ab*
Titwalla
Khadawali
Wassind
Shapoor
Atgaum
Khurde
Kussara*a*
Egutpoora
Ghotee
Bailgaum
Deolalee B. Siding
Nassick Rd*a*
Kheirwadee
Niphar
Lassulgaum
Munmar
Nandgaum*a*
Naidongree
Chalisgaum
Kujgaum
Galna
Pachora
Myjee
Mussawuda
Sisowlee
Julgaum
Bhadli

Bhosawul Junction*ac*
Sowda
Nimborah
Raver
Khanapur
Burhanpur
Chandnee
Mandwa
Dongergaum
Bagmar
Khundwa*ab*
Jawar
Beerh
Singaji
Harsud
Kirkeam
Bheringee
Hurda*a*
Timoornee
Pagdhal
Sewnee
Dharam
Khundi
Dularia
Etarsee (for Hoshangabad)
Rampur
Bagra
Semri
Sohagpore*ad*
Paparia (for Pachmari)
Bankeri
Babai
Gadawara
Bohanee
Kureli (for Saugor)
Nursingpore
Kuruk Bail

Chindwara
Satari
Shapura
Mirganj (for Marble Rocks)
Nagpoor
Hula Gate
Budlapoor
Wangni
Narel
Chinchowli
Kurjut*ab*
Padesdari
Khandalla
Lanowlee*a*
Karli
Kurkulla
Tulligaun
Salaivadi
Chinchwud
Kirkee
Poona*bdd*
Loonee
Ooroolee
Yeoat
Kheirgaum
Patus
Dhond*b*
Borebail
Decksal and Bheegwan
Kartruz
Pomulwaree
Warengaum
Nargaum
Khankeer
Mulkapoor
BiswaBridge
Nandoora
Jullum*b*
Sheagaum*a*

Parus
Dapki
Akola
Boregaum
Katipurna
Moortizapore
Mohona
Koorun
Budnaira
Malker
Chandoor
Damergaum
Poolgaum
Dygaum
Wurdah*b*
Pownar
Sindee
Boree
Kapri
Saigaon
Jehwoori
Keim
Barsee Rd
Marheh
Unger
Mohol
Packney
Sholapur*ac*
Hoodgee
Kurubgam
Doodneh
Goodoor
Goolburga
Shahabad*abc*
Wadi
Nulwar
Yedagherry
Sydapore Road
Kistna
Chicksago
Raichore

STATIONS ON THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY LINE.

Wady Junc*a*
Chitapore
Mulkid Gate
Jram

Nawandgi
Tandur*a*
Dharur
Gangawaram

Gulaguda
Shankarpalli
Lingampallie
Musapetgate

Hyderabad
Secunderabad

STATIONS ON THE BHAVNAGAR-GONDAL.

Wadwan Junc. do.
City
Limbd
Chuda
Rampur
Kundli

Boted
Ningala
Ujalvav
Dhola Junc.
Jalia
Dhasa
Lathi

Chital
Lunidhar
Kunkavav
Khakhari
Vavd.
Jetpur
Jetalsar

Dhoraji
Sinesh
Songad
Sihore
Vartej
Ghadechi
Bhavnagar

a Refreshment Rooms.
b Junction for Jabalpur line.
c 15 minutes for early Tea
d 30 minutes for Dinner.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$7,500,000
RESERVE FUND	$4,300,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS...	$7,500,000

HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:
Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.
Deputy-Chairman—H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq.

Hon. John Bell-Irving.
W. G. Brodie, Esq.
T. E. Davies, Esq.
J. F. Holliday, Esq.
Hon. B. Layton.
S. C. Michaelson, Esq.
J. S. Moses, Esq.
L. Poesnecker, Esq.
N. A. Siebs, Esq.
E. A. Solomon, Esq.

Chief Manager—G. E. NOBLE, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING Co., LD.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

Amoy.
Bankok.
Batavia.
Bombay.
Calcutta.
Foochow.
Hankow.
Hiogo.
Iloilo.
Lyons.
Manila.
New York.
Penang.
Saigon.
San Francisco.
Singapore.
Tientsin.
Yokohama.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. on daily balances.

On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 5 per cent.

Terms for shorter periods on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Acting Agent.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (LIMITED).

HEAD OFFICE—39a, Threadneedle Street, London.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£933,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£465,250
RESERVE FUND	£100,000

LONDON BANKERS.
BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND, Ld.
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, Ld.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest is allowed on Fixed Deposits—
For 12 months, at 5 per cent. per annum, and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, Rangoon, Mandalay, and Delhi. It grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.

PAID-UP CAPITAL......	£ 584,400.
REST......	,, 152,000.

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest :—

FIXED, for 12 months .... 5 per cent. per annum.
,, ,, 6 ,, ... 4 per cent. ,,
and for other periods subject to special arrangement.

INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts, daily balances not exceeding Rs. 25,000.

DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

SECURITIES received for Custody; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.

A Baggage and Agency Department in London has been added for the convenience of Eastern Constituents, and a West End Branch has been opened at 25, Cockspur St., Trafalgar Square.

G. W. F. PLAYFAIR,
Manager.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on sums of Rs. 500, and upwards.

For 3 months 3 per cent. per annum.
,, 6 ,, 4 ,, ,,
,, 12 ,, 5 ,, ,,

GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment and approved cheques on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received.

THE CYCLOSTYLE
(GERSTETNER'S PATENT.)
TO BE SOLD.

A SMALL Consignment of CYCLOSTYLES (Gerstetner's Patent), complete with ink, roller, inking board, pencil, and a supply of prepared paper, in case. Size of slab: 8½ inches by 6 inches.

PRICE, Rs. 15 EACH.

Apply *BOMBAY GAZETTE* Office.
ALBERT BUILDINGS.

Patronised by Royalty, June 18, 1879.
Oct. 25, 1879, His Highness the Khan of Kelat, India.

REGENT'S PARK CANINE SURGERY.—Extract from "Home and Colonial Mail," Dec. 24, 1881.

"From personal experience, we have no hesitation in saying that those who are in want of dogs, it matters not of what breed or variety, could not do better than to entrust the matter to Mr. CHAS. BELL-SPENCE, M.R.C.V.S. 51, Lanark-villas, Maida Vale, W."

N.B.—Dogs of every known breed, size and colour, can be obtained from the above address. No dogs are kept under the value of £5.

PRICES OF DOGS AS FOLLOWS WITH PEDIGREE :—

BLOODHOUNDS	£25 each.
MASTIFFS	£20 ,,
BULL DOGS	£20 ,,
BOAR HOUNDS	£20 ,,
BULL TERRIERS	£10 ,,
FOX TERRIERS	£10

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labels thus :—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON.

ALSO MAKERS OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENC

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B41 PILLS is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout, and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones. Of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottle. Thousands of testimonials.

FOR SALE.—DEMY EXPRESS LITHO-PRINTING MACHINE, (QUITE NEW) by Messrs. Furnival & Co., London, fitted with recent improvement and two sets of Rollers, complete. Steam or hand. For particulars, &c., apply to "IMPORTER," care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying fifty-nine Military Messes and fourteen Clubs with the finest Vintage WINES from the following well-known Houses :—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN, Pall Mall, London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS, Pall Mall, London.
CHRISTOPHER & Co., Pall Mall, London.
POMMERY AND GRENO, Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET & Co., Epernay.
HEIDSICK & Co., Rheims.
AYALA & Co., Cheteau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY, Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT, London.
LEACOCK & Co., Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON & Co., Madeira.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co., London.
VAN ZELLERS & Co., Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG, Worms-am-Rhein.
NATHANIEL JOHNSTON & SONS, Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS, Bordeaux.
JAMES CATHCART & Co., Leith, N.B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co., London.
HUNGARIAN GOVT. CELLARS, Budapest.
H. T. CRESWELL & Co., Gibraltar.

Price List on Application
TO
PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES.

Specially selected and shipped by Messrs. BLANDY BROS. & Co., of London.

THE "BLANDY" BRANDS.

DIRECT SUPPLY SYSTEM.

MADEIRAS—From the celebrated "Blandy Stock."
8 qualities, from Rs. 20 to Rs. 50 per dozen quarts.
PORTS—From Hooper Brothers, Oporto.
4 qualities, from Rs. 18 to Rs. 28 per dozen quarts.
SHERRIES—From Manuel Gastelu E. Yriarte, Cadiz.
6 qualities, from Rs. 18 to Rs. 27 per dozen quarts.
CHAMPAGNES—From Henriot and Co., Rheims.
4 qualities, from Rs. 42 to Rs. 60 per dozen quarts.
CLARETS—From Le Fils D'A. Leon Aine, Bordeaux.
3 qualities, from Rs. 14 to Rs. 22 per dozen quarts.
HOCKS—From Meyer & Coblenz, Bingin-am-Rhein.
2 qualities (Still), from Rs. 19 to Rs. 22 per doz. qts.
2 ,, (Sparkling), from Rs. 37 to Rs. 48 per doz. qts.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Pattison, Elder and Co., Leith.
2 qualities, from Rs. 23-8 to Rs. 26 per doz. qts.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Ross and Cameron, Inverness.
3 qualities, from Rs. 25 to Rs. 40 per doz. qts.

Detailed List of Prices and Terms from
R. RAMCHANDRA & CO.,
APOLLO HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY,
Sole Agents for the Presidency.

PREPARING FOR THE PRESS.

THE
FALL OF MANDALAY,
BY
ZITO.

With which is combined a complete and practical Guide to Upper and Lower Burma.

THE Author accompanied the last Expedition under GENERAL SIR HARRY PRENDERGAST in November 1885 and remained in Upper Burma after the Conquest until June 1887.

The work will probably be ready for delivery on an early date, meantime Subscribers may register their names with

Messrs. DIPPIE & Co.
CALCUTTA.

A limited space only will be reserved in the GUIDE for advertisements, for which early application is invited.

In consequence of the difficulty in getting together reliable matter for the Guide portion of the work, and the preparation of numerous illustrations, which must be executed in England, some delay necessarily will arise in delivery. But intending Subscribers should not delay in registering their names at the above address.

DIPPIE & Co.,
AGENTS & CORRESPONDENTS FOR THE AUTHOR.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazett* are as follows :—

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrears.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly..............	,, 25	Half-yearly	,, 31
Quarterly	,, 13	Quarterly................	,, 16
Monthly	,, 5	Monthly	,, 6

TO SUBSCRIBERS—UP-COUNTRY.

In Advance.		*In Arrears.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
Half-yearly..............	,, 29	Half-yearly	,, 34
Quarterly	,, 16	Quarterly	,, 20
Monthly	,, 6	Monthly	,, 7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

SINGLE COPY........................As. 4.

Price for Back Numbers varies according to lapse of time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5
Second do.	,, 2-8
Third do.	,, 2-8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	As. 2½ per line

but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

All advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which make an inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion...............................	As. 8 per line.
Second do.	4½ ,,
Third do.	2½ ,,

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted, or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings, to the Change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines	Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line	,, 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than one *rupee*, and payment must in all cases, be made in Cash.

BOMBAY GAZETTE.
BI-WEEKLY EDITION.

TO SUBSCRIBERS

IN BOMBAY.		UP-COUNTRY	
Per Annum	Rs. 12	Per Annum	Rs. 15
Half-yearly.............	,, 6	Half-yearly	,, 7-8
Quarterly..................	,, 3	Quarterly	,, 3-12

BOMBAY GAZETTE.
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Post Free.

Per Annum	Rs. 12
Half-yearly	,, 6
Quarterly	,, 3

BOMBAY GAZETTE.
WEEKLY BUDGET.

Post Free.

Per Annum	Rs. 12
Half-yearly	,, 6
Quarterly	,, 3

CHEQUES, MONEY ORDERS, and other Remittances should be made payable to "the Proprietor" of the *Bombay Gazette.*

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BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Indian Banks.		Rs.	Rs.		
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	All	13 pct.	987½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	All	10 do.	1,000
Bank of Madras	16,000	500	All	14 do.	930
Exchange Banks.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	All	6 do.	122
Hong. and Shanghai	60,000	3,125	..	17½ do.	£19
National Bank	37,320	250	125	5 do.	150

PRESS COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 75	1,200
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500	Rs. 20	450
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	760
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	265
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	350
Breul's Cawnpore P.	0	20	200	Rs. 16	130
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	2	125	Rs. 20	145
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 265	380
East India Press Co.	0	1,090	1,000	Rs. 130	1,125
English Press & Mfg.	400	259	..		232½
Fort Press Co.	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 0	1,525
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 80	550
Harvey & Sabapathy	450	500	500	Rs. 25	445
Khangaum Cotton Press Co	240	450	All	Rs. 45	380
Manmar Manfg. Co.	1,000	250	250	Rs. 0	255
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 0	55
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 0	442½
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,350	500	500	Rs. 0	565
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	77½
Prince of W. Press	600	500	100	Rs. 30	390
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	509	Rs. 50	290
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs- 50	475
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 120	1,150
Sassoon Press Co.	300	500	50	Rs. 25	500
Volkart Press	605	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	655

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Ahmedabad S. & W.	1,308	1,00	1,000		1300
Albert Edward Mills		0	500	R	420
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,345	100	100	Rs. 3	94
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	...	325
Ahmedabad Ginning	700	1,00	1,00	..	—
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co.	4,800	12	125	..	..
Ambica S. & M. Co.	60	1,00	1,000	Rs. 25	..
Alliance Cotton Mfg.	1,80	1,00	1,00	Rs. 25	590
Bellary S. & W. Mill	87	50	50	Rs. 22	500nom
Bombay Cotton Mfg.	60	50	50	Rs. 25	425xd
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	90	1,00	1,00	Rs. 2	775
Berar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,75	20	20	Rs. 0	140
Central India S. & W. & Mf'g. Co., Ld.	4,50	50	50	Rs. 5	1,100
City of Bombay Mf'g. Ld	730	1,00	1,00	Rs. 0	1,075
Colaba Land & Mill Ld	4,00	70	70	Rs. 25	755
Connaught Mills Ld.	840	0	50	Rs. 1	670
Coorla S. & W. Ld.	1,30	1,000	1,00	Rs. 40	525
David Mills Co., Ld.	1,60	5	Rs. 40	Rs. 500	552½
Dhun Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,00	1,0	Rs. 5	1,025
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,415½	50	50	Rs. 2	710
Framjee Petit S. and Mf'g. Co., Ld.	250	1,00	1,00	Rs. 30	595
Gordon S. & Mf'g. Co.	700	15	15	Rs. 20	155
Guzerat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limite		1,00	1,00	..	...
Guzerat S. & W. Co.	42	1,000	1,00	...	83
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	1,200	1,00	1,00	Rs. 35	820
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,5	50	5	...	680
Hingunghat Mill Co.	70	575	5	Rs. 37	70
Hyderabad Deccan S.	700	1,0	1,0	Rs. 3	700
Indian Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,0	Rs. 50	1,030
Imperial Cotton Mills	1,36	50	5	Rs. 2	475
Jamshed Mfg. Co.	1,600	25	25	Rs. 1	322½
James Greaves Mill	1,32	5	5	Rs. 2	710
Jaffer Ali S. & W. Co., Ld., Original	600	5			100
Increased	1,483	25	25	Rs. 1	
Jubilee Mfg. Co Ld.	..	900	1,000	—	850
Jewraj Balloo S. & W.	1,10	1,0	1,0	Rs. 45	1,005
Khandesh S. & W.	75	1,00	1,000	Rs. 40	665
Khattow Makanjee S.	1,000	1,0	1,00	Rs. 30	710
Lukhmidas Khimjee	1,000	0	1,00	Rs. 0	1,005
Leopold S. Bleaching	3,500	0	10	Rs. 5	147
Madras United S.	500½		1,00	Rs. 100	2,050
Mahaluxmi S. & W.	65	1,00	1,000	Rs. 25	550
Maharaja Mysore S.	4,500	100	100	Rs. 7	105
Mazagon S. & Mfg.	5,000	25	250	Rs. 5	137½
Morarjee Goculdas S.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5	1,675
Maneckjee Petit Mfg.	4,050	1,00	1,000	Rs. 50	1,215
Naigaum Cotton Cleaning and Mfg.	1,300	1	10		10
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,	1,000	Rs. 25	735
National S. & W. Co	600	1,00	1,000	...	250
Oriental S & W. Co.	5,720		625	Rs. 10	415
People of India S.	1,000	5	250	Rs.	70
Presidency Mills Co.	743	1,00	1,000	Rs. 30	1,100
Prince of Wales S.	2,189		125	...	45
Queen S. & W. Co.	799	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	895
Ripon Mfg. Co., Ld	641	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5	1,250
asson S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,500	1,00	1,000	25	1,500
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld.	1,716	50	500	...	450
Sholapore S. & W. Co		10	1,000	Rs. 60	1,350
Soonderdas S. & W	650	1,00	1,006	Rs. 35	460
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	Rs. 15	280
Swadeshi Mills Co, Ld	4,000	500	500	..	375
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	910
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	0	1,000	Rs. 25	375
Ver.amgaum S. & Mfg	800	500	500		..
Western India S.	1,200	1,000		Rs. 25	560

MISCELLANEOUS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Alcock Ashdown	1,000 750	200 150	200 150	10 p.ct	200 150
Badham Pile & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 16	160
apt Co., Ld.	625		185	Nil	92
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.		00	0	6 p.c.	500
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.	645
Bombay Ice Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	83
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	165	Rs.	3,475
Do. (3rd Issue)	2,000	62	375	Rs.	870
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c.	108
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	500		...	400
Cooper, Madon Ld	3,000	100	100	Rs.	10
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	470
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...	165
Geyer & Co, Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
adian Guaradted Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	11
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	25		
Kurrachee Lighterage Co., Ld.	500	256	250	...	5 75
Kemp & Co., Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26	385
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10	97
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	13 p.c.	
Napier Foundry and M'fg. Co.	1,500	100	100	...	100
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	215
Oriental Loan Asso.	5,000	20	20	8 p.s.	21
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	1000	Rs. 19	375
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	Nil	55
Phillips & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	Rs.	110
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	90
Southwell and Austin.	1,000	...	95	...	105
Telephone Co., Ld	19,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	9½
Treacher & Co., Ld.	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,205
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100		Rs. 10	140
Western India Flour Mills	000	1	125	Nil.	37 48
M. M. Mody & Co.					

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Bombay Fire	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,040
Empire Fire	..	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	800
Indian Fire	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,000
Prince of Wales	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,900

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
G. I. P. R. 5 per cent.	...	£100	All	at 5 p.c	2,550
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent.	...	£ 18	...	at 5 p.c	520

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs.	15-1
Carolas	,,	250
Mexican Dollars	,,	222-8
Five-Franc Pieces	,,	291
Bar Silver, 17½ betterness	,,	106-8
Gold Leaf	,,	23-6
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	,,	23-13
Australian Gold, 100 touch	,,	23-12
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	,,	23-10
Pekin	,,	23-2-6

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	100⅝
Four-and-a-half per cent.	104½
Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans	107¾
Six per cent. Municipal Loan House Rate	..
New French Loan 5 pr. ct. 1872	..
City of Paris Loan	226
Port Trust Bonds	97

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.	Rate
London Banks	On demand	1s. 4½d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	1s. 4 3-32d.
Do. do.	3 Months sight.	1s. 4 3-16d.
Do. do.	4 Do do.	1s. 4 7-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 4 9-32d.
Do. Credit	3 Do do.	1s. 4 9-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do do.	1s. 4⅜d.
Do. Documents.	3 Do do.	1s. 4 5-16d.
Do. do.	6 Do do.	1s. 4 13-32d.
France	3 Do do.	1·71¼
Do.	6 Do. do.	1·71¾
Calcutta	At sight	100 1-16
Do.	60 days do.	99⅝
Madras	At sight	100 1-16
Do.	30 days' do.	99¾
China	60 Do. do.	223½

TWILL LINING FOR SHIRTS.—A new material specially suitable for Shirts for DISTRICT use and rough wear. It has the absorbent property of Flannel with the softness of Cotton. Samples on application to the ELGIN MILLS, Cawnpore.

BOMBAY.

Vessels sailed.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Deccan (s), for Aden, Hodeida, and Jedda ; Thames (s), China, &c. ; Yesso (s), Kurrachee ; and Indramayo (s), Havre and London.

Prince's Dock.—The s. s. Asama was entered and the s. s. Indramayo left the dock yesterday.

Victoria Dock.—The s. s. Thames left the dock yesterday.

Polo.—The game will be this afternoon at 5-15 p.m. (weather permitting) :—Stripes : Messrs. Gray, Daunt, and Barton, and Capt. Hume, *vs.* White : Mr. Burder and Captains Baxter, Tufnell, and Fyffe.

A "Striker" in Trouble.—Yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. C. P. Cooper Rama Bhagnak, one of the sweepers who was on strike on Wednesday, was charged at the instance of a police ramosee with persisting in entering his room in the Municipal chawl at the market. The accused said he only wanted to have a drink of water. The Magistrate warned and discharged him.

The Robbety from the Arsenal.—Two Borees named Noorbhoy Baijibai and Abdool Rahim Aba Mea have been arrested on a charge of receiving ninety small cannon shots, about a dozen large shots, and several rough-riders' bits, from Kooshal Gunput and Hurry Entoo, the two men charged with stealing several articles from the arsenal, knowing the same to have been stolen. They will be charged to-day.

Distinguished Oriental Linguist.—Sergeant Instructor W. J. Prendergast, H. V. Rifles, has just added another to his many honours and accomplishments. He is a clever linguist, having distinguished himself in Oriental languages in particular. Some time ago he passed the High Proficiency Standard in Urdu ; it is only six months since he obtained honours in Persian, and now, we learn, he has passed the Higher Standard in Arabic at the Civil and Military Examination in Bombay.

Gambling at Duncan Road.—Yesterday at the Girgaum Police Court Dadabhoy Hormusjee, a noted gambler, three other Mahomedans, and two Hindoos, also previously convicted for gambling, were again charged by Superintendent Brewin before Mr. P. Ryan with being found gaming in a common gaming-house at Duncan Road on Wednesday afternoon last with dice and money. They were all convicted, Dadabhoy Hormusjee was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment, and the rest to fourteen days' similar imprisonment.

Fatal Accident.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday at the Goculdass Tejpal Hospital respecting the death of Ittoo Cassiba, aged 31 years. Deceased was a labourer in the Sassoon Press at Colaba. On the 29th ultimo deceased, while at work in the Press, fell from a height of about 12 or 13 feet and sustained a fracture to his skull. He was removed to the hospital in an unconscious state, where he died on Wednesday. The verdict was that the death of Ittoo Cassiba was caused by fracture of the skull, by falling accidentally with a hoist, from the first storey of a cotton press.

Driven to Suicide by Rain Speculation.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital respecting the death of Vittul Saggon, aged 30 years. Deceased, who lived at Thakordwar Road, was greatly in debt through rain speculation, and his creditors were constantly troubling him. At 11 p. m. on Wednesday he was found very ill suffering from the effects of arsenic, of which, he stated, he had swallowed 2 annas' worth. He was at once removed to hospital, where he never rallied, and died at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. The verdict was that the death of Vittul Saggon was caused by arsenic, which he voluntarily administered to himself.

Breach of Trust.—A woman named Gungee was yesterday charged by Inspector Grayhurst before Mr. P. Ryan with criminal breach of trust in respect of a gold neck ornament, valued at Rs. 80, belonging to Hurry Bhugwunt Shastree. It appears Radhabai, the wife of Hurry Bhugwunt Shastree, on Friday last gave the ornament in question to the accused, who lived in the same house with her at Moogbhat Lane, to keep for her as she was unwell. Accused, instead of doing so, took the neck ornament and pledged the article with one Balkrishna Kessew, from whom she got Rs. 20 advanced on it. The accused on pleading guilty to the charge was convicted and sentenced to one month's simple imprisonment.

White Leprosy.—We are informed that a Mahomedan *hakim*, who had recently arrived in Baroda, offered to cure white leprosy or leucoderma by internal treatment. The disease is known by the name of *kohd* to natives. Apparently successful treatment in several cases having attracted the attention of Dr. Sumshoodeen, the head of the Medical Department in Baroda, the *hakim* has been employed in H. H. the Geakwar's service for the treatment of the disease. He prescribs some medicine which has the effect of raising blisters on the white spots. These blisters gradually break up and in their place large specks appear which ultimately present the colour of the original skin. No external application is used.

A Dishonest Goldsmith.—Balloo Govind, a goldsmith, was yesterday charged by Inspector McCubbin before Mr. P. Ryan upon two separate charges of criminal breach of trust in respect of two gold ear ornaments, valued at Rs. 20, belonging to one Ramchunder, and a silver chain and a silver toe-ring, valued at Rs. 6, belonging to Damodhur Umnuntah, both complainants living at the Parell village. The accused was entrusted with the articles to polish them, whereas he pledged the articles of jewellery to a Marwarree shroff named Chimna Bhugwan at Parell. Accused on pleading guilty to both the charges was convicted and sentenced to an accumulated term of six months' rigorous imprisonment.

Theft from a Torpedo Boat.—Peter Lobo, late steward on board the Torpedo Boat F, was placed before Mr. C. P Cooper yesterday on a charge of criminal breach of trust of cooking utensils, crockery ware, cutlery, etc., of the collective value of Rs 50, the property of the ship. Captain Reve prosecuted. It appears that on Tuesday last the accused carried all the property away from the ship and placed them in a room in Kalbadavie. Information was given to the police, who arrested the accused at the shipping office. The accused was represented by Mr. D'Souza. His Worship, after taking some evidence, postponed the case till to-day for the purpose of hearing the chief officer's evidence.

Strikers Charged with Rioting.—Rama Gunoo and five other municipal sweepers were charged late yesterday evening before Mr. C. P. Cooper at the Esplanade Police Court at the instance of Inspector Briscoe, with rioting on the Esplanade yesterday morning and also with causing hurt to a Pathan sweeper. The accused in the case are some of the men who were on strike, and the complainant was a man who refused to strike. It was alleged that while the Pathan was engaged in loading a cart, the accused set upon him with sticks and severely wounded him on the head. The case was remanded till to-day to enable the police to make further enquiries.

The Kidnapping Case.—The case in which Bhuchoo Ali was charged by a Khojah named Abdoola Tharu with kidnapping his daughter, Jaina, came on for hearing before Mr. C. P. Cooper yesterday. The accused and complainant lived together some time back. About a month ago Jaina was missed from her house, and information was given to the police about the matter. Two days afterwards the accused and the girl appeared before Mr. Cooper and asked his permission to be married, which his worship said he was unable to give. The next day accused again appeared in court, when he was arrested by Inspector Butterfield. Several gold ornaments belonging to the girl were found in the room occupied by the accused. His Worship in disposing of the case said :—The prisoner is charged, under section 259 with the abduction of a girl under 16 years of age. The first question for consideration in this case is the age of the girl Jaina. Looking at the evidence given by the witnesses, who speak as to her age, and knowing how little reliance can be placed on such testimony, and also considering the appearance of the girl, I must on that evidence have a reasonable doubt as to whether the girl is of the age of 16 years or under it. The prosecution, I have no doubt, know how little such evidence is relied on by courts of justice in this country of putting in as evidence an entry in the books of the Jamat. I have to consider, after carefully examining the evidence of the girl's father and the two entries and the other two books, in reference to the age of his two other daughters, whether such evidence clearly proves that the girl is of the age alleged by her father. My interpreter, Baba Luximon, has most carefully examined this entery in exhibit C and the book in which it is. I can only say it appears strange that the page on which it is entered and the succeeding pages to it are of quite a different texture from the pages preceding it. Again, the entery appears to be in a different handwriting to any other entry and in a different character. Mr. Baba has carefully examined all the other entries in this book and can find no other entry in it of a similar handwriting and character. It does seem very extraordinary that no explanation has been given of the fact that the entries immediately preceding and immediately following it should appear to be in the same handwriting and that only this one entry should appear in a different handwriting and character. The witnesses who were in court said that the whole of the writings were in the handwriting of Dost Mahomed. Again, considering the other two entries in exhibits 2 and 3, as regards ex. 3 it clearly appears to have been entered in the book after the other entries have been made. Considering these entries I do not think they are made in as methodical a manner as they should have been. There being a reasonable doubt in my mind as to the age of the girl I must acquit the accused.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL.—July 4.

Duffus, Lt, Bl, R A, on privilege leave, from Cawnpore.

DEPARTURES.—July 4.

Hammans, Major, Ms, 1st Battn D of Con L-I, on leave, to Melbourne.

Duffus, Lieut, Bl, R A. on privilege leave, to Australia.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut-Col. the Hon L. H. Bayley, Commandant, Bo. Vol. R. Corps.

Bombay, 5th July, 1889.

1. There will be a match between a team of Volunteers and eight Sergeants, 2nd Gloster Regiment, on Saturday, the 6th inst, at 3 o'clock p.m., on the Colaba Range.

By Order,
(Sd.) R. A. WILLIS, Captain,
and Acting Adjutant, B. V. R. Corps.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDERS

By Major G. W. Roughton, Commandant, B. V. Artillery.

Bombay, 5th July, 1889.

1. The adjourned meeting of the Battery Committee will be held after the parade on Saturday next. All members are requested to attend.

By Order,
(Sd.) A. LESLIE, Capt.,
and Acting Adjutant, Bo. Vol. Artillery.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette, 4th June* 1889.)

Military Department.

The undermentioned Officer, having completed twenty-six years' service, eight of which have been in the Staff Corps, to be Lieutenant-Colonel from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Staff Corps.—Major George Robert Hodgson,—23rd June 1889.

Southern Maratha Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to resign his appointment :—Lieutenant D B Chester.

The following provisional appointment is made, with effect from the 30th June 1889 :—

Colonel E Cunningham, Staff Corps, Second Class, District Staff Officer, to be First Class District Staff Officer, in succession to Colonel H J Hallowes, completing his five years' tenure of service on the Staff and in ex-regimental employ on the 29th June 1889.

The tenure of Colonel Cunningham's service on the Staff commenced from the 8th January 1888, the date on which he was first appointed thereto in the position of Assistant Quarter-Master General.

The following provisional appointment is made, with effect from the 30th June 1889 :—

Captain F Stevenson, Staff Corps, Wing Commander, 19th Bombay Infantry, to be Second Class District Staff Officer, in succession to Colonel E Cunningham, appointed First Class District Staff Officer.

The undermentioned Officer is admitted to the Bombay Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to the confirmation of the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India :—

Lieutenant McLeod James Gordon, 1st Battalion King's (Liverpool) Regiment, Officiating Squadron Officer, 4th Bombay Cavalry.

Lieutenant W. T. Vincent, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, on probation, having passed the required examination, is confirmed in that grade.

The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the 4th June 1889 :—

3rd Bombay Infantry.—Subhedar Hayat Khan to be Subhedar-Major, vice Subhedar-Major and Bahadur Sheikh Kasum (Honorary Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Governor), pensioned ; Jemadar Sukhuandan Singh to be Subhedar, vice Hayat Khan, promoted ; and Havaldar Lakshiman Mehtar to be Jamadar (provisionally) vice Sukhuandan Singh, promoted.

The services of Captain E R Penrose, 2nd Battalion The Bombay Rifle Regiment, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India.

The undermentioned Officer is admitted to the Bombay Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to the confirmation of the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India :—

Lieutenant Henry George Walker, 2nd Battalion Gloucestershire Regiment, Officiating Wing Officer, 12th Bombay Infantry.

The following Native promotion is made, with effect from the 25th June 1889 :—10th Bombay Native Infantry.

Havildar Ramji Gaekwar to be Jemadar, vice Gopal Tiwari, pensioned.

The following Native promotion is made, with effect from the 25th June 1889 :—

28th Bombay Infantry.—Havaldar Itu Jadav to be Jemadar (provisionally) vice Raoji Sirke, pensioned.

The following Native promotions are made with effect from the 11th June 1889 :—

9th Bombay Infantry.—Subhedar Mhisyah to be Subhedar-Major, vice Subhedar-Major and Bahadur Sadeo Singh, pensioned ; Jemadar Raghu Gowda to be Subhedar, vice Mhisyah promoted, and Drill Havaldar Lal Khan to be Jemadar, vice Raghu Gowda, promoted.

The undermentioned Officer having completed twenty years' service, six of which have been in the Staff Corps, to be Major from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—Staff Corps.—Captain Edmund Balfe,—30th June 1889.

The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the dates specified :—

17th Bombay Infantry.—Havildar-Major Ahmed Husain to be Jemadar (provisionally), with effect from 10th February 1889, vice Gondnak Gannak, promoted.

Jamadar Isram Taure to be Subhedar and Havaldar Balu Chauhan to be Jemadar (provisionally), with effect from 27th April 1889, vice Hatim Ali, pensioned.

Havaldar Badri Tribedi to be Jemadar, with effect from 25th June 1889, vice Sujuram Misir, pensioned.

The undermentioned Sub-Assistant Apothecary is permitted to resign the Service at his own request :—J M Nedon.

The following appointment is made on the Personal Staff of His Excellency the Governor, with effect from the 1st June 1889, vice Lieutenant Brooke, 7th Hussars, rejoined his Regiment :—

Captain A W Forbes, 4th Bombay Cavalry, to be acting Aide-de-Camp.

Brigade-Surgeon H V Carter, MD, Indian Medical Service, is granted furlough for forty-two days on private affairs from 1st June 1888.

The retirement of Brigade-Surgeon H V Carter, MD, Indian Medical Service, notified in G O No 421, dated 19th September, 1888, will take effect from 13th July 1888, and not as therein stated.

Southern Maratha Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.—The following appointment is made :—

To be Second-Lieutenant.—Francis Birdwood Lindsay, Gentleman.

Poona Volunteer Rifle Corps.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to resign his Commission :—Lieutenant E A Spring.

The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the dates specified :—

27th Bombay Infantry.—Havaldar Sayyid Shah to be Jemadar (provisionally), with effect from 2nd January 1889, vice Ram Singh, deceased.

Subhedar Narayan to be Subhedar-Major, Jemadar Aziz Khan to be Subhedar and Havaldar Dayal Singh, to be Jemadar (provisionally), with effect from 13th June 1889, vice Ballu Khan, pensioned.

The following Native promotion is made, with effect from the 25th June 1889 :—

2nd Battalion The Bombay Rifle Regiment.—Havaldar Kishan Singh to be Jemadar provisionally), vice Durga Chaube, pensioned.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

Political Department.

Lieutenant-Colonel F M Hunter, CB, CSI, was substantive pro tem Political Agent, Kolapur, and Southern Maratha Country, from the 21st March to the 27th June, 1888, both days inclusive.

Lieutenant-Colonel E V Stace was substantive pro tem First Assistant Political Resident, Aden, from the 21st March to the 27th June 1888, both days inclusive.

Judicial Department.

Mr P H Dastur, City Magistrate of Ahmedabad, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months from 5th August 1889, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

Mr W J Holland is appointed to act as District Superintendent of Police in the Khandesh District pending the return to duty of Mr R H Vincent or till further orders.

Mr C F G Lester is appointed to act as Superintendent of Police, B B and C I Railway, until further orders.

Under section 13 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1882, the undermentioned Magistrates of the First Class in the district of Poona are appointed to be the Magistrates in charge of the sub-divisions of that district specified against their names :—

Mr E L Cappel, Eastern Sub-division, comprising the talukas of Indapur, Purandhar, Bhimthadi, and Sirur.

Mr M C Gibb, Western Sub-division, comprising the talukas of Junnar, Khed, Haveli, and Maval.

Mr E F Green, acting Assistant Superintendent of Police, Karachi, is allowed privilege leave for three months from 8th July 1889.

The undermentioned Magistrates of the Second Class in the Khandesh District are invested with powers to try cases under the Opium Act, 1878 :—

Rao Saheb Mahadeo Trimbak Chiplunkar, Rao Saheb Sadasiv Anant, Rao Saheb Narayan Waman, Rao Saheb Narayen Vishwanath Bhat, and Khan Saheb Shalom Bapuji.

Rao Bahadur Moroba Chintaman Joshi, District Depy Collector in the district of Ahmednagar, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1882, to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

Mr Wasudev Gopal has been appointed, under Section 40 of Act XIV of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act), to act as Clerk of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Yaval in the Khandesh District, with effect from the 15th ultimo, during the absence of Mr Gopal Rangnath on leave, or until further orders.

Rao Saheb Chimanlal Lalubhai received charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Surat on the 20th ultmo, before office hours.

Rao Saheb Shivram Sitaram Wagle delivered over charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judges' Courts at Parner and Shrigonda in the Ahmednagar District on the 17th ultimo, after office hours.

The Third Class Magisterial powers, together with the additional powers under Sections 143, 144, 174 and 191 of Act X of 1882, conferred by Government Notification No 356, dated 14th January 1885, on Ramchandra Anaji, are hereby withdrawn.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to invest Mr. Vyankatrao Rukhmangad Inamdar, acting Assistant Judge of Ahmedabad, with the Appellate jurisdiction described in Section 17 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act XIV of 1869.

Educational Department.

Rao Saheb S K Rodda, Deputy Educational Inspector, Dharwar Sub-division, is granted privilege leave for two months and ten days.

Revenue Department.

The appointment of Mr C H Jopp, CS, to be First Assistant Collector, contained in Government Notification No 3305, dated the 4th ultimo, is cancelled, and Mr J Davidson, CS, is appointed in lieu to be First Assistant Collector, with effect from November 19, 1888.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to appoint Mr G Berrie to act as Superintendent, Sind Revenue Survey, during the absence of Mr H K Disney or until further orders.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to appoint Mr K R Bamanji, CS, to be Assistant Collector, Broach.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to appoint Mr Nanabhai Dadabhai Sataravala to act as Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests, Third Grade, and to do duty in the Southern Circle, with effect from April 23 last.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to appoint Rao Bahadur Bhimbhai Kirparam to be substantive pro tem Director of Land Records and Agriculture, with effect from the date of taking charge.

Mr H F Hatch, Assistant Superintendent, Konkan Revenue Survey, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months.

Parashram valad Daula, Police Patil, Avchit valad Phakira, Bapu valad Shivram, and Ramji valad Sabalsing, Revenue Patils, and Mahadev Sitaram, Kulkarni of mauze Avhana, taluka Jalgaon, in the Khandesh Collectorate, having been dismissed from their respective offices under Section 58 of Bombay Act III of 1874, are hereby declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to appoint Mr B Robertson, CS ; Sayad Nur-ud-din Khan, CS ; to be Assistant Collectors in Sind ; Mr J W A Weir, CS ; to be Assistant Collector, Kaira ; and to remove the names of Messrs A L P Tucker, CS ; and Dayaram Gidumal, CS ; from the list of the Sind Commission.

General Department.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to place the services of Mr H O Quin, CS, at the disposal of the Chief Secretary to Government pending further orders, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of the charge of the Broach District.

Assistant Surgeon Burjorji Ardesir was appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Thana, in addition to his own duties, with effect from 11th June 1889, before office hours, to 17th June 1889, after office hours.

Surgeon J C H Peacocke, Sanitary Deputy Commissioner, Sind Registration District, is allowed privilege leave of absence for eighty-five days, with effect from the 13th July 1889 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

Assistant Surgeon Pirozsha Palanji Mullan, LM & S, is appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Thana, with effect from 17, June 1889, after office hours.

Mr J F Fleet, CS, CIE, has been permitted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to count six months of his furlough as time spent on duty in England, and has been granted an extension of furlough for six months.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS, APPOINTMENTS, &c.

By Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to admit Mr Balkrishn Narayan Chitale, BA, LL B, and Mr Hari Atmaram Mohile, BA LL B, as Vakils of the High Court.

HIGH COURT.—July 5.

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice and the Hon. Mr. Justice Bailey.)

Appeal for hearing and final disposal.

623—Payne, G and S—Vazirbhoy Thavur vs Allibhoy Assur Thakurdas. D. and C. Part heard.

Reference from the Bombay Court of Small Causes.

44-4670-88—Hore, C and B—Hassumbhoy Visram and others vs The B. I. S. N. Co.—Craigie-L. and O. Part heard

Appeals.

625—Jefferson B D and K Jamnabai vs Khimji Vuludas and others. M D and G, K M and L and S F and N.

626—M H Khan—Bomonji Edulji Sonawalla vs Ardesir Bezonji Sartee—Bomonji and H.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Parsons.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

165-89—Macfarlane, E and H—Soondrabai vs Chutturbhooj Khimji and another—Hore, C and B.

173-89—Roughton and B—Memon Ahmed Sulleman and another vs Haji Moosa Haji Tar Mahomed and another—Hore, C and B.

177-89—Wadia and G—Tookaram Ballaji vs Bai Shiv Mansuklal—D and J.

180-89—Jefferson B D and K—Khimji Boodani vs Cursetji Bezonji Dustoor and others—Macfarlane E and H.

187-89—Ardesir H and D—Pestonji Dadabhoy Mistry vs Pestonjee Sorabjee Massidia—Bomonjee and H.

188-89—Burder and B. Awad bin Oomer Sultan Nawaz Jung Bahadoor and another vs Pestonji Nesserwanji Mistry—Payne G and S.

189-89—M H Khan—Amirjeen vs Saban Ali and other Jefferson, B D and K.

190-89—Little S F and N—Kadibai vs Nowla Dayhaji and others—Tyabje and D (settled).

94-89—Macfarlane E and H—J Macfarlarne and another vs Deuji Ramji and others—Burder and B

194-89—In person, a pauper—Koosha Pandu Mahar vs Dr.—Hirji Edulji—In person.

199-89—M H Khan—Runchardas Khimji and another vs Ghella Dewji—In person.

200-89—Jefferson B D and K—Chunilal Sakulchund vs. The Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Co—Macfarlane E and H.

201-89—M H Khan—Rangildas Bhaidas vs Gordhundas Bhaidas—Little S F and N.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Autumnal Remedies.—Towards the fall of the year countless causes are at work to lower the tone of the nervous system, which will be followed by ill-health unless proper means be employed to avert that evil. Holloway's far-famed preparations supply a faultless remedy for both internal and external complaints connected with changes of season. All affections of the skin, roughness, blotches, pimples superficial, and deeper-seated inflammations, erysipelas, rheumatic pains, and gouty pangs alike succumb to the exalted virtues of Holloway's Ointment and Pills ; which will effect a happy revolution in the patient's condition, though the symptoms of his disorder are legion, and have obstinately withstood the best efforts of science to subdue them.

THE WEATHER.

BOMBAY, July 4.

Observations taken at 8 a. m. to-day.

Explanation of Columns in the Table.

1. The barometric readings are all corrected to Calcutta standard and reduced to the same temperature (32°) and also of the sea-level. The second column under the head "Pressure" gives the difference between the barometer reading of to-day and yesterday at each station, and + prefixed to the number implies that the barometer has risen, and — that it has fallen.

2. The second column under the head "Wind" gives the average motion of the air in miles per hour during the past 24 hours, and is obtained by dividing the total number of miles of wind registered by an anemometer during the previous 24 hours by 24.

3. The temperatures given in the table are of the air in the shade, or in a small shed with open sides and a thatched or straw roof. The maximum (max.) and minimum (min.) temperatures are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours preceding 8 a.m. The sixth column under the head "Temperature" gives the mean of the maximum and minimum temperature, and is approximately the mean temperature of the day. The seventh column gives the difference (with the proper sign) between the mean temperature of to-day and yesterday.

4. The humidity is given as a percentage expressing the rate of the actual amount of moisture in the air to the amount required to saturate it.

5. The amount of cloud is expressed in terms of the numbers 0 to 10, 0 denoting a cloudless, and 10 an overcast sky.

6. The last column under the head "Rainfall" gives the difference with its proper sign between the actual rainfall from 16th May to date, and the average rainfall for the same period.

Stations.	Barometric Pressure.			Wind.		Temperature in Shade.				Humidity.	Cloud.	Rainfall.		
	8 a.m.	Change in past 24 hours.	Variation from mean of day.	Direction.	Rate per hour.	8 a.m.	Maximum of past 24 hours.	Minimum of past 24 hours.	Variation from mean of day.			Past 24 hours.	Since 16th May to date.	Variation 16th May to date.
Delhi	29·680	—·001	+·121	E N E	2	83·2	90·6	81·1	+0·7	87	8	...	3·27	—2·56a
Agra	29·682	—·018	+·107	S E	4	81·2	94·0	80·4	—0·3	87	10	0·08	3·63	—0·97
Allahabad	29·641	—·011	+·072	E	5	83·8	92·4	80·6	+1·3	85	9	0·38	6·92	+0·60b
Jhansi	29·639	—·030	+·068	E N E	4	84·5	97·5	79·9	+1·1	84	6	0·06	3·88	—2·31
Jacobabad	29·589	+·052	+·019	Calm	2	89·8	102·4	86·2	+1·0	64	2	...	1·06	+1·92c
Karachi	29·631	+·028	+·074	S W	15	83·0	92·7	80·2	—1·4	87	10	0·04	0·72	+0·45
Ajmere	29·676	—·010	+·084	N W	6	82·8	91·2	82·0	—4·4	71	9	...	5·24	+1·45
Deesa	29·686	—·013	+·061	W	9	83·7	94·2	77·4	—1·5	74	8	...	8·28	+5·35
Rajkot	29·679	—·013	+·070	W S W	11	83·4	99·0	76·7	+1·3	80	5	0·02	1·98	—4·95
Neemuch	29·694	—·011	+·071	W	7	80·2	91·7	76·7	+2·1	73	10	0·58	7·93	+2·05b
Indore	29·729	—·003	—·011	W	4	74·8	91·2	74·1	+1·2	96	10	0·33	7·17	—1·93d
Saugor	29·609	+·013	+·001	N	7	77·3	82·4	73·6	...	90	10	1·18	12·06	+3·69e
Jubbulpore	29·632	+·011	+·024	S E	5	77·7	77·5	72·6	—1·9	90	9	7·45	20·97	+8·36f
Hoshangabad	29·685	—·034	+·048	W	4	73·4	88·0	72·6	—3·0	98	10	2·17	13·76	+3·12b
Khandva	29·712	—·023	+·027	N W	6	78·8	92·2	78·3	+3·1	84	10	0·03	5·21	—2·95d
Raipur	29·657	+·001	+·020	S S W	15	77·5	84·9	72·0	—2·6	89	10	0·05	...	...d
Nagpur	29·681	—·015	+·067	W S W	11	76·2	91·2	73·5	—1·2	89	10	0·69	8·41	—4·32d
Amraoti	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Akola	29·707	—·019	+·031	N W	7	80·4	94·4	75·8	+1·3	57	10	...	...	...g
Surat	29·727	—·014	+·058	W N W	F	84·5	97·1	76·1	—1·8	64	2	...	2·55	—8·42
Malegaon	29·705	—·042	+·022	N W	9	81·5	95·9	77·1	+3·9	62	10	0·01	2·14	—4·63
Bombay	29·752	—·027	+·016	S	10	81·1	85·7	75·8	—1·0	89	10	1·73	22·35	—3·98b
Poona	29·762	—·033	+·025	W	16	78·6	90·5	72·5	+1·5	71	9	...	4·83	—1·82
Sholapur	29·776	—·006	+·010	W	11	75·2	91·7	72·0	+0·6	84	8	0·75	2·95	—3·70b
Ratnagiri	29·789	—·008	+·017	N N E	6	78·8	84·4	73·9	—1·2	89	9	1·19	40·03	+1·31b
Belgaum	29·796	—·019	—·003	W N W	3	70·9	76·2	66·4	—0·4	92	8	0·65	17·91	+6·94b
Goa	29·803	—·027	...	W	9	78·0	83·0	77·0	...	95	10	0·87	43·84	...b
Karwar	29·811	—·012	—·027	W	F	76·1	81·7	72·9	—1·3	90	6	3·82	73·99	+25·48
Mangalore	29·846	—·018	—·016	Calm	2	75·5	80·3	73·9	+0·3	95	10	0·59	51·14	+1·41b
Calicut	29·894	—·003	—·012	S S E	5	76·5	79·3	75·1	...	94	10	0·20	36·27	—7·64b
Cochin	29·904	—·003	—·013	Calm	M	77·0	83·2	72·7	—0·9	88	10	0·23	37·55	—5·75
Bangalore	29·824	—·006	?	W S W	7	69·5	80·4	67·0	+1·2	87	9	...	8·29	+2·07
Secunderabad	29·779	+·040	+·023	W	9	78·5	85·6	73·9	+2·6	72	6	...	4·02	—2·28
Masulipatam	29·722	+·024	—·006	W	4	79·3	95·1	75·1	—3·0	94	8	0·84	12·1	—5·39g
Bellary	29·830	+·004	+·050	W	13	78·0	91·9	74·9	+0·3	76	10	...	1·78	—1·22d
Cuddapah	29·790	+·005	...	S W	...	83·8	93·6	79·4	...	64	7	...	2·59	—2·86d
Madras	29·771	+·006	—·050	W	10	87·7	96·7	80·1	+1·3	62	6	0·12	2·76	—1·42
Coimbatore	29·886	+·044	+·008	S S W	6	73·6	83·9	70·8	—0·1	90	7	...	0·81	—2·63
Trichinopoly	29·840	+·012	...	W N W	11	81·8	97·6	76·9	—0·5	63	10	...	0·55	—3·51g
Negapatam	29·806	—·005	—·014	W S W	7	82·9	98·1	70·7	+0·5	66	5	...	0·77	—1·53c
Colombo	29·913	+·003	—·016	W S W	9	84·0	85·5	78·5	...	72	2	...	18·57	...

In column "Wind, rate per hour," L = Light, M = Moderate, F = Fresh, S = Strong, H = Heavy.

a Monsoon apparently setting in. *b* Passing showers during day. *c* Very sultry. *d* Dark gloomy weather. *e* Threatening weather. *f* Continuous rain. *g* Clouds low, moving rapidly with scuds.

Summary.

During the past 24 hours, pressure has risen moderately at Jacobabad, Karachi, Saugor, and generally throughout the Madras Presidency, while everywhere else it has fallen in small amounts.

The barometric depression noticed yesterday near Saugor remains stationary, and winds in the neighbourhood of the depression are circulating cyclonically. The depression is giving heavy rain in the adjacent districts.

The general distribution of pressure is becoming more normal in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies, Berar and the Central Provinces, but in other districts it is above the average.

The weather on the West Coast appears still unsettled, the winds being S.S.E. at Calicut, N.N.E. at Ratnagiri, and southerly at Bombay, and having generally a slight tendency to cyclonic circulation. In the Punjab and North-West Provinces light easterly and south-easterly winds prevail, and in other districts generally S-westerly to N-westerly winds are blowing.

The maximum temperature is generally above the average in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies, Berar, Gujarat and Central India, while on the Malabar Coast it is below it, and in the remaining districts the variations from the normal are small and irregular.

The mean temperature of the day has fallen almost everywhere, except at Allahabad and Jhansi, where a rise of 4° to 6° has taken place.

Humidity is increasing generally over the greater part of the country, and the skies are overcast at almost all stations.

Rain has fallen on the West Coast from Cochin to Bombay, in the Central Provinces, Central India and the North-West Provinces. Local showers are reported from Karachi, Rajkot, Malegaon, Sholapur, Belgaum, Masulipatam and Madras. A very heavy fall is reported from Jubulpore, where nearly 7½ inches were registered within the last 24 hours. The other heavier falls are 3-82in. at Karwar, 2-17 at Hoshangabad, 1-73 at Bombay, 1-19 at Ratnagiri and 1-18 at Saugor.

The monsoon current is again strengthening on the West Coast, and general rain may be expected in all districts.

S. H. C. HUTCHINSON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The British s s Indramoyo, 2,661 tons, Captain R Leslie, sailed yesterday for Havre and London, with a general cargo.

The British s s Yesso, 1,381 tons, Captain T Trother, sailed yesterday for Kurrachee, with part of her original cargo, and extra transhipped cargo.

DEPARTURE OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

The P and O Co's s s Thames, 2,101 tons, Captain W A Seaton, sailed yesterday for China, with Her Majesty's China and Australian mails, a general cargo, and the following passengers :—For Melbourne—Miss Hogg, Mr B Drummond, Mr A Williams, and Mr W Jaggers. For Sydney—Lieut E J Duffus, Major A W Hammans, Mr P McGaire, Mr P Kelly, and Mr P Molloy. For Shanghai—Colonel Alexander Eicklioly.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—July 4.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S. S. Yesso	1381	Trotter	A	F. Muir & Co.
,, C. Graham	1916	Alexanderson	B	F. Muir & Co.
,, City of Edinburgh	2102	Barham	E	Sir C. Forbes & Co.
,, Marlborough	1164	Kidder	H J	J. Mackintosh & Co
,, Start	1534	Darley	K	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, Kirby Hall	1688	Phillips	M	E Bates & Co.
,, Indramayo	2662	Leslie	N	Killick Nixon & Co.
,, Labourdonnais	1274	Sibilet	Q	M. Maritimes Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	No.	Company or Agents.
,, Thames	4101	Seaton	1	P. & O. Co.
,, Deccan	2022	Atkinson	2	Hajee Cassum.
,, Singapore	2231	Parodi	3	F. Bozzoni.
,, Bisagno	1499	Valle	4	F. Bozzoni.
,, Gwalior	1603	Nantes	5	P. & O. Co.
,, Peshawur	2977	Moule	6	P. & O. Co.
,, M. Teresa	2011	Gutmann	7	A.-H. Lloyd & Co.
,, Rohilla	2174	De Horne	8	P. & O. Co.
,, Oriental	939	Rothwell	9	M. Mackenzie & Co.
,, H. Balckow.	639	Doert	11	B. & P. S. N. Co.
,, Landoura	2148	Clark	12	M. Mackenzie & Co.

DEPARTURES.

July.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
4	Deccan (s)	Atkinson	Aden, Hodeida, &c.
	Thames (s)	Seaton	China, &c.
	Yesso (s)	Trother	Kurrachee.
	Indramoyo (s)	Leslie	Havre and London.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Clan Graham, for Dunkirk.
,, Karagola, for Kurrachee.
,, Assyria, for Persian Gulf.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

June.			
30 Hajeen s	Newey	Cardiff, May 19.
G. R. Skolfield sp	Dunning	New York, Mar 26.
Genista sp	Cook	Philadelphia, Feb 4.
Jupiter bq	Mepsea	Port Natal. May 23.

DEPARTURES.

June 30.—Steamers Kohinur, Pundua, Cape Colonna and Horn Head. Ships Silverhorn, Bengal and Dundonald.

DAILY IMPORTS.—July 4.

From Glasgow.

City of Edinburgh s—5 cases umbrellas, F E Dawur ; 8 casks printing ink, S A S Dawood ; 30 cases whisky, Dajibhoy Dadabhoy ; 65 cases ginger wine, Dunjibhoy Cowasji ; 25 cases whisky and 25 cases ginger wine, Dajibhoy Dadabhoy.

Clan Graham s—80 casks fireclay, H S Adum ; 20 kegs disinfecting powder, Finlay Muir and Co ; 131 cases whisky, Dajibhoy Dadabhoy ; 200 cases whisky, D Cowasji; 30 cases whisky, Edulji Bezonj

From Liverpool.

Werneth Hall s—25 cases school slates, Agra Bank Ld.

Karamania s—204 cases soap, F Fischer and Co.

City of Edinburgh s—10 barrels silicate of soda, and 10 kegs castic soda, Glade & Co; 5 casks chemicals, J Hormusji and Co ; 25 cases stout, Nusserwanjee Merwanjee and Sons.

Clan Graham s—9 cases earthenware, J Rahimtoola ; 7 casks hardawre, M Esmall and Co.

From London.

Coromandel s—15 cases brandy, R Ramchundra.

Pekin s—4 cases German silverware, Ritchie, Steuart and Co ; 7 cases aniline dye, R Jewraj.

Yesso s—15 cases plate glass, J Adamji ; 25 cases safety fuse, M Noorbhoy.

Thames s—4 cases black cochineal, R Goculdass ; 5 cases black cochineal, V Girdhar ; 4 cases black cochineal, C Thakersey ; 11 cases lavendar water, C Dadabhoy.

From Antwerp.

Pekin s—42 cases colour, &c, S Naraen and Co.

Yesso s—277 cases window glass, T Ebramjee

Drachenfels s—105 casks cement, Volkart Bros ; 10 cases aniline dye, C Ramjee ; 100 kegs alizarine dye, Kerr Tarruck and Co ; 56 packages glassware, M Currumsey.

From Trieste.

Berenice s—10 cases soap, Chartered Bank of I, A and China.

Poseidon s—7 cases aniline dye, C Ramjee.

Imperator s—6 cases soap, Chartered Bank of I, A and China.

From Hamburg.

Drachenfels s—4 cases printing paper, Balcrisna Sazba and Co.

From Bremen.

Drachenfels s—20 cases blue colour, T F Bengalee.

From Marseilles.

Singapore s—9 cases iqueurs and 1 case perfumery, Bolton and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—July 4.

For Liverpool.

City of Edinburgh s—4,000 cwts wheat, Lyon and Co ; 36 bales hemp, J Damodhar ; 50 bales wool, N Bhanjee ; 75 bales wool, B Bhanjee ; 55 bales wool, S Dossa ; and 2,000 cwts wheat, D Sassoon Co.

Kirby Hall s—75 bales wool, E Sewjee ; 146 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 68 bales cotton, Booth and Co ; 6,000 cwts wheat, The Bombay Co, Ld ; 50 bales wool, Framjee Sands and Co ; 3 bales carpets and 2 cases furniture, &c, D Merwanjee and Co.

For London.

Start s—55 bales cotton, 7,007 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Brothers ; 75 cwts gum Arabic, H Dattoo.

Indramayo s—1 bales untanned hides, 1 case peacock feathers, E Peerdina ; 320 cwts lac, W Poonja and Co.

Peshawar s—7 cwts ivory, M G Mamud.

For Marseilles.

Asama s—1,000 cwts mowraseed, and 468 cwts castorseed, C C Jussawalla and Co ; 1,200 cwts poppyseed and 8,000 cwts castorseed, Beyts Craig and Co ; 1,999 cwts gingellyseed and 10,000 cwts castorseed, E Spinner and Co.

For Antwerp.

Knight Errant s—8,004 cwts rapeseed, J C Bushby and Co ; 1,999 cwts poppyseed, Tod Durant and Co.

For Dunkirk.

Clan Graham s—10,005 cwts linseed and 4,002 cwts groundnuts, Finlay Muir and Co ; 6,000 cwts poppyseed and 25,800 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

For Hongkong.

Bisagno s—75 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon ; 44 bales twist, K Veerjee ; 5,000 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co ; 65 bales twist, E Noordin and Co ; 50 bales twist, N I Sassoon.

Gwalior s—4 cwts fishmaws and 12 cwts sharkfins, L Chuttoo ; 50 bales twist, C Macdonald and Co ; 20 bales twist, J Peerbhoy and Co.

Thames s—34 chests opium, D Ramcoover ; 10 chests opium, J Hurribux ; 10 chests opium, H Rahimtoolabhoy ; 6 chests opium, Currimbhoy Ebram ; 14 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co ; 13 chests opium, R Hurbillas ; 200 baskets onions, Bhawoo Amooji.

For Shanghai.

Thames s—17 chests opium, D Dwarkabux ; 13 chests opium, Tatta and Co ; 74 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co ; 7½ chests opium, S Ramcoover ; 32½ chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co ; 19 chests opium, Silas E Sassoon ; 8 chests opium, N J Sassoon.

For Kobe.

Bisagno s—150 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon ; 33 bales twist, H D H Vydelna.

Gwalior s—50 bales twist, N I Sassoon.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES

ARE CUT ON APPROVED SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE AXIS OF THE CRYSTAL.

IN MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES it is not only the pebbles which are perfect. Special attention has also been given to the construction and finish of the frames to ensure the pebbles being placed exactly in the proper position for efficiently correcting the particular anomaly of refraction for which they are designed.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES stand unrivalled, and command the highest price, but for those who desire it, we supply also ordinary glass and Pebble Spectacles at Rs. 3 and Rs. 6 per pair, respectively.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, Ld.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld.,
BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS
AND
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,

Can supply every requisite for the entire furnishing of Houses, and will be glad to send samples and designs free of charge.

18, Marine St., Bombay.

AMERICAN DENTAL ROOMS.

THOSE who suffer from offensive breath issuing from the mouth,thus causing unpleasantness in societies, can have this evil efficiently and permanently removed only by means of "Compressed Air" as discovered by Dr. Burgess and commonly used in America.—Dr. Bode, American Dental Rooms,Fort, 29, Church Street.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST.
NO. 3 HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY.
7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF TIMBER AT THE BOMBAY SAW MILLS AT TANK BUNDER.

Under instructions from the voluntary liquidators of the Bombay Saw Mills Company, Limited, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the premises of the Mill at Tank Bunder, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 5th inst., at 4 p.m.—

A quantity of timber, consisting of ebony, mahogany, walnut, Jahore teak, red pine, fine wood, hurdee logs, agarchud logs, tulgum logs, &c.

SALE OF SHARES IN THE INDIAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LD.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 5th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Share Bazaar, by order of Mehta Shamjee Bhimjee, and on account and at the risk of Vias Roopjee Jaisunker—

3 shares in the Indian Manufacturing Company, Ld.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE OF TEAK SCANTLINGS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 5th inst., at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Tank Bunder, by order of the voluntary liquidators of the Bombay Saw Mills Company, Ld., and on account and at the risk of Mahomedally Moosajee and Co.—

About 30 tons teak scantlings.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On SUNDAY, the 7th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Byculla, opposite the Albion Place, the handsome teakwood and blackwood household furniture, pictures, lamps, gold open-faced watch with chain, studs and spectacles, diamond ring, &c., the property of the late Mr. Rustomjee Nanabhai Guzdar.

The above is now on view.

SALE OF VALUABLE BOOKS.

On MONDAY, the 8th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms.—

1 case of valuable books consisting of several copies of Lives and Public Services of the Hon. Grover Cleveland and Thomas A. Hendricks, Pictorial History of the World, Life of General U. S. Grant, Treasury of Music, and Lives and Public Services of the Hon. James G. Blain and General John A. Logan.

The books are on view.

A CHOICE SELECTION OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 8th inst., at 3 p.m., at their auction rooms, Marine Street, the following collection of musical instruments imported for amateurs, specially imported from Italy, &c.—

10 violins of Cremorne, Ametti and other well-known names, such as are rarely imported into Bombay; all in flannel-lined boxes complete.

3 folding harmoniums of 3½, 4 and 5 octaves, very superior, never before imported.

10 hand organs playing like band, of various makes with spare rollers.

All the instruments are imported for a novelty, as such are rarely imported here.

On view from Saturday next.

One lot of spare rick pegs, tails, bridges, rolls, &c., &c.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 8th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
5 „ dhoties.
6 cases white mulls.
5 „ shirtings.
1 case colored sarries.

On account of the concerned.—

AS VR-3444—2 cases masks and toys.

By order of Mr. Pestonjee Eduljee Dharwar and on account and at the risk of Mr. Jamsetjee Nusserwanjee Engineer, and the estate of the late Heerjeebhoy Sorabjee Dalal.

1 gold double-cased watch by James Murray.
1 „ double-cased watch by John Jones.
1 „ openfaced „ „
2 „ Albert chains.
1 „ necklet.

By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Abdul Rahim Jewabhoy—

BW and C 10030—1 case canvas hose.

On account of the concerned—

2 cases 56 pieces colored felt cloth.

On account of the concerned—

0124 E B and Co.—2 blocks of white marble 7ft. by 18in. by 18in.

AT 2 P.M.

1 strong serviceable office brougham.
1 handsome second-hand double-seated brougham.
1 light dog-cart.
1 new victoria with moveable coach-box.
1 Bhownuggur milch cow with calf.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF WROUGHT-IRON BEAMS.

On FRIDAY, the 12th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at a godown in Barrack Lane, near the Shipping Office, within the Fort, by order of Messrs. Schiller, Dosogne and Co., and on account and at the risk of Messrs. James, Greaves and Co., the undermentioned 8 wrought-iron beams (girders) from the Provident Company's Works.

2 beams 21' 3" by 1' 6" by 0' 7"
2 „ 17' 6" by 1' 6" by 0' 7"
2 „ 25' 6" by 1' 6" by 0' 7"
2 „ 18' 6" by 1' 6" by 0' 7"

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE OF PRINTING MACHINERY, PRESSES, TYPES, AND OTHER PRINTING MATERIALS.

On SATURDAY, the 13th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. are instucted to sell by Public Auction at Bank Street, Fort, close to their auction rooms, the surplus stock of Messrs. Jehangir and Shroff, consisting of paper-cutting machines, 27" by 27" and 21" by 21" strawboard cutting machine, 30" "Lily cylinder printing press, Abion printing press, copper-plate printing press, stereo casting mould on wooden stand, wooden and iron standing presses. English, Gujarathi, Marathi and Persian types, borders, &c.

The property will be on view 6 days before the sale, and catalogues are published.

SALE OF PHOTOGRAPHIC KIT, CLOCKS, ORNAMENTS, STAINED GLASS WINDOWS, AND PICTURES.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, on MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 3 p.m.—

The property be'onging to the estate of the late Mr. C. Bonnevialle, consisting of bronze clock with 2 candelabras gilt clock, stained glass windows, oil paintings in gilt frames, coloured and photo engraving in carved blackwood frames, &c.

The property belonging to the estate of the late Mr. C. Lickfold, consisting of one large camera with lense, 8 other lenses, boxes of plates, printing frames, measuring glasses, screens, chemicals, burnishing roller, cardboard, albuminized paper album, &c.

The property will be on view on and after Tuesday, the 10th instant.

SALE OF VALUABLE MACHINERY.

On SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Bellasis Road, Byculla, opposite Messrs. Ludha Ebram and Co., by order of the mortgage, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Mr. P. D. Framjee, the undermentioned machinery, viz:—

1 manual fire-engine (portable), another manual fire-engine in copper tank and fly-wheel on stand, gun metal, treble bucket, ship pump, 8 railway lorries, 8-feet pully, platform weighing machine, 4 fifteen, ton hydraulic jacks, screw jacks, bear punch, 3 small engines, double winch, one box of Whitworth's taps and dice, 8 inches double-barrel force and lift pump, double blast circular smith's bellows, 7 drinking fountains, Macfarlain's patent rotatory pump, 6 single pillar winches, leather rolling press, contractor's lift pump, &c.

The machinery will be on view 4 days before the sale.

Bombay, July 5, 1889.
CRAWFORD & CO.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY
No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, &c.

AT 1-30 P. M.

1 handsome strong glass-fronted miniature brougham in very good order.
1 second-hand strong palanquin office shigram, in very good order.
1 strong-built mail phaeton.
1 bay Arab horse, 14-2, 5 years old, quiet to ride and drive.
1 strong chesnut Arab galloway, quiet in harness.
1 small child's victoria with lamps and shaft; and a very fine Marwar goat with harness complete.
1 strong pony cart, by Stephen.
1 dun Katiawar pony.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th inst., at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Grant Road Station, Grant Road, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, firstrate oleographs and pictures, &c., the property of C. TUDBALL, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF BUSSORAH WOOL.

On MONDAY, the 8th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction in the godown of Muccadum Hajee Aga, Lower Colaba, by order of Aga Hajee Mohmed Hussain Sustri and on account and risk of Haridas Coorji—

37 boras Bussorah wool.

A deposit of 28 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE of the Printing Materials of the Bombay Advertiser and Daily Commercial News.

On WEDNESDAY, the 10th inst, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Marine Street, opposite the Government Central Press, the whole of the above printing materials, consisting of 60 gallies of English types, printing machine, gilding boxes, tables, chairs, cupbourds &c.

The above will be on view from Monday next.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUBLE PROPERTY AT DADUR ROAD.

Under instructions from the mortgagees and under the power of sale reserved to them in a deed of mortgage dated the 13th day of October, 1888, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Manockjee Eduljee Contractor, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will put up for sale by Public Auction on the premises on WEDNESDAY, the 17th instant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the undermentioned propurties:—

1stly.—All that price or parcel of fazendaree land or ground whereof Bachubai, widow and excutrix of the last will and testament of the late Cowasjee Rustomjee Majra, and Merwaujee Cowasjee Majra, are the fazendars, situate, lying and being at Dadur Road, outside the Fort, on the east side thereof, containing by admeasurement 1,958 square yards or thereabouts, together with the three several buildings standing and erected thereon, one of them being a three-storied house almost completed, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on our towards the east by the property of Huri Dwarkajee, on or towards the west partly by the property of the said mortgagor, leased by him from the said Huri Dwarkajee (under lease dated 19th September, 1888), hereinafter fourthly described, partly by the Dadar Road aforesaid, and partly by the properties also belonging to the said mortgagor and at present sold and mortgaged by him to Shavucksha Pestonjee Niramwalla, and the trustees of Kanjee Khetsey, respectively; on or towards the north by by a passage and deyond that partly by land also granted to the said mortgagor by the said Buchoobai widow, and Merwanjee Cowasjee Majra, and hereinafter secondly described and partly by the property of the Roman Catholic Bishop of Bombay; and on or towards the south partly by the Hari Dwarkajee Thakoor, and partly by the property of Ballajee Sitaram; and which said land is registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay under old Nos. 36, 294 and 101, and new Nos. 14,490 and 14, 245 and which said three buildings are assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under Nos......................., and all which are at present in the occupation of the said mortgagor or his tenants.

2ndly.—All that piece of parcel of fazendaree land land or ground, whereof the said Buchoobai, widow, and Merwanjee Cowasjee Majra, are the fazendars, situate, lying and being on the east side of the Dadur Road, outside the Fort, containing by admeasurement 435 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows, that is to say:—On or towards the east by the property of the Roman Catholic Bishop of Bombay, on or towards the west also by the property of the Roman Catholic Bishop of Bombay, and beyond that by the Dadur Road; on or towards the north also by the property of the Roman Catholic Bishop of Bombay, and on or towards the south by a passage, and beyond that partly by the property hereinbefore firstly described, and partly by the property belonging to the said mortgagor, and at present sold by him to the said Shavuksha Pestonjee Niramwalla, and which said piece of land is registered by the Collector of Bombay, under old No 36 and new No 14,490, and is in the occupation of the said mortgagor.

3rd.—All that piece or parcel of fazendaree land or ground containing by admeasurement about 609 square yards, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house of three stories erected and standing on a portion thereof, facing the Dadur Road on the west side thereof, being 42 feet in length and 65 feet in breath or thereabouts assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under ward No 645 and street No 5, and bounded as follows, that is to say! On or towards the east partly by the vacant Fazendaree land of the said mortgagor, and partly by a chawl firstly herein-above described; on or towards the west by the Dadur Road aforesaid; on or towards the north parlty by another house of three stories, lately sold by the said mortgagor to Shavuksha Pestonji Niramwalla, and partly by a portion of ground firstly hereinabove described; and on or towards the south partly by a range of buildings and partly by portion of ground firstly hereinabove described and at present in the occupation of the said mortgagor or his tenants.

4thly.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate, lying and being on the east side of Dadur Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 845 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows, that is to say.—On or towards the east partly by the ground hereinbefore firstly described and partly by the property of Ballajee Sitaram, on or towards the west by ground left vacant by order of the Municipal Commissioner for improvement of road and beyound that by the Dardur Road aforesaid; on or towards the north by the property hereinabove firstly described, and on or towards the south by the property of Ballajee Sitaram, and which said land is registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay under old No. 101 and new Nos. 14244 and 14353, and new Survey No. 12013, and is in the accupation of the said mortgagor.

The property hereinabove thirdly described is to be sold subject to a prior mortgage claim thereon of the trustees of the late Canjee Khetsey for Rupees 15,500 with interest, under an indenture dated 19th day of May, 1888, and made between the said mortgagor of the one part and the said trustees of the other part.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Mr. Khunderao Morojee, at his office, No. 41, Meadow Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of 8 very valuable vacant plots of land at Bellasis Road, Byculla, opposite the Byculla Club, suitable for building purposes.

On MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, the following 8 plots of valuable land:—

Lot No. 1	—2370 1-9	sqr yds	Lot No. 5	—1527 5-9	sqr yds.
„	2—1350	„	„	6—1685	„
„	3—1379 1-9	„	„	7—1927 5-9	„
„	4—1726 4-9	„	„	8—1480	„

For further particulars, conditions of sale and plan apply to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of 9 very valuable vacant plots of ground at Parel Road, opposite the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institution and next to the Victoria Gardens.

Under instructions from the administratix of the estate of the late Mr. Sorabjee Jeejeebhoy, deceased, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will on WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at 4 p. m., sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the followiong 9 plots of ground suitable for building purposes:—

Lot No. 1	—1527	square yds.	Lot No. 6	—1400	square yds.
„	2—1460	„	„	7—1496	„
„	3—1539	„	„	8—1870	„
„	4—1910	„	„	9—1344	„
„	5—1477	„			

For further particulars, conditions of sale and plan apply to the undersigned.

Bombay, July 5, 1889.
BENNETT & CO.

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IN GUJARAT,
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WITH
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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 4.

CONSOLS lost ⅛ per cent. of Tuesday's advance yesterday, receding to 98⅛, but French Rentes were unchanged, at 84¼. Silver was 1-16d. dearer in London, at 84¼, but Rupee securities were unchanged in each denomination. Indian Sterling Loan remained at 107¾. Mercantile Bank shares were £1 per share lower, at £22 10s.

At the weekly Council Bildings in London yesterday some 18 lakhs were allotted to Calcutta, 6¼ lakhs to Bombay, and one lakh to Madras, at 1s. 4⅛d: and 4 lakhs of Wire Transfers to Calcutta, 6¾ lakhs to Bombay, and 4 lakhs to Madras, at 1s. 4 5-32d., these rates showing an advance of 1-32d. on the previous Wednesday's sales, though that for Bills is the same as was obtained for the subsequent extra allotments. It is announced that the reduced amount of 35 lakhs will be offered next week.

In the General Produce Markets yesterday Wheat was dull, and Linseed and Rapeseed firm, but Tuesday's quotations are repeated both from Mark and Mincing Lanes.

The tone in Liverpool was firm again at closing last evening, Surats firmer, the day's sales, which reached 12,000 bales, including 1,200 Surats, indicating a considerable increase in demand, further evidenced by an advance of 1-16d. in the price of spot Mid-Uplands at 6⅛d. per lb., Surats, however, being unaltered in value. American Arrivals were unchanged for October-November deliveries, but 1-64d. higher in all other positions. The Imports were 4,000 bales. The Manchester Market was quiet but steady.

In New York, however, though the spot price was unaltered, at 11⅛ cents, September Futures were 2 points lower, at 10·16 cents, while for August they were 5 points down, at 10·55 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were *nil*. The New York market is closed to-day.

The partial return of activity which the purchases of Cotton for local consumption gave to our market yesterday has quite disappeared to-day, and a few hundred bales of Indore at Rs. 208-9 per candy compose all the fresh business reported, the feeling, however, being still steady and prices generally unaltered, Rs. 179, Rs. 189, and Rs. 197 are quoted for contracts on the three grades of Bengals of the next crop for January delivery and Rs. 234 for "Good" Broach for March, and we hear of a little doing between dealers in the lower classes of Bengals and in Broach at the above rates.

WHEAT has continued quiet in tone with but little business doing, but we make no further change in our quotations.

SEEDS—*Linseed* and *Rapeseed* are still in good enquiry for export, and considerable transactions are reported again to-day, prices for these and for other descriptions, however, remaining as before.

The Receipts of produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	2,565	bales.
Wheat	13,129	cwt.
Linseed	8,572	„
Rapeseed	11,465	„
Poppy seed	1,796	„
Castor seed	1,332	„

FREIGHTS continue very quiet, but rates generally show no quotable change. The Clan Graham (s) has been put in the berth for Dunkirk, and has engaged cargo at 19s. 6d. per ton.

EXCHANGE opened firm again, and a little private Paper has been placed at 1s. 4 5-16d. for three months' sight Credits for this month and 1s. 4 11-32d. for August delivery; but the enquiry for Bank remittance still continues extremely limited, buyers apparently holding off, as rates have come very firm from Calcutta at 1-32d. higher than those ruling here, this market closing also firm with 1s. 4 5-32d. offering for Bank Telegraphic and 1s. 4 3-16d. for Demand. We quote ready:—

Bank Bills on demand	...	1s. 4 3-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	......	1s. 4 5-32d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight.		1s. 4¼d.	„
Credits do.	......	1s. 4 5-16d. to 11-32d.	„
Francs do.	......	1·71½ to ¾	„

The usual weekly official statement relating to Silver at the Mint gives the following figures:—

Value of Silver in the Mint on 3rd July 1889..Rs.	28,72,624
Silver received during the week	10,36,263
Rs.	39,08,887
New coin paid during the week	8,00,594
Rs.	31,08,293
Bullion belonging to private individuals	4,55,597
Rs.	35,63,890
Last week	„ 38,01,177

GOVERNMENT PAPER was again quoted 1-16th per cent. higher for Fours for cash in the earlier part of the day, at 100 11-16, with the next settlement at 100 9-16; but the cash rate receded in the afternoon, and the advance was lost, 100⅝ being the closing quotation, with 4½ per cent. Paper at 104½ nominal.

SHARES have been a quiet market with little enquiry for any description of scrip. Luckmidas Khimji Mill shares have advanced Rs. 10, say to Rs. 1,005, and Manockji Petit and Queen are Rs. 5 higher, at Rs. 1,215 and Rs. 895 respectively; Connaught are Rs. 15 lower, at Rs. 525; and Jewraj Balloo Rs. 5, at Rs. 1,005. Muuwar Press shares are Rs. 7½ higher, at Rs. 255; and Mofussil Rs. 2½ at Rs. 442½, per share.

[For latest Stock and Share Prices see page 3].

THE BOMBAY MINT.

THE following is the statement of silver balance in the Bombay Mint for the week ending 3rd July 1889:—

		Rs.
Value of silver held on account of the Currency Department on the evening of the 26th June 1889		3,40,796
Value of Government silver on do. do. ...		25,31,828
Total...Rs.		28,72,624
	Rs.	
Add—Silver received during the week on account of the Currency Dept.	10,21,944	
Do. do. Government ..	14,319	
		10,36,263
	Rs.	39,08,887
Deduct—New coin paid to the Reserve Treasury during the week..	8,00,024	
Petty items issued for miscellaneous purposes	570	
		8,00,594
Balance on evening of the 3rd July 1889 ...... Rs.		31,08,293
The Balance comprises—		
Silver held on account of the Currency Department ..	Rs. 10,17,614	
Do. Government....	20,90,679	
	Rs. 31,08,293	
There is in addition awaiting assay —Bullion belonging to private individuals	Rs. 4,55,597	
Do. to Govt. ..	.....	
	4,55,597	

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE following memorandum of the Bank's working during the past half year was issued last evening:—

Net profit to 30th ultimo, including Rs. 3,00,000 brought from previous half year ......Rs.	13,31,000
Applied as follows:—	
Dividend free from Income Tax 12 per cent per annum ......Rs.	6,00,000
Transfer to Reserve Fund ...... „	3,00,000
Do to Fund for Losses ...... „	2,00,000
Do Officers' Pension Fund ...... „	25,000
Carried forward ...... „	2,06,000

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the result of the Bank of Bengal's working for the half-year ended 30th June:—

	Rs.
The payment of a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum...	10,00,000
Transfer to Reserve Fund	3,50,000
Transfer to Pension Fund	75,000
Carried forward	4,48,000
Total	18,73,000

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	Colaba. In. cts.
Previously registered ...	19 05	22 89	19 28	20 57
July 3, Wednesday	...	...	...	1 14
„ 4, Thursday	0 12	2 28	...	...
Total...	19 17	25 17	19 28	21 71
Total of corresponding date last year	22 21	21 80	21 98	20 44

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BIRTHS.

CALVOCORESSI—June 30, at 45, Park Street, Calcutta, the wife of M L Colvocoressi, of a son.

MEERZA—June 24, at Rajah's Kotee, Moorshedabad, the wife of V A Meerza, of a daughter.

DEATH.

CAMERON—June 8, at Allahabad, from heat apoplexy, James Cameron, Retired Apothecary, aged 55 years, 2 months and 30 days.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JULY 5, 1889.

THE Ministry, with a maladroitness which is becoming familiar, has invited and submitted to a tactical defeat in the House of Commons which might have been easily avoided. On Monday last Mr. W. H. Smith abruptly gave notice that at an early date he would move that suitable provision be made out of the consolidated fund for H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor and H. R. H. the Princess Louise of Wales. Thereupon Mr. Labouchere gave notice that he would oppose any such grant, which could only be made in derogation of the undertaking given to the House of Commons by the Government that no provision would be asked for until the question of the principle which should rule such grants had been settled by a joint committee of both Houses of Parliament, on which both the ministers and the Opposition should be fairly represented. It is clear that the Ministry have been unable to disregard the action threatened by Mr. Labouchere. Although Her Majesty had been led to send messages to both Houses asking that provision should be made for the Prince and Princess, her grandchildren, notice has now been tardily given that Mr. Smith will himself move that a committee be appointed to enquire into the system on which provision shall be made in future for the younger members of the Royal Family.

THE two thousand sweepers who were ill advised enough to strike threw down their brushes and struck on the morning of Tuesday, and on Wednesday afternoon they returned to their duty readily enough. The disagreeable fact that they had placed themselves by their conduct in a position of hopeless difficulty was borne in upon them by a measure which they never expected, and was under the circumstances rightly resorted to, not as an act of severity, but as a means of mercifully putting an end to a hopeless struggle. As we mentioned yesterday, information of the intention of the sweepers to throw down their brooms and shovels and refuse to go on with their work at four o'clock in the morning was conveyed by telephone to the Municipal Executive. The Municipal Commissioner, the Health Officer, and the Commissioner of Police proceeded to the Municipal offices at two in the morning and made arrangements for the emergency so as to ensure a minimum of inconvenience and divert any danger to the peace in the city. It was also decided to bring moral pressure to bear upon the misguided scavengers, as they would all go out as usual at four in the morning and after striking repair to the Esplanade to await events, it was determined that the families of the mutineers should be obliged to quit the municipal chawls in which they lodged on the ground that as the men were no longer in the employment of the Municipality their wives and children could not be permitted to remain in the shelter of the Municipal chawls. This order filled the women with consternation, as they feared that all their belongings would be put out in the street in the monsoon rain. Their fears were, however, allayed by Dr. Weir, the Health Officer, who personally informed them that nothing harsh was intended, that their effects might remain in the chawls under lock and key, and that when they brought back their misguided husbands to work they would find the doors open on their return and that all would be right. They were allowed until ten o'clock to get their breakfast and go out. The sick and infirm and mothers nursing children were not disturbed, and everything was done to deprive the necessary measure of undue harshness. They were made to understand that it was no eviction, and that they were not to be turned adrift on the streets to starve. It was distinctly impressed upon them that if their husbands returned to their work they would be permitted to resume possession. The rent deducted from the wages of the sweepers is eight annas per mensem, and for a man and his wife twelve annas which franks children and relatives. These latter were of course included in the order to go out until the strike terminated, and they added to the influences brought to bear on the sweepers. The women proceeded to the Esplanade full of anger with the ring-leaders who had misled them and endeavoured to persuade the men to return to duty at once. This the majority were quite ready to do, but they were deterred by the threats of some of the wilder spirits. Neither men nor women could get their regular meals, for all their cooking utensils were locked up in the chawls. Many of them subsisted on cheap sweetmeats, which met with a ready sale, and others got some food from the bazaars. The women were very anxious that the men should submit before nightfall, so that the families might have shelter. But the inebriety of a number of the sweepers on strike, who had got bad liquor in the bazaars, rendered it more difficult for the women to make their influence felt. Most of the women found shelter in the verandahs of the Crawford Market. After the night's reflection the men were as anxious for peace and the shelter of their homes as the women. Mr. Ollivant and Dr. Weir went amongst them and remonstrated with them and pointed out their folly. While matters were settling down, some twenty Afghans, who, being without employment in Bombay, undertook to drive Municipal bullock carts to the Fort, were seen coming along the road near the Esplanade. In an instant two hundred sweepers went for the Afghans and pulled them off the carts, beating them severely. The Afghans, in spite of their superior physique, were so cowed by the suddenness of the onslaught that they did not show fight or make any effective defence. The most urgent cases of flooding of the streets from want of the usual attention to the drains were provided for by Municipal volunteers from the other branches of the Health Department. In the course of the afternoon the men on strike returned to duty, and their wives and families were re-admitted to their homes.

LORD CONNEMARA, whose business-like tour of the distressed District of Ganjam, has drawn forth an expression of approval from his Sovereign, has issued a minute for the information of the Madras Legislative Council, containing H. E.'s impressions. The mistakes of 1866, as placed on record by Lord Napier, led His Excellency to make the journey, so unlike the almost royal progresses which are made year by year in each of the Presidencies. Lord Napier gave it as his opinion that much of the suffering and death in 1866 might have been prevented had prompt assistance been given, and the cholera of the year would have been checked had there been a sufficient number of apothecaries to cope with it. The circumstances of the two seasons were almost entirely similar, and the prospect at the time Lord Connemara set out was that 1889 would bear a still further resemblance to 1866. It was to prevent this that His Excellency underwent great personal inconvenience and risk. In the minute Lord Connemara says he considers it a very fortunate circumstance he went to Ganjam, for, besides recognising the accuracy of the report which had been prepared by Mr. Horsfall, the Collector, he found that the most urgent orders and prompt action were called for. The poorer ryots had consumed all their surplus stock of grain to meet immediate wants, and thus, lacking seeds for the next sowing, their future appeared a dismal blank. The district staff required redistributing, while the native officials, being men of an inferior class, were not only indifferent to the wretched condition of the poorest of the population, but also incompetent to deal with their necessities. This was the condition of affairs His Excellency found on his arrival in Ganjam, and to remedy it he set to work with a promptitude and energy which not only encouraged but inspired others. The objections to money doles as a method of gratuitous relief were immediately brought home to Lord Connemara, as they had been time and time again to the organisers of relief operations during periods of distress in England. Money which had been entrusted to head men in villages had been by them misappropriated and the poor still starved, though charitably disposed persons dipped their hands deep into their pockets. The Indian parallel of the English soup kitchen was opened and the hungry were fed. But the absence of any proper organization for the distribution of relief was a painful element in the problem, and carried with it the unwelcome conviction that it is hopeless to expect native subordinates to carry out such work efficiently. The various relief operations are each reviewed in turn by His Excellency, who concludes his minute with a statement as to the present condition of each taluk of the district. The prospect in the Maliahs and Chicacole is such as to leave no cause for anxiety, but in Berhampore and Goomsur the stocks of food-grains are apparently low and prices are rising, while the drinking water is also bad in quality and deficient in quantity. Relief operations must therefore be continued here until October or November, and 50,000 men, women, and children must be sustained. His Excellency distributes both praise and blame, and is not sparing in either. By his prompt interposition his object has undoubtedly been served; much distress and suffering has been spared; and in addition to the thanks of Her Majesty, Lord Connemara will have earned the gratitude of every inhabitant of the vastly populated district through which he has travelled and the admiration of everyone who has read of his self-sacrifice and arduous labours.

OUR Allahabad contemporary makes an assertion relative to the Judges and the Bombay Council which it will contradict next week. It says: "The Secretary of State for India is, we are told, about passing an order that in future no Judge of the Bombay High Court shall be eligible for the local Council, which is to say that the best men in the service—the men who in the ordinary course of things would aspire to Council—shall avoid promotion to the High Court as carrying a serious disqualification with it. The proposal seems so fatuous that we should refuse to believe in its existence on any but good authority." We knew three weeks since that a rumour was on its way from London to India. It was indeed a half-fledged canard hatched some time ago. We might have disposed of the little bird before it reached these shores, but we preferred to wait and see the welcome it was sure to get. Now that it has flapped its wings and given utterance to a misleading message, it is time to put an end to it. There is no truth in the assertion that the India Office has induced the Secretary of State to prohibit the appointment of the Bombay or other High Court to vacancies on the Councils. The idea has been broached more than once, and it has the countenance and support of influential members of the Civil Service who have made their mark on the revenue side, but the reasons which have invariably made the Secretary of State and members of the India Council turn a deaf ear to the charmers are very strong. It would be a fatal mistake to discourage the judicial branch of the service by denying to them the hope of attaining the higher prizes hitherto in their reach. If such a fatal mistake were unfortunately committed, the difficulty even now encountered of inducing civilians to choose the judicial branch of the Service would be greatly increased.

SANITATION in the Central Provinces, notwithstanding the many difficulties which the Commissioner has had to contend with, has made considerable progress during the past year. This is demonstrated in the most appreciable manner, namely, in the reduced death-rate. Thirty-five thousand deaths fewer than the previous year were recorded, the rate per thousand being 28·70, lowest since 1884, notwithstanding the fact that an unusually severe epidemic of small-pox claimed 9,503 more victims than was the case in 1887. From the Chief Commissioner's Resolution on the report it appears that one great obstacle in the way of sanitary reform in villages was the lack of adequate machinery to enforce the observance of rules such as are duly insisted upon in the municipal areas. But the Municipal Bill now before the Legislative Council is expected to remove this. The Chief Commissioner strongly condemns the proposal to create a consultative and executive sanitary board. What is required, he urges, is that the Sanitary Commissioner should take up his proper position as the head of an executive department of the Administration and, subject to the control of the Chief Commissioner, issue orders where he has hitherto only made suggestions. The Chief Commissioner is essentially a practical man.

THE report of the Health Officer on the deaths for the week ending Tuesday last shows what at first sight appears to be an alarming increase in the fatalities from cholera. The return gives thirteen as the total number as against three the preceding week and nil the week before that. On enquiry from the Health Officer, however, we find that there is no likelihood of an epidemic, the cases being entirely sporadic. Of the total number four occurred in the northern portion of the Fort, two in the vicinity of the market, one in Mazagon, three in Kamatipura, and three in Byculla.

THE Bombay Natural History Society has obtained a huge Japanese spider crab, which measures no less than 11 feet 6 inches from the tip of one claw to that of the other. A beautiful specimen (skin and skull) of the snow leopard or ounce (*Felis uncia*) from Cashmere has also been added to the Society's collection within the last few days.

A CORRESPONDENT writing from Poona says:—An important divorce case is likely to come before the Courts of this Presidency in the course of the next few weeks. The petitioner is a colonel in the Native Infantry and the co-respondent a lieutenant of the Royal Artillery. The revelations are expected to be of a sensational nature.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending July 2nd, is shown at 455, a death-rate equal to 24·65 per thousand per annum as against 471 or 25·89 last year; and 403, or 25·48, the average over the five preceding years. Of the total number, ten died from measles; 125, fevers; 13, cholera; 2, leprosy; 3, dropsy; 57, phthisis; 44, disease of the nervous system; 79, affections of the respiratory organ; 15, diarrhœa; 12, dysentery; 24, still-born; 32, old age and debility; and 6, accidents and violence. The classified list shows:—Buddist or Jain, 20; Brahmin, 7; Bhattia, 1; Hindu of other castes, 209; Hindu outcaste, 35; Musalman, 119; Parsi, 24; Jew, 1; Native Christian, 11; Eurasian, 1; European, 2; Negro African, 1; Chinese, 2; and other unknown races, 2. The total number of births registered was 313 as against 309 in the corresponding period of last year, and 304, the average over the past five years.

MR. B. ROBERTSON, C.S., and Sayad Nur-ud-din Khan, C.S., have been appointed Assistant Collectors in Sind; and Mr. J. W. A. Weir, C.S., to be Assistant Collector, Kaira.

THE services of Mr. H. O. Quin, C.S., have been placed at the disposal of the Chief Secretary, pending further orders.

THE names of Mr. Tucker, C.S., and Mr. Dayaram Gidumul, C.S., have been removed from the list of the Sind Commission.

MR. F. FLEET, C.S., C.I.E., has been permitted to count six months of his furlough as time spent on duty in England, and is granted an extension of furlough for six months.

MR. J. HOLLAND, having been appointed to act as District Superintendent of Police in Khandesh, Mr. C. F. G. Lester has been appointed to act as Superintendent of Police on the B. B. & C. I. Railway.

MR. G. BERRIE has been appointed to act as Superintendent, Sind Revenue Survey, during the absence of Mr. H. K. Dierney.

THE subject selected by the University Syndicate for the Homejee Cursetjee Dady prize for 1890, is to be "the history of the dynamic theory of heat."

THE State Council of Kashmir has leased State property at Lahore and in the Punjab to one Pundit Janardhan of Delhi on Rs. 35,000, thus effecting a small increase in the revenue.

THE quarrel between the orthodox Hindus and the Arya Samajists still generates lamentable bitterness, and has resulted in legal proceedings at Lahore on the part of the latter.

PRIVATE G. WILLIAMS of the 2nd Battalion the Highland Light Infantry, who was tried at Peshawar on the 15th and 18th June, for the murder of Daniel Tole, of the same regiment, has been found guilty of the charge and sentenced to suffer death by being hanged.

MR. PESTONJEE JEHANGIR, C.I.E., Talukdari Settlement Officer, Gujerat, after a service extending over thirty-six years, retires at an early date on pension, and it is reported probable that Mr. Shunker Pandurang Pandit will succeed him.

AT the annual meeting of the Ripon Club held on Wednesday evening last, the president, Mr. Sorabjee Framjee Patel, of Messrs. Framjee, Sands and Company, brought forward a proposal to build a club-house, the building fund being raised by debentures. After some discussion, the proposal was referred to the managing committee.

THE *Pioneer* writes:—Our Rangoon correspondent telegraphs that Mr. A. R. Colquhoun, Deputy Commissioner of the Ruby Mines, has been suspended under the orders of the Government of India; and there is too much reason to believe that the information is correct. It has been well known for some time past that Mr. Colquhoun had incurred the displeasure of the Government he was serving, by furnishing communications of an exceptionable character to a Press correspondent, who hardly conceals his intention of employing his position for injuring that Government's reputation. But the gravamen of his offending consisted in his doing so after he had received orders to desist and, as the case against him lies, after he had given his word that he would do so. Mr. Colquhoun was specially appointed to the Burma Commission when a civil administration was being organised for the Upper Province, on account of his peculiar qualifications, like Mr. J. G. Scott. But his career has not justified a selection, of which much was hoped and expected.

THE rain is fickle in its favours to the Punjab, says a local paper. In the Sialkote district a correspondent loosely writes of "about a foot of water" having fallen. The Wazirabad section of the North-Western Railway passes through a well-drenched country. From Multan also comes news of rain; and from Rawal Pindee of pleasantly lowered temperature. Lahore, however, remained recently dry—and hot.

MAJOR CHALMERS, Remount Agent in the Punjab, is transferring his head-quarters from Lahore to Kurnaul, where the new depot will fall under his charge. This is a reasonable arrangement, says the local paper, for most of the young stock at Kurnaul were purchased by him. Major Chalmers is, we believe, of Mr. Hallen's opinion, from experience, that the Norfolk Trotter—when good—is the best sire for producing the all-round useful horses which the Government require.

THE two small independent States of Hunza and Nagar, which lie to the north of the Gilgit Valley, have asked that a British officer be sent to visit them. They loudly proclaim the desire of their respective Mirs that British officers should go to them, and are hurrying forward to make the necessary arrangements for their reception and to get the road improved beyond Chaprot—the last point in Kashmir territory. If their masters are sincere in the wishes they express for the friendship of the Indian Government, the present mission should go far in establishing a better state of things than has heretofore been attained.

A CORRESPONDENT of the New York *Evening Post* writes as follows to that paper:—Ought the Centennial year to go by without some appropriate memorial to John Bright? It was cheering to read in the *Evening Post* the words spoken in his honour by ex-President Hayes at the Centennial banquet. The memorial to his friend, George Peabody, in London testifies to the appreciation of his noble benefactions to that city. Shall not America express in some equally enduring form her gratitude to Mr. Bright for the rare gifts he so steadfastly devoted to the Union cause, and for which no material wealth could have furnished an equivalent?

THIS is a compliment by Oliver Wendell Holmes. He had been invited to attend the birthday celebration of Julia Ward Howe. "As for your mother's age (he wrote to her daughter), I am bound to believe her own story, but I can only say that to be 70 years young is sometimes far more cheerful and hopeful than to be 40 years old." *Hospital* is responsible for these assertions:—At the time of the Reformation the average life of man was 21¼. In the early part of this century it was rather more than 40¼, and certainly has not lessened since. That means that as many people live to 70 now as lived to 40 three hundred years ago.

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

FURTHER FIGHTING ON THE EGYPTIAN FRONTIER.

CAIRO, JULY 3.

Though Colonel Wodehouse routed the Mahdists the previous day, desultory fighting continued throughout yesterday. The officers mentioned as wounded yesterday were Captain Mason and Lieutenant Cunningham. The former received a bullet wound in his leg, and his wrist was also injured by a spear thrust. The bullet was subsequently extracted. Lieutenant Cunningham was only slightly wounded. During the day two more guns were captured together with fifty horses. Many Mahdists deserted towards the close of the day's skirmishes and sought protection of the Egyptians.

LATER.

Colonel Wodehouse with three black battalions, a squadron of cavalry, the camel corps, and a mule battery have taken six hundred prisoners. The cavalry are now pursuing the enemy and a Nile gun-boat is now patrolling the river between Wady Halfa and Derr.

FRANCE AND ENGLAND.

LONDON, JULY 3.

A party of Englishmen yesterday hauled down the French flag from a house occupied by the Sultan of Bountonkon in Grand Bassam. The French claim to have establised a protectorate over the territory, and negotiations between the two countries are proceeding.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE PROVISION FOR MEMBERS OF THE ROYAL FAMILY.

LONDON, JULY 4.

In the House of Commons to-day, the Right Hon'ble W. H. Smith will move that a Committee be appointed to enquire into the system of provision for the members of the Royal Family.

SIR ROPER LETHBRIDGE.

Sir Roper Lethbridge has resigned his seat for North Kensington.

THE RESIGNATION OF SIR ROPER LETHBRIDGE.

Sir Roper Lethbridge in explaining his reasons to the constituents of North Kensington for resigning his seat, says that he considers it to be the duty of a member representing a London constituency to reside constantly in London, and this he is unable to do and consequently resigns. He does not, therefore, seek re-election in London, but will probably contest a country seat.

THE INDIAN MAILS.

The homeward Bombay mails of the 18th ultimo arrived at Brindisi yesterday.

ANOTHER VACANT SEAT IN PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, JULY 4.

The death is announced of Major Alexander G. Dickson, the Conservative member for Dover.

THE DEFEAT OF THE DERVISHES.

CAIRO, JULY 3.

Colonel Wodehouse telegraphs that in his engagement with the Dervishes he took five hundred prisoners.

The Egyptian Camel Corps and a force of cavalry are now pursuing the enemy northwards.

In addition to the seventy killed on the Egyptian side, Captain F. J. Nason, of the Scottish Rifles, and Lieutenant G. G. Cunningham, of the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, who are both attached to the Egyptian Army, were slightly wounded.

CAPTAIN DURAND.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 4.

Captain Durand has left Srinagar for Gilgit on his way to Hanza and Nagar. He is travelling by the Skardo route.

THE CENTRAL PROVINCES MUNICIPALITIES AND VILLAGE CONSERFANCY BILL.

The Central Provinces Municipalities and Village Conservancy Bill will be split into two Acts, it being considered advisable to deal with village sanitation separately. Both Bills will be introduced in the Supreme Legislative Council next Wednesday.

FAMINE RELIEF WORKS IN GANJAM.

The Government of India have sanctioned the construction of the railway earthworks in the Ganjam District as a best form of the famine relief works.

AFGHAN AFFAIRS.

A rebellion against the Amir's authority is reported to have broken out in Badakshan. Some of the Mirs of that province who were expelled a few years ago have returned and have been joined by a number of the inhabitants, and in several places the Amir's officers are being imprisoned and their power broken down. Abdur Rahman has ordered his regular troops to march at once from Mazar into Badakshan, while further reinforcements will be drawn from Kabul.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, JULY 4.

The Anchor Line steamer Asia left here for Bombay on the evening of the 3rd inst.

PLYMOUTH, JULY 3.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Oriental arrived here this morning, four days before due date.

PORT SAID, JULY 3.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Manora, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this morning.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JULY 3.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats firmer.

Good Fair Dhollera	4⅞

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 3 15-16d.
2¾ per cent. Consols for account	98½
3 per cent. French Rentes	84½ ex.
4 per cent. Rupee paper	67½
4½ per cent. „	69⅞
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107½
Bar Silver	42 1-16

KIRKEE GYMKHANA RACES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 4.

T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and a large attendance of Poona Society were present at this highly successful meeting this evening. Mr. Thompson met with an accident in a hurdle race which at first looked rather serious, as he was removed from the ground, unconscious, but his injuries were not so grave. He is progressing favourably.

The following are the events :—

FIRST RACE.—" Polo Pony Race." For all bona fide Polo Ponies. 13-3 and under. Stewards have the right to refuse any entry. Weight for inches; 13-3 to carry 11st. 4lb. Winners of Rs. 45 and over excluded, other winners of any Gymkhna or other race, 4lbs., 7lbs., and 10lbs. extra for each win ½ mile. Owners up allowed 4lbs. Priza—Cup value Rs. 30.

Mr Edward's Bayard, 10st 6lb, Owner	1
Mr Peyton's Rawani, 10st 10lb, Owner	2
Capt Capel-Cure's Hetty, 10st 10lb, Owner	3

SECOND RACE.—" Saddling Race." For all galloways 14 hands and under, catch weight. The horse will be picketed in line 3 yards apart; their saddles and bridles on the ground behind them. Riders drawn up 50 yards in front of them. Riders will saddle their horses, ride round a post, over a fence, and finish with their horres properly equipped with saddle, stirrups, double bridle and curb chain fastened, and 2 girths. About ½ mile. Prize—Cup value, Rs. 25.

Capt Hanwell's Nomination, Owner	1
Mr Corbyn's Wildboar, Owner	2

THIRD RACE—" Pony Steeple Chase"—For all Ponies 13-3 and under ; 13-3 to carry 11st. 4lb. Weight for inches. C.-B.'s allowed 10 lbs. Winners of Rs. 45 excluded. Other winners of any Gymkhana or other kind of jump race 4 lbs., 7lbs. and 10lbs. extra for each win. Round the course about 1¾ miles ; owners up allowed 4 lbs. Prize—Cup, value Rs. 30.

Mr Kemmis' Banker, 10st 6lbs, Capt Hanwell	1
Mr Corbyn's ch cb m Olivette, 9st 6lbs, Owner	2
Mr Campbell Johnston's b cb p Chapati, 9st 13lbs, Owner	3

FOURTH RACE—" Bare Backed Pony Race..' 13-3 and under, round a post and over 2 hurdles about ½ mile. Prize—Cup value Rs. 25.

Mr Edward's Cyclone, Owner	1
Mr Corbyn's Wildboar, Owner	2
Capt Hanwell's Ding, Owner	3

FIFTH RACE—" Flat Race Round the Course"—For all Ponies 13-3 and under ; weight for inches ; 13-3 to carry 11st. 4lb. Winner of any sort of race other than Gymkhana 14 lbs. extra for each race so won ; C.-B.'s allowed 7 lbs ; owners up allowed 4 lbs. Winners of Gymkhana races 4 lbs., 7 lbs., and10 lbs., extra for each win, Prize—Cup value Rs. 30.

Capt Hobday's Bonny May, 10st 11lbs, Capt Hanwell	1
Mr Ellice's Gharri, 9st 13lb, Owner	2
Mr Cameron's Robin, 10st 9lb, Owner	3

The sixth race was a mule race, which offorded great amusement. The prizes were distributed by Mrs. Solly-Flood.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, July 4.—Pressure has decreased in the Central Provinces and the whole of the Bombay Presidency and has increased elsewhere, but quickly in Bengal and the Punjab. The depression, which lay over Western Bengal and the east of the Central Provinces yesterday, moved westwards and the centre now is near Saugor. Wind circulation is fairly normal. Westerly winds prevail over the peninsula and the central districts; southerly winds in the Bay; and south-easterly winds in Bengal and Upper India. On the west coast the winds are irregular and variable. The mean temperature is slightly above the average, except in the Central Provinces, Sind, and Rajputana. Rain has fallen in all districts, except in South Madras, Sind, and Khandeish, and has occurred as showers in Upper India. Jubbulpore has received eight inches and Karwar and Murree three inches.

MILITARY NEWS.

CAPTAIN G. BALFE, having served six years in the Staff Corps, is promoted to be Major.

LIEUT. H. G. WALKER, 2nd Gloucester Regiment, has been admitted to the Bombay Staff Corps.

LIEUT. M.J. GORDON, 1st King's Liverpool Regiment, has been admitted to the Bombay Staff Corps.

BRIGADE-SURGEON H. V. CARTER has been granted furlough on private affairs prior to retirement.

MR. F. B. LINDSAY has been appointed a second lieutenant in the Southern Maratha Railway Volunteers.

CAPTAIN HUME, R. A., has on return from leave resumed his duties as Aide-de-Camp to the Commander-in-Chief.

LIEUT. W. T. VINCENT, D. A. C. G., on probation, has passed the usual examination and is confirmed in his grade.

LIEUT. D. B. CHESTER has been permitted to resign his commission in the Southern Maratha Railway Volunteers.

THE services of Captain E. R. Penrose, 2nd Bombay Rifles, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of India.

MAJOR G. R. HODGSON, S.C., having completed twenty-six years' service, eight of which have been in the Staff Corps, has been promoted Lieutenant-Colonel.

LIEUT. BROOKE having rejoined his regiment, the 7th Hussars, Captain A. W. Forbes, 4th B. C. has been appointed acting A. D. C. to H. E. the Governor.

COL. E. CUNNINGHAM, S.C., is appointed provisionally to be first-class D. S. O. in succession to Colonel Hallowes, and Captain F. Stevenson, 19th Bombay Infantry, to be 2nd D. S. O.

THE following officers in the Allahabad District have been granted leave :—Major A. W. Elliott, 2nd Battalion, Lincoln Regiment, from 5th July to 15th October; Surgeon F. A. Saw, M. S., from 3rd July to 31st August; and Second-Lieutenant V. Hughes, 2nd Battalion, Lincoln Regiment, from 29th June to 15th October, in extension of the leave granted him on 20th April last.

RAINFALL ON THE B. B. & C. I. R. LINE.

WE are indebted to the Agent, B. B. & C. I. Railway, for the following table of rainfall at stations along that line up to the week ending the 1st July :—

	In. cts.		In. cts.
Bandora	13 92	Baroda	8 78
Panjoo	20 33	Mehmadabad	7 12
Vaiturna	20 0	Ahmedabad	5 17
Palghur	19 14	Viramgam	6 58
Gholvad	8 99	Wadhwan	2 79
Damaun	8 7	Dabhoi	11 83
Bulsar	3 43	Sevalia	9 14
Navsari	3 31	Godhra	12 30
Surat	1 92	Kharaghoda	3 75
Broach	2 25	Kim	3 38

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY, NIGHT, JULY 3.

10 p.m.	80·7

THURSDAY, JULY 4.

6 a.m.	78·5
10 a.m.	79·7
2 p.m.	78·9
4 p.m.	77·7

SURGEON J. C. H. PEACOCKE has been allowed furlough for 85 days.

SOME thousands of oysters have been imported into Liverpool in a most unusual manner. The other night the steamer Dodo, just arrived from the West Coast of Africa, was placed into a graving dock, and when the dock became dry it was found that the bottom of the ship was plated with thousands of oysters. Many of the bivalves were of large size, and appeared very fresh. The circumstance was soon known, and in a short time crowds of people invaded the graving dock with buckets, baskets, and other receptacles, and quickly set to work, stripping the steamer of her strange passengers. The Dodo has been a few years on the West African Coast, but apart from the oysters, the hull was in excellent order.

THE STRIKE OF SWEEPERS IN BOMBAY.

THE whole of the sweepers on strike turned out on the Esplanade yesterday morning, and abont 8 a. m. information was taken to the Police that the men were rioting. Superintendent MacDermott, with the men of his division, soon appeared on the scene, when it turned out that the report was exaggerated, although there is no doubt that if the police had not been as prompt as they were in turning out the men would have broken all bounds. As it was, a Pathan sweeper, who had not gone on strike, and who was filling a rubbish cart near the Esplanade, was set upon by six of the strikers and was severely injured about the head. These men were promptly arrested by the police, and the rest of the mob soon quieted down. When this was taking place Dr. Weir, Mr. Leask, and Mr. Glover arrived, and in a few minutes after Col. Wyse, Commissioner of Police, accompanied by Mr. Gell and a very large body of the Bombay Police Force. Luckily their presence was not required, but they deserve great credit, indeed, for their promptness. When the men were all quieted down, Dr. Weir and Mr. Leask asked a number of them to accompany them across to the Municipal stables at Boree Bunder, where the Municipal Commissioner was. They went there, and were formed up into line, when Mr. Ollivant addressed them. He told them they were acting very foolishly by striking work, and promised that if they turned to, their grievances would be attended to. After some discussion, an agreement was come to, and the Police and Municipal Commissioner gave the men some good advice, the men on their part saying they were very sorry for what they had done, and with many promises for their future good behaviour, the men went away to the several Municipal chawls to have their meals. At one o'clock yesterday the whole of the men turned out cheerfully to work, and continued doing their duty all day. The men of the Health Department deserve great praise for their good behaviour during this trying time, for while the strike lasted they were on duty night and day without complaining. A number of men were promised to the Commissioner by the various Municipal contractors, and several hundreds of these men were sent to the several wards of the town to do the work; but they refused to do anything, saying they were afraid of being assaulted by the men on strike, but it is suspected that the real cause of their refusal to work was on account of their sympathy for the strikers. Now that a settlement has been come to. it is to be hoped it will be a lasting one, and that a long time will elapse before another strike of this kind occurs again.

ALLEGED BLACK-MAILING OF THE SCAVENGERS IN BOMBAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE " BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The cause of the present strike among the scavengers is, as given by the men themselves, the extreme oppression they endure at the hands of their immediate superiors, the native sub-inspectors of the Health Department, who unmercifully subject these poor people to a continued series of extortion in the shape of " dustoory."

It has been customary with these petty officials from the time the department was created to levy black-mail without compunction upon their subordinates, the unfortunate sweepers and scavengers, in defiance of all punishments inflicted by the heads of the department upon such recipients. Demands for illegal gratifications are regularly and rigorously imposed, and the payments of such demands or extortions are made monthly at Rs. 1 or 2 per head by the unhappy men to their respective sub-inspectors on payday. This sort of illegal extortion does not cease here, but exceeds, as I have reason to believe, far beyond any reasonable limit. I understand that on every occasion a poor sweeper or scavenger returns from leave and applies to resume his work, he first offers his supplication to the sub-inspector of his section, and in order to gain his favour encloses as " nuzzar" a five or ten rupee note, as may suit the whim of his greedy superior. A similar illegal payment, but on a larger scale, extending, I am informed, to Rs. 20, Rs. 30, and above, is made when a new man seeks employment. Instances of such corruption are too numerous, and the practice has gained such a firm footing, that it is impracticable, with the present system of the Health Department administration, to extricate the department of its dismal existence, unless a better class of men than the existing type are employed.

Men of little or no education are engaged to fill up the responsible posts of sub-inspectors, and the reason is that the salary allotted to such sub-inspectors, being only Rs. 15 per month, men of ability and higher education are loath to take up posts of so insignificant a pittance.

Notwithstanding a sanction to higher salaries to the native sub-inspectors accorded by the Corporation, vide Budget for 1885-86, from Rs. 20 to Rs. 30, " in order to induce more efficient men to come forward," the present staff consists of no less than 13 men on Rs. 15 per mensem, being almost double the number of men on Rs. 15 sanctioned under the current Budget. Native muccadums in the same branch, who are subordinate to sub-inspectors, receive Rs. 12, 13, and 20 per month, while their immediate heads, the sub-inspectors, who are an English-knowing class, are paid only Rs. 15 per month! What is, then, the distinction between an educated sub-inspector and his subordinate, the illiterate muccadum? Men of the type now employed corrupt the morals of their more efficient fellow-men, and give a deal of trouble to the department.

To a question raised in the Public Commission sitting in Bombay in 1887, the president replied that " in Bengal they pay Rs. 12 per month to the chief constable," when an hon'ble gentlemen remarked that " perhaps he (meaning the chief constable) pays himself somehow." The remarks of the hon'ble gentleman are appropriately adapted to the subject under review. The sub-inspectors not only infringe the municipal laws, but wilfully violate the discipline and regulations of the Health Department, and set a bad example to their fellow-men.

No doubt there are stringent standing orders in the department threatening a summary dismissal of both the giver and the receiver of illegal gratifications; but instances of such corruption are so rarely brought to the notice of the heads of the department that the punishment when inflicted leaves no impression whatever behind, and the reason of such rare exposures is explained in a few words. When a poor sweeper or scavenger, oppressed and harassed by his sub-inspector and no longer able to tolerate his tyrannous treatment, comes forward to lay his grievances before the heads of the department and seeks redress, he meets with a summary dismissal (just as the mamlatdars who confessed have been punished for it) for admitting the fact of his having paid to his sub-inspector an illegal gratification, and the sub-inspector against whom he brings a charge laughs to his beard and remains scot-free to ply his nefarious practice without the least apprehension.

Such being the case, the sweeper deems it best to sit quiet and suffer as best he can the maltreatment at the hands of the sub-inspector rather than lodge a complaint and get himself discharged. According to the current Budget the conservancy establishment ought to consist of—

25 sub-inspectors at	Rs.	30	per month.
8	do.	25	„
6	do.	20	„
8	do.	15	„

But the existing staff of the branch musters—

12 sub-inspectors on	Rs.	30	per month.
5	do.	25	„
8	do.	20	„
13	do.	15	„

making a saving of Rs. 5,400 per annum.

Instead of this saving under this head, the money should be utilized in increasing the present salaries of the sub-inspectors and obtaining a better and more efficient class of men on a higher stipend as proposed in the Budget for 1885-86. I would further suggest the advisability of referring cases of such illegal gratifications to more efficient hands, such as the police, than entrusting the onerous duties of a detective to the honesty and uprightness of a native sub-inspector whose authority is questionable. I sincerely trust that now that the secret which was so long confined to the department alone has been brought to light by the voluntary confessions of the much-oppressed scavengers themselves, the Municipal Commissioner will sift the matter carefully and devise some effective remedy.—Yours, &c.,

June 4. AN OBSERVER.

*** We are informed that in nearly all the cases investigated the sum exacted was found to be four annas.—ED., B. G.

IT is believed that the reason the Amir has had in mind in sending for his son Habibulla to Mazar is to make him acquainted with the details of administration in Afghan-Turkistan, with a view to entrusting him with the government of that province.

THE FIRST NATIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER IN BERAR.

A CORRESPONDENT writes from Berar :—This province is undergoing a great change! A native Deputy Commissioner for the first time has been appointed to the Basim District in the person of Mr. Yasin Khan, *vice* Mr. Obbard, B.A., appointed *pro tem* Sessions Judge at Amraoti. Although the appointment is for a short time, yet the supersession of Mr. Davies is not popularly approved. Mr. Davies is considered the best law and revenue officer under a bushel. A famine is imminent, should the rains keep off much longer. We have had scarcely any rain. Fodder and water are both scarce. The heat, although not so intense as last month is stifling.

Mr. Barrett from Bombay has assumed charge of the office as *pro tem* Director of Public Instruction, H.A.D.

POONA MONSOON RACES.

A VERY successful meeting was held on Wednesday on the Poona Race-course. The racing was good, though nothing very exciting or sensational occurred. All the races, except the last, fell to favorites. In the last race, " The Spin " was favorite, but at the false start she got away to the ¼ mile-post before she could be stopped, which must have told on her for she came in a bad last. Dr. Grainger acted as starter very satisfactorily, and to Captain W. C. Ross and the stewards is due the successful and pleasant sport that was provided.

1ST RACE.—4-30 p.m. Welcome Stakes—Rs. 49 for Arab and C.-B. Galloways 13-3 and under that have never won a race of any description, 13-3 to carry 11st. W A I. Ponies, landed since 1st Sept., 1888, allowed 4 lbs. Distance 3 furlongs.

Mr Carr's Talisman, 10st 9lbs, Capt Hanwell	1
Col Steven's Rockingham, 10st 9lbs, Mr Melton	2
Maj Daniel's Young Kushdil, 10st 12lbs, Capt Phayre	3
Mr Peyton's Rawani, 10st 5lbs, Owner	0
Mr Pottinger's Golden Crown, 10st 2lbs, Capt Ross	0
Mr Pottinger's Chokedar, 9st 8lbs, Native	0
Mr Edward's Chester, 10st 8lbs, Owner	0
Mr Burton's Little Duke, 9st 13lbs, Mr Turner	0
Mr —— Bayard, 10st 2lbs	0
Mr Shipley's The Wreck, 11st, Scratched	0

Betting.—Even on Talisman; 2 to 1 against Rockingham; 4 to 1 against Rawani; 5 to 1 against Golden Crown; 6 to 1 against the rest.

After three false starts the field got away together, but Talisman soon shot ahead, and came in an easy winner by half a length. Rockingham second, and Young Kushdil third.

2ND RACE—(Archer Stakes)—Rs. 99. Handicap for all Arab and C.-B. horses. ¾ mile.

Capt Kemmis' Shoohab, 11st 3lbs, Capt Hanwell	1
Aga Moochool Shah's The Duke, 11st, Mr Edwards	2
Col Steven's Chambeli, 10st 3lbs, Mr Melton	3
Col Willoughby's Nubian, 10st Capt Ross	0

Betting.—2 to 1 on Shoohab; 2 to 1 against the Duke and Nubian: 3 to 1 against Chambeli.

A good start was made after three attempts, Nubian slightly leading. At the turning towards home the race lay between Shoohab and the Duke, the former coming in the winner by half a length.

3RD RACE.—Pencillers' Plate—Rs 99. A Handicap for all Arab and C.-B. Galloway 13-3 and under. Distance ½ mile.

Capt Kemmis' Banke, 11st, Capt Hanwell	1
Mr Grier's Hocus, 10st 4lbs, Owner	2
Mr Edward's Cyclone, 11st 7lbs, Owner	3
Mr Pottinger's Ærial, 10st, Capt Ross	0
Mr Peyton's Killarney, 10st, Scratched	0
Aga Moochool Shah's Satara, 10st, Mr Melton	0

Betting—2 to 1 on Banker; 2 to 1 againt Cyclone and Satara; 4 to 1 against Ærial, 16 to 1 against Killarney.

The field got away to a good start. All ran well together till nearly home, when Hocus looked like winning; but he was challenged by Banker who won by a head. Cyclone was a good third.

FOURTH RACE—" Hack Stakes "—Rs. 99. A Selling Race for all Arab and C.-B. Horses, claimable for Rs. 500, to carry 11st. 5 lbs added or deducted for every Rs. 100, over or under that price. Distance 5 furlongs.

Mr Scoones's Swallow, Rs. 100, 9st 7lbs, Mr Turner	1
Mr Iremonger's Comet, Rs. 200, 9st 13lbs, Capt Ross	2
Mr Fraser's Glencoe, late Sir James, Rs. 500, 11st, Mr Edward	3
Mr O'Donel's The Spin, Rs. 500, 11st, Capt Anderson	0
Mr Pottinger's Canute, Rs. 600, 11st 5lbs, Mr De Lisle	0

Betting.—2 to 1 against The Spin, 2 to 1 against Glencoe; 3 to 1 against the rest.

This was the best contested race of the meeting. After one false start they got away well together, but The Spin gradually fell away, and came in last though she started as the favourite. The Comet was leading slightly at first, but on the turning home Swallow came up and won by a neck. Glencoe was a good third.

CRICKET AT BARODA.

MORNING STAR C. C. *vs.* BARODA CAMP UNITED.

THE above match was played off on Sunday last in camp and resulted in a win for the Morning Star. Both sides were fairly represented, and some good cricket was exhibited, especially that of Mr. Venkatrao Dhulap. In the second innings play had to be abandoned in consequence of a dispute having arisen between both the parties. Appended are the scores :—

MORNING STAR C. C.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
G R Shirke, b Desai	7	b Nimbalkar	2
H Kothavala, b Desai	20	run out	7
M Mody, b Desai	0	run out	4
Venkatrao, b Desai	6	c Merchant b Parnaria	20
B Kothavala, b Dalal	13	b Desai	2
Kutubudin Shah, c Parnaria, b Dalal	4	run out	2
Lakhia, c Nadir Shah, b Dalal	0	run out	16
Dhondeeba, b K Dalal	0	not out	9
A R Shirke, not out	2	b Nadir Shah	5
Raghoba, b C Dalal	2	b Parnaria	0
Rajudin, b C Dalal	0	run out	6
Extras	14	Extras	18
Total...	71	Total...	91

BARODA CAMP UNITED C. C.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
K B Droatia, b Dhulap	3	Did not bat.	
E Merchant, b H Kothavala	0		
Nadir Shah, b H Kothavala.	0		
Vevi, c Dhulap, b Kothavala	5		
Badrinath, c B Kothavala.	1		
Parnaria, b Dhulap	18	run out	11
C Dalal, b H Kothalal	2	c and b Dhulap	6
K Desai, run out	0	b H Khotavala	1
S Ahmedabadi, b H Kothavala	6	not out	7
Nimbalkar, c Raghoba, b Dhulap	2	Did not bat.	
Dhew, not out	0	b Dhulap	4
Extras	16	Extras	7
Total...	53	Total...	36

BARONET C. C. *vs.* Y. M. C. A.—A match was played on Saturday last on the Cooperage ground between the Young Men's Christian Association and the Baronet Cricket Clubs, resulting in a victory for the latter by 50 runs. The Young Men scored 32 and the Baronet 82, to which Pavri contributed 21 (not out), Dubash 21, and Writer 14. Messrs. James, Pavri, and Writer bowled; and Mr. D. B. Tapia fielded remarkably well.

MR. McAFEE'S CASE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE " BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The dismissal of Mr. McAfee from the Mission High School at Ahmedabad is a matter of no small regret to his students both old and present. I am surprised to see that the Mission is at a loss to understand that the turning of native students to Christianity is next to impossible, as the truths of the Hindu religion in all its branches have taken a firm footing in their hearts. Mr. McAfee could have succeeded in imparting Scriptural education to his students were it not for the fear of raising a rebellion like the one in the Madras Christian College. The native converts are always of inferior Hindu castes or through uncommon temptations except in several cases. I have personal experience of the pains Mr. McAfee has taken for Scriptural education, but with little effect. The backwardness of native students in Scriptural knowledge is mainly due to their marked unwillingness of admitting Christian truths, and it is for these reasons that the present state of things exists. But it was wholly unwise of the Mission to remove the strict supervision of an honest and painstaking principal like Mr. McAfee.—Yours, &c.,

Limbdi, July 3. TRUTH.

SUPPOSED MURDER AT GRANT ROAD.

A SHOCKING discovery was made by the police on Wednesday evening, which undoubtedly points to murder. About half-past eight o'clock information was received by the police that an old Mahomedan woman named Coulson, residing at Grant Road, was lying dead in her room. On the police entering the house the woman was found with one end of a twisted cloth tied tightly round her neck, the other end being attached to the side of a cot. From the appearance and position of the body and the fact that two gold bangles and two gold ear-studs were missing, the conclusion was come to that she had been murdered. After making some enquiry, the police arrested two women named Byree and Jaina, who used to live in the same house with the deceased, and subsequently eight pieces of wearing apparel belonging to the deceased were found in the house of her sister-in-law at Mazagon, who stated that they were left in the house by these two women. An inquest was opened yesterday at Grant Road by the Coroner, Dr. T. Blaney, into the circumstances attending the death of Coulson, when the following evidence was recorded.

Pandoo Gunnoo, a barber residing at Khetwady, said that deceased was his mother's sister, and was about 60 years of age. The two women named Byree and Jaina lived with the deceased. Byree lived with the deceased for the last three months and Jaina for the last month. On Tuesday witness went to deceased's house at noon, and saw and spoke to her. She was then quite well. Jaina was there and a woman named Sherifa. He remained about ten minutes and then left. At noon on Wednesday witness was passing the house of deceased on his way to work when he went to her back door and called out her, but receiving no answer, he thought she was asleep and went away. At 7 o'clock yesterday morning a police jemadar came to him with Sherifa, who took him to the house of the deceased, and kept him there until the inquest assembled. He found deceased lying on the floor, with a cord tied round her neck, the end of which was fastened to a cot. The two " cholees" (now produced belonged to the deceased. The five sarees (also now produced) belonged to the deceased. The gold neck ornament (produced) also belonged to the deceased, and she wore it when witness saw her on Tuesday. The deceased owned a pair of gold wristlets, weighing about ten tolas each, and wore them when he saw her on Tuesday; she also wore a pearl ear-studs. The wristlets and ear-studs were not on her person when he saw her dead body. Deceased used to drink, but for the last five or six months she was always sober when witness saw her. She was not a quarrelsome woman. She was in good circumstances and was not in debt. She had no reason to take her life. She always enjoyed good health.

At this stage the inquest was adjourned for further inquiry till Saturday, the 13th instant.

KARACHI NAVAL VOLUNTEERS.

THE Government of India has sanctioned the formation of a battery of naval volunteers at Karachi, on the same lines as the one at Calcutta. It is to be designated " The Indian Naval Volunteers, Karachi Brigade," and Captain G. C. Parker, I.M., has been appointed the Commander. We some time ago mentioned, writes the London paper, that the original intention of forming a volunteer garrison battery at this port had been abandoned in favour of a naval corps, and we also pointed out that naval opinion at home was against the formation of naval volunteer corps so far as sea-going service is concerned. However, from what we can gather the new naval volunteer corps at Karachi is intended to be a naval artillery corps—that is one whose duties will be more on shore than on boardship—like the Calcutta corps. Instead of requiring a ship, therefore, for instructional purposes, it is probable that a steam-launch or other small boat would be quite sufficient for the present, just to accustom the volunteers to moving from point to point in the harbour, and to other simple coast manœuvres. For this purpose we believe that the Karachi Port Trust has very kindly placed the steam-tug Manora at the disposal of the volunteers whenever it is not required by the Trustees, provided that Government will undertake to pay all extra charges incurred for fittings, &c., and to make good any damages that are likely to accrue. We hear that between 50 and 60 gentlemen have already been enrolled—which is a very good beginning indeed; and in a few months more we may expect to be able to regard this naval battery as a valuable addition to our coast defences. We cannot help thinking, however, how much better it would have been to have made this battery a purely garrison artillery one—something like the Bombay Volunteer Artillery—for, as it can rarely be made use of except in manning shore batteries, instruction in naval matters is liable to occupy time that might be more profitably employed. But we have every reason to be pleased with what we have got, and we are sure that great praise is due to the leaders of the naval volunteer movement in Karachi, for seldom have we seen a project of this nature carried through with so much commendable zeal and promptness of action.

"IS THE SOLDIER'S LIFE WORTH LIVING?"

TO THE EDITOR OF THE " BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The soldier is evidently showing increased aversion to the country beer. This aversion is shown in many stations, and the fact is a cause of anxiety to brewing firms in India; but as these firms surely are not to be considered primarily, while the soldier should be, we hope his friends—and there must be many in high places—will endeavour to prevent his being imposed upon for another term of years. The contracts are falling out, and a strong, sustained, and interested effort is being made to get a renewal of them from Government, and thus force the soldier to drink country beer " nolens volens." As the representative of Wm. McEwan, Esq., M. P., Edinburgh, whose beers command the highest rates all over India and Australia, and are preferred by the troops at Deolalee, Secunderabad, Belgaum, Bellary, and other stations, I ask for fair play for the soldier and myself. The soldier is not a pauper, and only a pauper or a criminal, I opine, should be treated in the way the soldier in India is, with regard to his drink. The soldier pays for his beer and often prefers to pay more for the home brew; but notwithstanding this fact and his open preference, he is not allowed to have it. If the Government is so interested in fostering the Indian industry, why should it not go a step further, and say all their servants, military and civilian, shall follow suit; in fact, with equal justice, they might pass a Draconian edict that all Europeans should be compelled "to drink a quart a man per day" before they touch English ale. Has Tommy Atkins no rights, or is he only food for powder in time of war, and a compulsory soaking machine for the benefit of the Indian brewers and the Government in time of peace? Surely, the only equitable plan is to allow him to drink good English beer and stout if he prefers it and will pay for it.—Yours, &c.,

July 4. WALTER G. TREACHER.

MILITARY PENSIONERS AND INCOME-TAX.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE " BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Now that the military pensioners' pay-day is approaching, the question naturally arises in my mind, as I suppose it does in those of my old fellow-comrades in arms, why should a military pensioner pay income-tax?—or rather, to put it more plainly, why should I, as a pensioner, whose annual income exceeds Rs. 500 by the magnificent sum of Rs. 31-4-4, be called upon to pay Rs. 11 income-tax, while men who are still serving, whose incomes, in cases of warrant and N. C. officers, far exceed that limit, are exempt? If as a soldier I am free of the tax, why should I, when I become a pensioner, either through service, wounds, or disease, be mulcted? Many of us from age or sickness are unable to work, and with a large family the sum of Rs. 11 is a heavy tax on us. Surely, it is not that the Government is so hard pushed for money, that it cannot afford to remit the tax in our case. Would not their greed be appeased by the sop of charging income-tax on the amount over and above Rs. 500? I am informed that the Hon. E. I. Company's pensioners are not mulcted. If this is correct, I would only ask, " why this thusness"? I trust, sir, that you, or some one with a more ready pen than mine is, will take the matter up, ventilate the subject, and either through memorial or otherwise attempt to get this injustice to old servants of the Crown, many of whom have fought and bled for their country, removed, and the tax remitted and refunded.—Yours, &c.,

1st July. CHELSEA.

MAHOMEDAN EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE " BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Will " Sympathizer " in Murad kindly give me his address, or will you ask him to communicate with me on the subject on which he had a letter in your paper of yesterday, *viz.*, " Mahomedan Education in England."—Yours, &c.,

July 3. FREDERIC J. GOLDSMID.

A HUSBAND OF FOURTEEN WIVES.

AT the High Court yesterday, in the case of the Empress *vs.* Govindrao Chimnajee Bale, Mr. Vicajee, instructed by Mr. S. M. Rele, on behalf of the complainant, applied to Mr. Justice Scott and Mr. Justice Jardine to call for and examine the record of the case, set aside the order of acquittal passed by Mr. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, and direct a re-trial of the case. In his prosecution at the Police Court, the accused, son-in-law to the Maharaja of Indore, was alleged to be the husband of fourteen wives and the lord of as many concubines.

The complainant in the case, Luxmon Kooshajee Kale, of Sarkal, in the Zilla of Sattara, stated that he was the hereditary patel of Sarkal, and was the father of Tanoo *alias* Minjoolabai, a girl of the age of about nine years. Eighteen months ago petitioner gave Tanoo in marriage to the accused. A year ago accused left Indore and went to Hyderabad in the Deccan. He took Tanoo to that place in company of his other wife, Thakoobai. At Hyderabad he assaulted Thakoobai, for which offence he was tried and convicted by the Magistrate of the Residency Bazaar, and was sentenced to suffer three months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 500. On appeal the conviction was confirmed, but the term of imprisonment was commuted to a fine of Rs. 1,000. At that time the petitioner received from the Superintendent of Police at Hyderabad a letter informing him that Tanoo was illtreated by the accused, but owing to his illness the petitioner was unable to do anything in the matter. In October 1888 the accused came to Bombay and lived in a house at Bhendy Bazaar, where he kept Tanoo in close confinement. In the latter part of March last, having received information as to an assault committed on Tanoo, the petitioner came to Bombay and ascertained that on the 8th March last Tanoo, having been assaulted by the accused, had attempted to throw herself down into the street from the parapet wall of the house, and that she was with difficulty rescued with the assistance of the police. On the 31st March the petitioner laid an information before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, charging the accused with wrongfully confining and assaulting Tanoo, and applied for a process against the accused to answer the charge and for an order to search for and produce Tanoo. The Magistrate took cognisance of the offence and issued a summons against the accused, and a subpœna for the appearance of Tanoo. On the 2nd April counsel on behalf of the accused appeared before the Magistrate and obtained an order dispensing with the personal attendance of the accused on the ground that he was the Maharaja of Indore. No notice of the application had been given to the petitioner or his attorneys. Petitioner denied that the accused was the Maharaja of Indore. He was only a jaghirdar of Jawra, and had appeared before the Magistrate at the Residency Bazaar at Hyderabad as above stated. On the 3rd April last, on the case being called on before Mr. Cooper, the accused and the petitioner appeared by counsel. Tanoo was not forthcoming, and at the suggestion of the Magistrate, a witness named Ramjee Khunderao, a naik in the employ of the accused, was called and deposed to the wrongful confinement of Tanoo; that he heard a sound of a slap in the room of the accused and the cry of Tanoo; that shortly afterwards he saw Tanoo on the parapet wall, attempting to throw herself down, and that by direction of the accused he lifted her up. He also saw marks of nails on Tanoo's neck. The petitioner thereupon applied to Mr. Cooper for an order to produce the girl that she might be examined by Dr. Pechey Phipson, but no such order was made. On the 6th April last the Magistrate examined Mr. Brewin, Superintendent of Police, who had been to the accused's house on the 8th March; and he stated that he asked the girl, in the presence of the accused, why she was crying, and she answered that the accused had been beating and had threatened to kill her; and being asked why she had got out of the window, she said it would be better for her to kill herself. Petitioner's further application for the production of the girl was strenuously resisted by the accused's counsel on the ground that Tanoo was a " purdah-nashin" female. Petitioner denied this statement. Accused was a Maratha by caste, among whom the " purdah" system is not observed; and both Tanoo and Thakoobai appeared before the Superintendent of Police at Hyderabad to give evidence. The case for the prosecution closed on the 15th April, when the Magistrate delivered judgment and acquitted the accused. It was urged for the petitioner that the Magistrate, having taken cognisance of the offences, ought to have granted a warrant to search for and to produce Tanoo; and that the offences falling under the provisions of the Penal Code, the Magistrate ought to have observed the procedure laid down for trial in warrant cases. He was wrong in recording an order of acquittal without framing a charge, and receiving all the evidence offered by the petitioner. The Magistrate erred in declining to compel the attendance of Tanoo, or at any rate to examine her at her own residence. There being no reason to doubt the evidence of Tanoo's ill-treatment, the Magistrate should have called upon the accused to explain the facts and circumstances which appeared against him, namely, the marks of injury on the neck of the girl and the statement made by her, in the presence of the accused, that she was struck by him.

Mr. Justice Scott.—What is the error of law on which you ask us to review the decision?

Mr. Vicajee said his main contention was that the Magistrate ought to have sent for and examined Tanoo as a witness in the case. The petitioner had done everything in his power for the production of the witness, but she was not produced. It was a very material error in procedure, which had caused a failure of justice. The Magistrate remarked in his judgment that the petitioner had produced only indirect witnesses, and yet the Magistrate himself did not require the attendance of Tanoo, who received the injuries at the hands of the deceased. The Magistrate wrongly confined the enquiry to a charge of assault instead of assault and wrongful confinement.

Mr. Justice Scott, in disposing of the application, said their lordships did not think that they were called upon to consider that they ought to exercise their powers of revisional jurisdiction until all the powers of appeal given by the law were exhausted by the appellant. It appeared that the Government had not been petitioned in this case under section 417 of the Criminal Procedure Code, and for that purpose they adjourned the case for a fortnight without expressing an opinion whether the matter came within their revisional powers. Mr. Justice Jardine said that the jurisdiction to interfere in cases like this was discretionary. The law did not allow appeals from acquittals as a rule.

The matter was then adjourned for a fortnight.

THE VACANCY ON THE HIGH COURT BENCH.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE " BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—No reason can be more fallacious and unsound than the one urged in behalf of the pleaders on the Appellate Side of the High Court, that because the late Mr. Justice Nanabhai Haridas was selected from that class, therefore the same course should be adopted in appointing his successor. To do so would practically be tantamount to reserving the seats on the Bench for the pleaders in preference to the barristers. It is precisely because the pleaders have had their turn that it is now incumbent on Government to select a leading native barrister to fill the vacancy. I say *native* on grounds both of political and *legal* expedience. A native lawyer might generally be expected, for obvious reasons, to possess a more intimate knowledge of native usages and modes of life and thought than his European compeers, and surely the European members of the Bench and the Law would not grudge only one out of seven seats to a qualified native colleague. At the head of the native law stands Mr. Budrudin Tyabji both by seniority and professional success, and his claims to the vacant appointment—interested and sectional consideration apart—appear so weighty that to set them aside would amount to positive unfairness. The consideration that he is the representative of a community, which, notwithstanding its importance, has not a single member occupying a judicial post in the whole Presidency, exclusive of Sind, must not also be lost sight of.—Yours, &c.,

Murud, June 30. JUSTICE.

WEDNESDAY, instead of Thursday, will in future be the day for the meeting of the Legislative Council. At Wednesday's meeting Mr. Crosthwaite introduced a bill amending the Central Provinces Tenancy Act of 1883. This measure is a necessary corollary of the Bill amending the Land Revenue Act introduced last week. Sir David Barbour will bring forward short bills amending Acts VI. and VII. of 1884 relating to steamships and inland steam vessels.

THE Jam of Lus Beyla is reported to be recovering from the wounds inflicted on him last April by Habibulla, an Afghan who had been dismissed from his service. The would-be murderer has not yet been punished, and the Jam will doubtless take the advice of the British authorities as to the manner of dealing with him.

NATIVE BOWLERS IN CRICKET.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Many are the complaints against a practice which threatens to be injurious to the interests of the native cricketers. Of late it has been the habit with native bowlers, whether Parsee, Hindoo, or Portuguese, to throw the balls instead of delivering them properly, and every native club boasts of one or two such bowlers. I would therefore suggest that it is high time for the Bombay Gymkhana to interfere, and raise their voices against it, inasmuch as they are looked upon as authorities by the natives in cricket matters pretty much in the same way as the Marylebone Club is looked upon as premier in England. Perhaps they overlook it, fearing that the native cricketers might be discouraged by their interference, but on the other hand it is injurious in the interests of the natives as tending to hide real merit in darkness. I might as well cite an instance. Last year in one of the matches with the Poona Gymkhana cricketers, a certain Parsee bowler gave a mere throw instead of a good round ball, when several Europeans declared that if such bowlers were sent home, they would be simply hooted off the field, and that if they did not believe it, they might try the experiment next cold season, when Mr. Vernon's team should visit Bombay; but I think they should not reserve the task of correcting such false bowlers to our English guests, who will have hardly time for more than one match in Bombay. I would on the other hand suggest that cricketers of Bombay, Poona, and other places should combine against such practices, as was done in Australia, when the cricket there was spoiled by such throwers, and it is for that reason we find cricketing in Australia so far advanced now.

In England, too, we had an example of a like kind, when, at the suggestion of Mr. A. G. Steel, the Bishop of Essex, who is a fast bowler, was prevented from taking part in a first-class match. For instance, how can a really good player make a stand against the "throws" of a bowler like Mr. Gagrat from a distance of only twenty-two yards, when it was seen at the last athletic sports of the Parsees that he could throw a ball 112 yards off. My object in writing this is to bring to the notice of the Bombay Gymkhana that by their silence in the matter, the evil practice complained of is fast gaining ground, and that good players of cricket expect them to pronounce an opinion in the matter. I have no doubt that, inasmuch as the Marylebone Club is respected in England, their decision will be followed by all the native cricketers, and should anyone be imprudent enough to oppose it to consider such "throws" as "no balls" according to rule 10, which provides—"a distinct action of the elbow distinguishes a throw and a jerk would clearly be shown by the arm striking the bowler's side before delivery of the ball," or to stop the match altogether.
—Yours, &c.,

D. B. TAPIA.

THE BOMBAY INSTITUTION FOR DEAF-MUTES.

WE beg to acknowledge the following further subscriptions in aid of the above institution:—

	Rs.
H H the Jam of Jamnugger, KCSI ...	250
H H the Gaikwar of Baroda, GCSI ...	100
Hon'ble Mr F L Latham ...	100
Mr J Fairlie Muir, CS, Belgaum ...	50
Mr Khimjee Jeeva ...	50
Abkar Abdool Kader (Rs 15 monthly) ...	45
Mr H Couldrey ...	30
Capt W Crowder ...	25
Mr E W Hart ...	25
Dr Pestonjee Munchorjee Nicholson, GGMC	25
Mr G Cotton (Rs 5 monthly) ...	20
Two Hyderabad Friends ...	15
E J T " ...	10
Hon'ble Mr P M Mehta ...	10
Messrs Morarjee Goculdas & Co. ...	10
Mr Sorabjee Hormusjee Lakdavalla, Broach ...	10
Mr Aug M Misralli ...	10
G H ...	5
Mr Gelabhai Huridas ...	5
Mr F A Owen ...	5
Mr H A Geyer ...	5
Mr C S H Boggs, Esq ...	5
A C T ...	5
J D F ...	5
E M W ...	5
Mr Tharia Topan ...	5
Mr Vijbhucandass Atmaram ...	5
Mr Javerilal U Yajnik ...	5
Mr Gustave Rat ...	5
Mr F R Vicajee ...	5
Mrs A Bapty ...	5
Mr W Clerke ...	5
Hon'ble Mr R M Sayani ...	5
Mr Kavasji Dababhoy Dubash ...	5
Mr Jeevandas Dhurumsey ...	5
Mr Dwarkadas Dhurumsey ...	5
Mr Budroodin Tyabjee ...	5
Mr E H Elsworthy ...	5
Mr Jamaspjee Dustur Menocherjee ...	5
Mr J Griffiths ...	5
Mr S Tomlinson ...	5
A Catholic ...	5
Mr Nowrojee Manockjee Wadia ...	5
Mr C A Stuart ...	5
Sum under Rs 5 ...	43

Further subscriptions in aid of the funds of the Institution may be forwarded to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Bombay, or to the Treasurer, Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Grant Road, Girgaum. The Institution is open to deaf-mute boys of every class and creed, and the Committee will be happy to receive applications for admission from the parents or guardians of children, whether in Bombay or in the Mofussil.

July 4.
WILLIAM CROWDER, } Joint Trustees
THOS. M. MAJOR, }

AN ALL-ROUND REPORT.

REV. G. DUNCAN states that he recommends St. Jacobs Oil for rheumatism and neuralgia, as the most effectual cure he has ever known.

Mr. Jos. Young, of Golden Lion Hotel, Highstreet, Sunderland, writes:—"But more remarkable yet was the case of my wife, who had nearly lost the use of her arm from rheumatism, but thank God and St. Jacobs Oil she has got all right again."

"Although I was not able to rise from a sitting position without the aid of a chair," writes Mr. J. Clark, of 21 South Island Place, Brixton-road, London, "I was able to stand and walk after the application of St. Jacobs Oil."

"I feel so truly grateful I cannot help returning thanks," writes Mr. M. Price, of 14, Tabernacle square, Finsbury, London, E.C. His wrist that he had strained two years before, and which had given him pain without intermission, yielded like magic to the application of St. Jacobs Oil.

Mrs. Polsom, Gray's Inn-passage, Bedford-row, London, suffered from the effects of a sprained ankle for nineteen years. Many different remedies were tried without success. On applying St. Jacobs Oil, pain vanished, the swelling was reduced, and her ankle is as strong as ever.

Mr. W. Mitchell, The Vale, Kirby Bedon, Trouse, near Norwich, says: "St. Jacobs Oil has wrought wonderful cures among my men, who suffered from rheumatism and neuralgia. One man, who was hardly able to move in bed from a lame back, was instantaneously cured in a single night."

Sister Carolina, St. Andrew's Hospital, Clewer, Windsor, says: "I have found St. Jacobs Oil a most efficacious remedy in gout; also in sprains and bruises. Indeed, we cannot say too much in its praise, our doctor is ordering it constantly."

Mr. George Greenfield, of Billinghurst, Sussex, was afflicted with rheumatism in its worst form thirteen years. After using St. Jacobs Oil all pain left him, and he was restored to health.

Mr. F. Furnival, Master, British Schools, Marshfield, says: "Having suffered from neuralgia, I was quickly cured by one application of St. Jacobs Oil, after all other remedies had failed."

Mrs. D. Coast, of Grove Cottage, Sandway, Maidstone, Kent, says: "St. Jacobs Oil has cured me of neuralgia of two years' standing."

There is no bodily pain which cannot be removed by St. Jacobs Oil. It acts like magic. It cures when everything else has failed. It is the only absolute specific for rheumatism, neuralgia, and gout.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth, go at once to a chemist, and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste. It produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from the pain, and the little cherub, awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslowe's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon-road, London.

THE SIMLA SEASON.

HOUSE-RENTS NOW AND THEN.

IN these days of high rents and not too good accommodation in Simla, writes the local correspondent of the Allahabad paper, it is rather aggravating to take up an old book and read how cheap was house-property in this station fifty year ago. That little known writer, Charles J. French, in his *Concise and Cursory Narrative of Simla in the Himalaya Mountains*, tells how in 1839 the only house which reached Rs. 1,500 for the season was Abbey Ville, the rent of the majority varying from Rs. 400 to Rs. 800. There were then 120 "principal houses" in the station and their total annual rent was only Rs. 72,000. Now-a-days even the smallest of houses cost Rs. 1,000 for the season, while the annual rent has swollen to figures which can best be understood when it is stated that the *tax* this year on houses is over Rs. 56,000. French's book is interesting in many ways, as he gossips freely about Simla and Mushobra, and all with a simplicity which is rather amusing. Here is a little description which is worth reproduction:—"Mount Jako seems to be the pivot around which the Simla community revolve on their morning and evening perambulations. The circuit round this hill is about two or three miles, and consists of a broad pathway, rendered as level as the nature of hill roads will admit, and in the evening it forms the nucleus, around which groups of ladies and gentlemen are observed to congregate. Sometimes the road is entirely taken up with conveyances, when, to avoid accident or inconvenience, they are obliged to proceed in slow order; but when no such interruption exists a lady or two escorted by a gay cavalier may be seen on their steeds dashing by thicket and grove." Society did, presumably, fifty years ago much as we ourselves do to-day, and the gallop round Jako is still as much in vogue as it was in 1839, though the distance now is over five miles, and there is the "Ladies' mile," thanks to Lord Lytton Annandale, was in great favour apparently in those days. One author describes a grand fancy fair held there, when eight or ten "neatly-erected pavilions" were crowded with visitors from the Governor-General downwards; and he mentions incidentally that the little valley was frequently resorted to by pic-nic parties. There were races at that fair, the race-course being "a mile and a half in circumference, round a field on the tableland of the Annandale dell." "Amateur jockeys, bedecked in all the colours of the rainbow, acquitted themselves in style," &c. The word "gymkhana," if it was then invented, must have been as pleasant to sportsmen's ears as it is now, but where was 1½ mile (r. c.) got at Annandale?

MATTERS THEATRICAL.

Picturesque old Simla, with its "Coffin Hall" and other strange features, has passed away in these practical days of corrugated iron roofs and architectural abominations, so it must not be longer dwelt upon. I should, however, like to unearth some old files to see how matters theatrical prospered in those days. Were the amateurs tenderly dealt with by the critics, or was there no mercy shown when once a person faced the foot-lights? I ask this question *apropos* of the matinee of last Wednesday, which was distinctly below the high standard of excellence which the Amateur Dramatic Club has hitherto been supposed to strive after. The first part of the programme happily included a pianoforte solo by Miss Joubert, but this was partly spoiled as the piano was not powerful enough. *Our Toys*, a fancy extravaganza by Corney Grain, was dull and depressing in spite of the humour of Mr. F. Norris as the wooden soldier. The five children who figured as fairies were only on the stage a few minutes, but they were very heartily welcome. The Fairy Queen spoke the words of her part very effectively and clearly indeed. But we want something better than *Our Toys* another time, and I am sure that we shall get it, for the A. D. C. are too wise to run "poor shows." The theatre was, by the way, crowded to excess, the upper portion, to which the general public are admitted, being filled long before the curtain rose. It was literally a case of "turning money from the doors," and many were the complaints made by those unfortunate ones who could not get admission. The stalls and the lower tier of boxes are reserved for members of the A.D.C., and as only a limited number of seats are available the number of members must be limited also. Hence each year only a few vacancies are balloted for. New visitors who do not draw a lucky number may grumble and protest against the exclusiveness of the Club, but no other arrangement is possible so long as the accommodation in the theatre is limited. The next regular performance is *The Private Secretary* on July 4th and 5th, and it is said that *The Yeoman of the Guard* will really be produced later in the season.

HYMEN'S DEVOTEES.

The second marriage of the season has taken place and we are promised two or three more before the winter. On Tuesday the little church at Boileaugunge was crowded to witness the marriage of Miss Locke and Colonel Prettyman. The Bishop of Lahore, assisted by Archdeacon Tribe, conducted the service. Among the guests present were the Commander-in-Chief and Lady Roberts, the Lieutenant-Governor and Lady Lyall, and General and Mrs. Chesney. General and Mrs. Luck received their guests afterwards at "Ava Lodge," and amid the usual showers of rice the bride and bridegroom started for Mushobra, the only place near where honeymoons can be spent.

THE TOWN HALL.

Something has really been done at last to make the interior of the Town Hall less ugly and repulsive. The walls of the rooms and passages have now been coloured a light pink and the wooden dodo round the large ball-room is being put up. The Volunteers are likely to be the first to reap the benefit of the improvements, as they are giving a dance on July the 12th.

FOOTBALL.

Football is being played with a good deal of spirit again this year, the matches coming off "wet or dry," which means that occasionally the ground is very heavy indeed. Yesterday Simla played the Union Club, but the former could only raise eight men (Durand, Roberts, Robertson, Hind, Thompson, O'Dwyer, Vaughan, Rogers and Browne) and had to get the services of three substitutes. The Union have been strengthened by the pick of Bishop Cotton School and are now very strong. They won the match by six goals to love. It was rather a rough game and there were several casualties: Browne and Thomson had to leave the ground disabled, and a third man was also hurt. But the falls are not so bad as when the ground was sun-backed in the summer.

RAIN.

We are getting a very liberal supply of rain: an excess of four inches over the average has been registered since the first of the month. A curious phenomenon was noticed a few days ago. The day was close and misty, the clouds filling all the valleys, and yet a fine dust fell for hours together. It would almost seem as if a dust-storm had taken place away in the plains and the upper currents of air had carried the fine particles high into the hills. Perhaps our meteorologists can explain this unusual occurrence, and they may at the same time account for the plague of sandflies which was fallen upon Simla this season.

BLACK ANTS.

BLACK ants having attained the importance of a nuisance, and of newspaper enquiry as to their destruction, writes a contemporary, it is interesting to observe the methods which are suggested to wage war against them. It would seem that most people have had experience of them, and that the question of killing them has exercised many minds. The plan of pouring kerosine oil into the holes of black-ants, as suggested by one correspondent, was recommended by a well-known "Frontier" naturalist some time ago, great reliance seeming to be placed on its villainous smell, and with reason. But the plan of a correspondent, which involves rather the seduction of the ants to other quarters, instead of their slaughter, seems to be of the character of a compromise which may be adopted with hesitation by a scrupulous conscience. It pampers the bad appetites of the ant inasmuch as it provides candied water for consumption as an inducement for it to go away. An earthen jar buried a distance from the nest should be filled with this sweetened water, and some of the water spilt along the way leading to it: and one ant should be put on the track, when he would soon spread the news and get the others to follow. This seems much like a concession to sin, and perhaps objectionable on that ground: but to suppose that a black-ant requires to be put in the way of finding that candied water is about, seems to show much simplicity of mind in our correspondent. The difficulty always rather is to prevent black ants from making such discoveries.

A NATIVE appeal nawis of the Chief Court, Lahore, named Lohari Mul, has sent a petition to the Judges of the Chief Court, asking them to take decisive measures against the *dalals*, who are in the habit of constantly lurking about the Chief Court premises for the purpose of waylaying clients. The petitioner has undertaken the responsibility of proving that *dalali* is being largely given by some of the members of the legal profession, and as the system has proved highly detrimental to the public, as well as to the members of the bar, some arrangements should be made by which the *dalals* may be brought to book.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following season reports for the week ending 2nd July are published in yesterday's *Government Gazette*.—

Karachi.—Rain Karachi 79 cents; average of 5 other stations 57 2-5 cents. River Kotri on 1st 16½ feet against 10 feet 7 inches on same date last year. Rabi crops removed; kharif preparations still continue; rabi blight in Mirpur Batoro; sugarcane in Sakro attacked by disease. Locusts in taluka Jati; no damage. Cattle in poor condition in three talukas.

Shikarpur.—In Mitho Indus embankment breaches unclosable: the canal breached both banks in many places by floods; the floods are spreading and endangering Larkhana Town. Rain in three talukas. Indus 14 feet 6 inches, very high for season. Prospects promising.

Hyderabad.—Kharif cultivation in progress. Slight rain on the 29th. Weather cloudy. Locusts appeared in Tando Alahyar Taluka, but no damage done. Agricultural stock unhealthy.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Rain on the 30th 1 inch 6 cents. Water-supply good except in new Edenwah. Bajri 38, rice 16 pounds per rupee.

Ahmedabad.—Rain throughout the district, maximum 5 inches and 17 cents at Modasa, minimum 1 inch and 70 cents at Gogha. Sowing of bajri generally commenced. Locusts passed through some villages of Parantij Taluka toward Idar.

Panch Mahals.—Good rain throughout the district. Public health good. Prices, bajri 15½ seers, wheat 10½, maize 18 per rupee.

Kaira.—Rain throughout the district; maximum at Matar 4 inches 90 cents, minimum at Thasra 3 inches; Kaira 5 inches 31 cents; total at Kaira 10 inches 36 cents. Sowings in progress everywhere in the district, the rainfall being agreeable. Agricultural stock good. Bajri 29, wheat 25¼, and rice 17 pounds.

Broach.—Scanty rain throughout the district during the week; maximum 2 inches and 7 cents at Vagra, and minimum 88 cents at Broach. Cultivation not commenced for want of sufficient rain. Scarcity of fodder in Broach, Jambusar, and Vagra Talukas. Cattle healthy. Prices of food-grains normal.

Surat.—Rain maximum Pardi 4 inches 44 cents, minimum Olpad 37 cents; total maximum Pardi 8 inches 48 cents, minimum Olpad 1 inch 57 cents. Land being prepared for kharif crops, but rain wanted in northern talukas; kharif sowing has commenced in Bardoli, Chikli, Bulsar, and Pardi. Rice sowing in progress in Bardoli, Jalalpor, Bulsar, and Chikhli. Agricultural stock good. Price of food-grains normal. Cholera in Bulsar and Pardi, 29 deaths; slightly in Olpad, Chorasi, Mandvi, and Surat City—total 38 cases and 34 deaths.

Khandesh.—Rain maximum in Taloda 6 inches 10 cents, minimum in Erandol 22 cents. Kharif sowings in progress in eight talukas where the rainfall is sufficient; elsewhere retarded. Cattle disease in Amalner; condition of cattle continues to be unsatisfactory. Cholera in five talukas and 1 peta—180 cases, 68 deaths; small-pox in three talukas. Average prices of food-grains as before.

Nasik.—Rain during the week 68 cents, total 2 inches 52 cents; maximum at Igatpuri 11 inches 25 cents, and minimum at Kalvan 34 cents. Sowing retarded owing to want of rain. Prices slightly rising in Nasik and Chandor. Cholera in Nasik, Igatpuri, and Chandor Talukas; cases 56, fatal 35.

Colaba (Bombay.)—Rain every day, except on 30th and 2nd, heavy on 26th; total of week 6 inches 17 cents; total to date 20 inches 57 cents, being 2 inches 96 cents below average. Abnormal temperature rose from 4 deg. cool on 26th to 1 deg. warm on 29th, remained 1 deg. warm on 30th and was 2 deg. warm on 1st and 2nd. Vapour in air normal on 26th and 27th and afterwards excessive. Abnormal wind northerly on 27th and 28th, easterly from 30th to 2nd; wind normal on 26th and 29th.

Thana.—Rain 17 inches 50 cents, total 26 inches 44 cents; heavy rain on the 25th June; rain general. Sowing of kharif crops nearly finished. Cholera in Vada, Shahapur, and Bhiwndi Talukas; cases 31, fatal 27. Condition of agricultural stock good. Price, second sort rice, 19 pounds as compared with 22 pounds in the corresponding week last year.

Kolaba.—(Report for the week ending 1st July 1889.)—Rain 14 inches 71 cents, total 28 inches 16 cents. Public health good; small-pox still lingers in Pen and Alibag Talukas; measles in Alibag only. Agricultural stock healthy. Condition of crops good; transplantation commenced in some places. Rice, second sort, 21 pounds; tur dal, second sort, 18½ pounds.

Ratnagiri.—Heavy rain throughout the district; maximum 24 inches and 21 cents at Rajapur, minimum 14 inches and 22 cents at Devgad. Sowing and transplantation continue. Public health good.

Poona.—Drizzling rain in all talukas except Bhimthadi where there was none; maximum 3 inches and 78 cents in petha Mulshi and minimum 2 cents in Indapur and Sirur Talukas; more rain wanted throughout the district. Transplantation and sowing of rice and nagli in progress in Maval portion of the district; in Deshi portion sowing of kharif not yet commenced owing to insufficient moisture. Agricultural stock good. Scarcity of fodder in two talukas. Cholera in Sirur and Haveli Talukas; 11 attacks and 4 deaths. Bajri 27 and jowari 32 pounds in the district, and bajri 25 and jowari 30 pounds per rupee in Poona City.

Ahmednagar.—Rain maximum Shevgaon 85 cents, minimum Shrigonda 4. Sowing of kharif retarded for want of rain in seven talukas. Scarcity of drinking water and fodder in five talukas. Cholera in parts of Nagar, Jamkhed, Kopargaon, and Samgamner; attacks 156, deaths 69. Bajri 28 and jowari 38 pounds.

Sholapur.—Rain maximum Karmala 86 cents, minimum Sholapur 8 cents. Hundi and maize crops in Sangola and Malsiras Talukas are flourishing, and sugarcane plantations in Sangola, Malsiras, and Barsi Talukas are doing well; sowing operation has not been commenced for want of sufficient rain; sowing of turmeric in the Barsi and that of maize and chillies in bagayat lands in Malsiras Taluka commenced. Small-pox in two villages of Madha Taluka still continues; cholera in Sholapur, Barsi, Madha, and Karmala, 467 cases and 213 deaths. Land is being prepared for the next season. Weather cloudy. Average prices of food-grains as before.

Satara.—Rain Satara 1 inch 34 cents, total 6 inches 59 cents; in talukas maximum Javli 3 inches 14 cents, minimum Tasgaon 38 cents; no rain in Khanapur and Man. Sowing of kharif in progress in all talukas except Tasgaon. Agricultural stock good. Prices of fodder high. More rain wanted.

Bijapur.—Rain maximum Indi 89 cents minimum Bagalkot 9 cents, 1 in Bagevadi. Sowing retarded for want of moisture. Slight cholera in all talukas except Hungund. Agricultural condition good.

Belgaum.—Rain at Belgaum 3 inches 3 cents, total 17 inches 82 cents; more rain required for sowing to the north-east. Agricultural stock good.

Kanara.—Rain throughout district; maximum Karwar 16 inches 47 cents, minimum Haliyal 2 inches 25 cents. Rice plants healthy; transplanting in progress in some places. Small-pox in five talukas and cattle-disease in two.

Rajkot.—Rain 1 inch 25 cents, total 1 inch 60 cents. Sowing operations commenced in some parts of Halar and Sorath. Agricultural stock weak owing to scarcity of fodder.

Wadhwan.—Rain 1 inch 12 cents, total 3 inches 59 cents. Weather cloudy and warm. Sowing operations commenced. Fodder scarcity felt.

Baroda.—3 inches 71 cents during week, total 10 inches 69 cents. Cholera continues in Baroda City, 122 cases, 47 fatal; small-pox in Navsari Taluka. Sowing operations begun. Condition of agricultural stock generally fair. Scarcity of grass in Amreli. Price bajri 26, wheat 18, rice 17 pounds.

General Remarks.—Rain throughout Presidency Proper and Sind, but insufficient in many places. Sowing progressing in several districts, but retarded in parts of Broach, Nasik, Khandesh, Sholapur, Poona, Ahmednagar, Bijapur and Belgaum for want of sufficient rain. Rabi crops removed in Karachi District, rabi blight in Mirpur Batoro, and sugarcane in Sakro in Karachi District attacked by disease. Locusts in one taluka of Karachi and one of Hyderabad; also passed through some villages of Ahmedabad. Mitho Indus embankment in Shikarpur breached by floods, which are spreading and endangering Larkhana Town.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
BOMBAY, 3rd July, 1889.

Mean of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·704
Temperature of the Air	82·3
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78·7
Dew Point	77·5
Relative humidity of Air	·856
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10).	8·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a. m., next day)....	86·7
Minimum do. do (read at 8 a.m.)	78·0
General Directions of Wind.* ....S, SSE, S, SSW.	WSW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	248
Fall of Rain	1·14
Total fall during month	1·15
" " year	21·71
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 4th July..	0·86

* From midnight to midnight.

THE Government of India is now engaged in considering the details of the measures necessary for enlarging the Legislative Councils, as foreshadowed in the Viceroy's speech on the Budget. No decision is likely to be made public for some time to come.

THE MADRAS MILITARY PROSECUTION.

THE further hearing of the case in which Honorary Captain George Mathias Dorsey and Store Sergeant Hogg, of the Madras Gun Carriage Factory, stand charged, under Sections 409 and 420 I. P. C. with the offences of criminal breach of trust by a servant and cheating, in respect of the sum of Rs. 119-12-6, was resumed on Tuesday at the Egmore Presidency Magistrate's Court before Colonel J. Macdonald Smith, Chief Presidency Magistrate. Mr. P. D. Shaw, Acting Crown Prosecutor, instructed by the Government Solicitor, conducted the prosecution and Mr. C. W. Wilson, of the firm of Messrs. Wilson and King, appeared on behalf of the accused.

Cross-examined by Mr. Wilson, witness Moonesawmy said:—I remember the interviews my master had with Captain Dorsey in 1885. I remember them on referring to the entries in the book. Without referring to the book I can remember the interviews well enough, but I cannot give dates. It was a regular habit with Captain Dorsey to call at the shop the day previous to that on which he took delivery of such goods as he wanted. It was not his regular habit to do so always, but I remember he did so on the occasions spoken to. I cannot say why Captain Dorsey came to order the goods on one day and to settle the prices on another. He lived two miles away from our shop. Whenever an old customer made any objection to the prices charged my master would make a reduction and would even sacrifice his profit to keep his customer. My master can write bills in English, but if there was much to be written I do not think he could do it. I remember the refund of Rs. 51-12 made to Captain Dorsey through Sergeant Hogg, even without looking at the books. I cannot remember anything else happening that day except I refer to my books. My attention was called to this transaction in October 1888, but between October 1885 and 1888 there was nothing to draw attention to it. The entries in the day-book against the 12th November 1885 are not in my handwriting. It is shown against that date that Mr. Hogg paid Rs. 278-12-6 on Captain Dorsey's account. I was present when that payment was made, and I remember it. I would not have been able to remember it if I had not looked at the books. I was present when the sum of Rs. 36-14 was refunded to Captain Dorsey through Sergeant Hogg. I remember the conversation between my master and Sergeant Hogg on the occasion of this refund. I do not remember any other conversation which my master had on that day with anybody else. I remember that in Captain Dorsey's transaction I wrote the entries on the slate, and my master put down the prices. Captain Dorsey frequently sent chits for goods. He had done so since 1882. I cannot say whether any of the goods referred to by the prosecution were delivered on chits. Captain Dorsey always called personally and ordered the goods. I remember that in the transactions referred to in the present charge no chits were sent by Captain Dorsey.

Mr. Shaw, after briefly re-examining this witness, submitted that a *prima-facie* case of forgery, a non-bailable offence, had then been made out against the accused who therefore ought now to be committed to prison instead of being admitted to bail. Mr. Wilson contended that there was so far not a single particle of evidence against the accused, and there was absolutely no case against them with regard to the blank forms and papers, since no evidence had been adduced from the Gun Carriage Factory. His Worship decided to allow the acused to continue on bail.

Syed Murtuza Khan, the next witness examined for the prosecution, said: These invoices and receipts were handed to me by Store Sergeant Hogg. Two black papers bearing a stamped signature were handed to me by Sergeant Hogg together with the invoices. I have a distinct recollection that except the signature there was nothing else written on these papers which now purport to be receipts. I objected to these blank papers. I told Sergeant Hogg that it was not proper that he should give me these blank papers with a bare signature. He said "what do these vendors know. They do not know how to write English. All they say is bring the money, purchase the articles." He being a non-commissioned officer I took his word and filled up the receipt from the invoices which he at the same time brought me. This was done in the office. All the clerks and overseers were then in the office. I cannot now say exactly who the overseers were. Captain Dorsey and Captain Blazey were then the overseers, their place was in the office. They were Lieutenants then. Ordinarily before these goods were brought into store, sanction for their purchase was obtained from the Inspector-General. The invoice shows that the goods were purchased under such sanction. I prepared this application for sanction for the purchase of 112 gross of screws. I did so at the request of Store Sergeant Hogg, and under the orders of the Overseers. This is another application for sanction. It asks for sanction for entertainment of extra workmen and for the purchase of 10 cwt. of iron wrought bolt round 3-16th inch. It is dated 28th October 1885. This is another application for sanction to purchase 2 cwt. of iron, dated 27th October 1885. I am sure I prepared these applications at the request of Store-Sergeant Hogg, in the presence of Captain Blazey. This letter, sanctioning purchase of 10 cwt., &c., was received in our office from the Inspector General's Office. This is an application for sanction of 80 gross screws, 10 cwt. iron wire nails, &c. I wrote this as before. The invoice and receipt relating to this, do not mention 10 cwt., but 1,120 pounds at 1 anna 6 pie per lb. There is nothing irregular in this. The total of the items entered in the bill to the Examiner of Ordnance Accounts is Rs. 359-14-4. A cheque was drawn for this amount by the Presidency paymaster, and made payable to the Superintendent of the Factory. The cheque was cashed by head peon Rungiah, as the amount included the amounts of bills of different persons. There is an entry of the receipt of this cheque in the cash-book, against the 12th November. Against this entry is written, under the heading. "To whom paid," "Sergeant Hogg, on account petty stores for Burma expedition." We have an acknowledgment from Sergeant Hogg of the payment of this money in the bill-book. [Witness then referred to several entries in the office day-book and the gate pass-book, showing the receipt of the articles into the Factory.]

THE MEDICAL STAFF.

THE following letter, which appears in the *Irish Times*, may prove of interest to the Indian reader:—

SIR,—Regarding the question of rank for officers of the Medical Staff of our army which has caused so much stir lately, perhaps the following story might be worthy of a place in the columns of your extensively-circulated paper:—

"Brigade-Surgeon X., who was over fifty years of age and in charge of a large hospital, and also in command of a detachment of the Medical Staff Corps, on entering a mess one day, where sat several young subalterns, was cheerily addressed in a familiar and friendly manner by one of the boys thus—'Halloo, X., good morning. By the way, are you good at pick-me-ups over there (meaning the hospital), for I am awfully chippy this morning, don't you know.'

"Brigade-Surgeon X., being almost a stranger in the mess, answered civilly, 'Oh, yes,' and turned the conversation, feeling keenly at the same time, however, that his high-sounding titles of Brigade-Surgeon and Officer Commanding (a detachment of the Medical Staff Corps) were not considered of much importance or worthy of notice outside the hospital gates, and in fact carried no meaning or weight so far as young combatant officers were concerned.

"Shortly afterwards Major A—, a junior major from another regiment, but well-known in the mess, came in. At once the senior subaltern rose, and, with the usual respect used in addressing a senior officer, said:—'Good morning, major. Will you take a seat. Have you seen to-day's paper, sir,' at the same time handing the paper to him.

"Later on Colonel B——, of the Commissariat and Major C——, of the Army Pay Department, walked in, and they like the regimental major were treated with the respect due to the rank they had the honour to bear, and were addressed by their Army titles, as colonel and major, and not by their surnames, and no chafty reference was made to the 'meat and bread' in the colonel's case, or to the '£ s. d.' in the paymaster's.

"Quartermaster D——(formerly a sergeant in the regiment) and Surgeon P——, next arrived in the mess-room and were greeted by the youngsters in the same chaffy style used towards the Brigade Surgeon—*viz.*, 'Halloo, D——and P——, here you are. Saw you both looking very wise over that open drain in barracks. Was it quite Ess. Bouquet?'"

TOO TRUE.

GEORGE A. WESTERKILL, a young fellow of 25, committed suicide in Chicago by taking morphine. Lying on a table in the room in a way to indicate that Westerkill had been looking at it just previous to his taking the morphine, was a photograph of Miss Lydia Thompson, the burlesque actress. Beside it was—the American papers tell us—a letter from her, thanking Westerkill for the flowers and many favours he had shown her during her recent stay in Chicago. Persons connected with the Olympic Theatre say that Westerkill developed great despondency after the actress had left for the East.

A STAFF CORPS ANOMALY.

FROM time immemorial the military authorities have had a very delicate task in making promotions in the service run smoothly; but at intervals they seem to raise obstacles in their own path, says a writer in the *Civil and Military Gazette*. One of the latest anomalies that has come under our notice, he adds, is the promotion of 2nd-Lieutenants to the rank of Lieutenant, on permanent appointment to the Staff Corps. In the British service it generally takes between two and three years, if not more, for a 2nd-Lieutenant to obtain his Lieutenancy; but in the Staff Corps it is possible for a 2nd-Lieutenant to be promoted to Lieutenant after less than six months' service. Many military men will probably wonder how: it is simple enough, however, according to the rules. There being no such rank as 2nd-Lieutenant in the Staff Corps, a 2nd-Lieutenant, on permanent transfer to that Corps, is given the rank of Lieutenant. Now, an officer's appointment to the Staff Corps reckons from the day he first joined a native regiment on probation, so his promotion to Lieutenant is accordingly given with effect from the same date. But then it may be said that an officer must serve *one year* at least with his British regiment before he is allowed to join a native regiment. This is the rule. It was, however, relaxed last year, owing to the difficulty experienced in filling up the large number of vacancies in the Staff Corps, and officers were permitted to be appointed, on probation, with only a few months' service in a British regiment, provided they had passed their drills. Thus it came about that 2nd-Lieutenants joined a native regiment with less than six months' service, and their promotion to Lieutenant and their appointment to the Staff Corps was regulated accordingly. Even now, without any temporary relaxation whatever, it is evident that under these rules, a 2nd-Lieutenant may be promoted to Lieutenant in the Staff Corps with effect from a date when he had only one year's service—which is less than half the time it would take the same officer to attain that rank in his British regiment. Promotion of this order is not only an anomaly when compared with the promotion obtaining in British regiments, but it is also likely to press hard on officers who join the Staff Corps. For instance, a 2nd-Lieutenant of *one year's* service joins a native regiment to-day, and a 2nd-Lieutenant of eighteen months' service does the same thing tomorrow. On permanent transfer to the Staff Corps, the *one year* officer will be a senior Lieutenant to the other, although the latter has more service than the former, and may also have passed *all* his examinations first. We are, of course, well aware that the promotion to captain in the Staff Corps is a time promotion (that is, all lieutenants are promoted to captains after eleven years, service from date of *first* commission—four of which must have been in the Staff Corps) and that, therefore, the "eighteen months" officer will turn the tables again by being promoted to Captain six months before the *one year* officer. This, however, only makes it all the more an anomaly. For nine years or so the *eighteen months* officer will be deprived of his seniority; and, if the two officers be in the same regiment, the *one year* officer will, if qualified, be the first on the roll for all regimental appointments, officiating or otherwise. Such an arrangement is a hardship as well as an anomaly.

BENGAL.

AN ATTORNEY'S SHORTCOMINGS.—At the Calcutta High Court on Monday, before the Hon. Justice Norris, Mr. Sale, on behalf of a plaintiff in a recent suit, applied for leave for the restoration of the suit, which had been dismissed owing to the absence of the parties in the case. The grounds on which the application was made were as follows:—The cause duly came up on the Peremptory Board one day. The parties to it were desirous of coming to a settlement, and on the day the case was on the Board, the attorneys on both sides were engaged in arranging the terms of settlement and did not instruct counsel to appear. The result was the case was dismissed. It was intended to have it restored and then withdrawn with the sanction of the Court so as to further the withdrawal of a number of other suits. Mr. T. Apcar opposed the application, and drew attention to an affidavit which had been filed in support of the application, and signed not by the attorney concerned but his clerk. This clerk, Mr. Apcar asserted, had sworn to certain facts of which he could not have been personally cognizant, and besides this, there was no reason whatever for the restoration of this suit. His Lordship granted the application on payment of costs by the applicant adding that he wished he could have made the attorney pay the costs as it was entirely due to his stupidity and blundering that counsel had not been engaged at the hearing.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

July 6.—Cricket, Gymkhana *vs.* Ralli Brothers' C. C.
Meeting, Badham, Pile and Company.
8.—Municipal Corporation.
9.—Mail steamer Peshawar departs.
13.—Cricket, Civil *vs.* Military.
10.—Municipal Standing Committee.
16.—Mail steamer Assam departs.
17.—Municipal Standing Committee.
Royal Bombay Yacht Club.
20.—Cricket, Gymkhana *vs.* Hindu C. C.
22.—Bombay Livery Stable Company.
Wynaad Goldmining Company.
Bombay Insurance Company.
Forbes and Company's Constituents' Insurance Company.
23.—Mail steamer Coromandel departs.
24.—Municipal Standing Committee.
30.—Mail steamer Siam departs.
31.—Municipal Standing Committee.
Aug. 3.—Cricket, Gymkhana *vs.* Mr. Penstone's XI.
7.—Municipal Standing Committee.
9.—Cricket, Bombay *vs.* Poona.
10.—Cricket, Bombay *vs.* Poona.
14.—Municipal Standing Committee.
17.—Cricket, Gymkhana *vs.* Parsees.
19.—Cricket, Gymkhana *vs.* Parsees.
21.—Municipal Standing Committee.
23.—Assault-at-Arms at Poona.
24.—Assault-at-Arms at Poona.
Cricket, Civil *vs.* Military (return.)
28.—Municipal Standing Committee.
30.—Cricket, Gymkhana *vs.* G. I. P. Railway.
Sept. 6.—Cricket at Poona, Bombay *vs.* Poona.
7.—Cricket at Poona, Bombay *vs.* Poona.
9.—Cricket at Poona, North *vs.* South.
10.—Cricket at Poona, North *vs.* South.
11.—Cricket at Poona, North *vs.* South.
16.—Cricket, Gymkhana *vs.* Parsees.
17.—Cricket, Gymkhana *vs.* Parsees.
19.—Poona Races.
21.—Poona Races.
Cricket, Gymkhana *vs.* Hindu C. C.
24.—Poona Races.
26.—Poona Races.
28.—Poona Races.

EITHER the Russian police have an object in creating a sort of panic in Government circles by the implied extent of their discoveries of treason or those discoveries are very largely exaggerated, writes an Odessa correspondent. The fact seems to be that there exists a kind of semi-socialistic disaffection among subalterns in the army and navy and among civil servants, which arises from causes very much akin to those which usually agitate trades unions in Western countries. Regimental and official peculation has been severely dealt with during the present reign and made almost impossible by the watchful and rigid supervision of the Czar; but both classes are miserably underpaid. Hence the widespread discontent and disaffection. The police, however, class every malcontent as a Nihilist. Though from disaffection to Nihilism is, unfortunately, but a short and easy transition wherever the disaffected lend an ear to the insidious doctrine of the ubiquitous agitator, yet the sweeping indictment of the Russian police against the whole discontented official class is not to be implicitly believed.

THE survivors of the garrison of Lucknow dined together at the Holborn Restaurant three weeks ago. It is thirty-one years since they fought together in the Residency, and there was but a bare handful of survivors. The London correspondent of the *Liverpool Daily Post* tells us that there is no particular reminiscence connected with the 12th June 1889 and the 12th June 1857. The men under the command of Sir Henry Lawrence were not yet shut up in the Residency, though the Mutiny had already broken out. It was not till the 1st July that the siege commenced, and on the next day Lawrence, sitting at breakfast in a small room looking on to a verandah, was mortally wounded by a shell that came through a narrow window. The ruins of the Residency stand to this day, the room where Lawrence met his death being in better preservation than much of the rest. The hole in the outer wall through which the shell passed is there precisely as it was made on that far-off July day, and one can clearly trace its course across the verandah through the window into the little room where the British Resident sat, apparently in full security.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE ORIENTAL CONGRESS.

THE *Gujerat Mitra* says:—His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda acts well in sending one of his young judges, Mr. Dhru, B.A., LL.B., a deserving and a rising young official in that State, to Europe with a view to represent himself in the coming Oriental Conference. The public will cordially wish Mr. Dhru every success in his pleasing and important mission.

THE BATTLE OF THE VERNACULARS.

The *Rast Goftar* says:—The sleeping patriotism of our Hindu fellow-citizens having been aroused by the prevailing spirit of agitation, it is not to be wondered at that their eyes have been opened to the process of denationalization, which has long been going on under the impetus of Western education. The almost universal study of the English language by natives of India has naturally thrown the vernaculars into the background, and fears are not unreasonably entertained that in course of time the vernaculars will entirely die out and English become the common language of India. For our part we think that that is a consummation devoutly to be wished. If the rulers and the ruled ever become one in language they will soon become one in sentiment. Of the two requisites for bringing about a fusion of different races, one is a common language and the other is a common religion. As there is not the remotest chance of the thousand and one races of India becoming one by the tie of religion, the next best thing that can happen to them is to become united by language, and we think the existing gulf between the ruler and the ruled will be more than half bridged over if English becomes the common language of India.

THE INDIAN PROBLEM.

The *Indian Spectator* says:—The Indian problem is growing yearly in urgency, but the India Office is opposed to a Parliamentary enquiry, though, as we showed once more in our last issue, such enquiry is now overdue; and the Press and Parliament of England are being more and more dominated by Anglo-Indian influence and opinion. At such a time there was sore need of such friends of justice, and earnest and independent Englishmen like Mr. Bright, Professor Fawcett, Major Evans Bell, Mr. Chesson, Mr. Slagg, and Colonel Osborn to inform and instruct public opinion in England. Unfortunately for us they have been removed by the cruel hand of death one after another, within the last two or three years; and there is now no means of carrying out that most essential object. Mr. Bradlaugh is trying to fight our battle in the House of Commons; but he is single-handed, and Mr. Digby seems to be busy with too many things. We are glad to learn that an attempt has been set on foot to re-organise an informal committee formed under Mr. Bright's approval in 1883. A first condition of the success of any such effort, however, is an unstinted supply of facts and information regarding every important question connected with India, and of means to enable our friends to place those facts and that information before the English public in due form. It appears to us that the National Congress party should address itself first of all to this matter; otherwise, great harm will be done to Indian interests, as their inattention to it results, at critical moments, in what practically amounts to default when the opinion of that public is deciding questions of grave import to the weal or woe of this country.

THE PLEDGE GIVEN TO THE MAMLATDARS.

The *Gujerat Mitra* says:—No reasonable man will fail to comprehend the peculiar position in which Lord Reay's Government were placed in passing a pledge to the officials who preferred to reveal the system of corruption which had flourished under Crawford's *regime*. The state of things revealed was so monstrous and so entirely due to the most prominent member involved, that any high authorities, directly stirred by the revelations, would have given anything for the disclosures. The unforeseen occurred; and the question of the pledge passed under the control of a higher authority than Lord Reay. There, a very strong view was taken of the necessity of at least inflicting some punishment on those who, wilfully and without protest, yielded to corruption. We now find a number of Mamlatdars deprived of their judicial powers and a much larger number transferred. We presume had a much more vital principle been involved, and Lord Reay found himself nonplussed, His Excellency would have been justified in vindicating his honor by open action, but would not have awaited any suggestion. Those who have been degraded might as well look upon the Bombay Government for their fate as for any catastrophe that may come to them from the Heavens.

THE PARSEES AND THE CONGRESS.

The *Rast Goftar* says:—A correspondent, who appears to be a close observer of the inner life of the Parsees, contends that the Parsees, who are gravitating towards European thoughts, habits and feelings, are steadily dissociating themselves from all other classes of natives, and that this community, with their progressive civilization, will have no sympathy whatever with the Congress, for they can possibly have none. We are at one with the writer, as, indeed, we have steadily maintained all along that the current of Parsee opinion and feeling is decidedly against the Congress. But we do not agree with him in the policy of masterly inactivity which he suggests. Leave the Parsees alone, leave them to their own unaided intelligence and their best instincts, and they will themselves hold aloof from the "national" movement. The writer has great faith in the future of the Parsee community. He has great faith in the power and brightness of the intelligence of their womankind. In his opinion, the social upheaval which has been at work among them carries them higher and higher from the level at which they see the other subject races of India.

FINANCIAL JUSTICE TO INDIA.

Says the *Indian Spectator*:—Verily, the indefatigable and versatile Chairman of the Chamber of Commerce is determined that he will not allow the grass to grow under his feet. It is barely five months since we heard him last, discoursing at length on a variety of subjects in which he and his colleagues of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce were interested. And now they met to review their proceedings of the past six months. To topics purely commercial, that body has now added topics, fiscal and financial, generally affecting the interests of the empire at large. This additional portfolio seems to be in the safe keeping of our "supplemental" Finance Minister. And so long as he confines his observations on the current financial questions of the day to the exposition of the views of his special Chamber, nothing could be more satisfactory. There is, however, the risk that the temptation to roam wide over the whole field of high politics, for a non-official English gentleman of Mr. Adam's position, might perchance lead to the opinion of his Chamber being mistaken as the opinion of the non-official native public at large. Not that he ever deliberately gave expression to views which might not be the views of the native community. Far from it. We would be doing a grave injustice to a gentleman of Mr. Adam's public career, were we to ascribe to him any such motive. What we here desire to point out, in native interests alone, is the probability of some careless expression escaping him, which exalted personages and the lesser lights for the time being in power may construe into an authoritative echo of non-official native opinion.

The *Gujerati* says:—The Hon. Mr. Forbes Adam, in his address to the local Chamber, passed under review about ten subjects with that ability, moderation, and lucidity which invariably characterises his addresses. After alluding to the initial drawbacks of the Merchandise Marks Act, the speaker dwelt at length on the question of wheat adulteration. We are glad to learn that, despite the uncompromising attitude taken up by the London Corn Trade Association, the local Chamber does not mean to allow the discussion of the question to drop but are anxious to bring about the necessary modification in the present contract system by perseverance and persistency without the aid of legislation. It is really gratifying that Lord Reay has from the outset taken great interest in the question, and it is to be hoped that the Secretary of State supported by a strong public opinion and the almost unanimous voice of provincial English millers will be able to induce the advocates of the present anomaly in London to accept the two per cent. refraction basis. It is a pity that our local political association has not yet taken up the question of silver duties. The Chamber of Commerce and the Indian government have done their duty and it is rather a painful surprise that the principal native associations in the country have been found napping all this time.

THE Stock Exchange has not yet settled down work after the holidays, and the other day the "House" indulged in one of the practical jokes for which it is notorious. The London correspondent of the *Liverpool Daily Post* says a young gentleman walked into the Exchange wearing a pair of the newest little yellow boots. He immediately created more effect than he had bargained for. A big crowd formed round him, hooting, chaffing, and pushing, and causing the youth an infinite amount of mental pain, which he endeavoured to hide by constant laughter. Finally, two or three of the more lively spirits seated him on the ground, and removed his shoes the more carefully to inspect them, when it was discovered that although otherwise well dressed he had three decisive holes in his socks.

PURE PERSONALITIES.

I HEAR much (says a country gossip) of the entertainment which is being prepared for the Shah by one of the members of the great Eastern house of the Sassoons, by whom the Empire Theatre has been taken for a matinee in honor of his Majesty. By the way, I hear from a distinguished traveller who has visited the Shah in his own country, and knows more about Persia than most men, that his Majesty is in reality not at all a bad fellow for an Eastern monarch. He has ideas of what is right and just much more fully developed than have those who surround him, and were he really the absolute potentate he is in theory would order things in his kingdom much more wisely than is now the case. But he is of necessity very much at the mercy of his immediate attendants who have their own axes to grind, and are not slow to do it, even at the expense of the good name of their master. This will in all probability, account for the story of the paste diamonds which is being recorded in connection with the Shah's former visit to England.

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Baron Ferdinand de Rothschild who is about to entertain the Shah at his country-seat during the visit of the Persian potentate is known as the hospitable member of the great Jewish family of financiers. He is only just the wrong side of 50, and is the son of Aurelius Baron de Rothschild of Vienna. He was born in Paris, but has spent most of his life in England, and although he has been returned by the free and independent electors of Aylesbury, on two occasions, to represent them in Parliament, he is not in the foremost ranks of legislators.

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As an art collector he excels. Some beautiful pictures and the rarest of china may be found in his house at Piccadilly; while his country-seat at Waddesdon, Bucks, contains a collection which it would be difficult to surpass. The Manor is about seven miles from Aylesbury. It was erected on a plan of Baron Albert's palace at Vienna, and is a most magnificent structure. The Shah will here find amusement to satisfy even his most exigeant tastes; for his host has a will that is hospitable to a degree, and a way to the extent of about £200,'00 a year.

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Mr. Mortimer Menpes who, in about three months, will be leaving England for Persia, where he will remain a year on a sketching tour, is meanwhile engaged in completing the 10 etchings of town life he is contributing to the work on "Picturesque London," which Mr. Justin McCarthy, M.P., and Mrs. Campbell Praed are writing in collaboration. One of these will include a drawing of the Lobby of the House of Commons, which Mr. Menpes visited a short time since in company with Mr. McCarthy, and which certainly possesses, though not with regard to the members and journalists who throng its floor, some elements of the picturesque. The book in its original form will be an *edition de luxe*, published probably at ten guineas, and limited to a hundred copies, but a popular edition will follow.

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The London correspondent of the *Leeds Mercury* says:—I hear upon good authority that the heirs-at-law of the late Earl of Caithness will contest the validity of the will under which his friend Mr. Heathcote inherits the bulk of the Scotch and English property. Sir James Buchanan, who represents the female line of the late Earl's family, will probably take the lead in the legal proceedings, and I hear that the rumour of these has already provoked overtures with reference to some amicable arrangement by which the Scotch property will be annexed to the title and pass to the claimant, Mr. Sinclair, of Aberdeen, whose claim is regarded as indisputable. It is obvious that in the absence of some such arrangement either friendly or by legal decision, Mr. Sinclair will not assume the title. The newly-found heir to the Earldom is Mr. George Alexander, an examining officer in the outdoo department of the Customs. If he can make out his title to the earldom, the case will be one of the most remarkable ever known, for although the relationship is said to be clear, it is extremely remote.

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As everyone interested in such matters now knows, says *Truth*, the Queen recently abolished the rule which prevented ladies who had divorced their husbands from appearing at Court. A lady who has divorced her husband for his misconduct, there being nothing against herself may now attend a Drawing-room, provided that she receives special permission, which, however, is not granted until the Queen has satisfied herself by reading a report of the trial in which the applicant figured that the aforesaid applicant's conduct has been free from blame.

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"There has been quite a rush of ladies in this situation for leave to come to Court and some who desired to attend the last Drawing-room were unable to do so, as the Queen had not found time to investigate their marital antecedents. Her Majesty seems rather capricious in the matter for she peremptorily refused the application of one lady whose conduct has been absolutely blameless, although great interest was privately exerted in order to obtain a favourable answer.

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"I have just head," says a gossip, "an amusing little incident of the Court ball. The Prince of Wales asked a girl to dance, and she declined, saying she was tired. The real reason was a pair of excessively tight shoes; but fancy such a breach of etiquette as refusing the Prince's command, for such are all royal requests. The Prince took not the smallest notice of her refusal—perhaps did not even hear it. He put his arm round her, waltzed her round the room two or three times, treading unmercifully but unintentionally on her unlucky toes (you know his style), and then returned her to her chaperon, crippled utterly, and almost crying with anguish. The lady in question gave her a very warm reception, inquiring how she had dared to refuse the Prince's request. So there was one very unhappy person at Buckingham Palace that night."

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There is as much grumbling now in Paris because Madame Carnot affects a sort of semistate as there used to be when the Grevy family behaved with a too-economical Republican simplicity. Great indignation was expressed by some ladies belonging to the diplomatic circle, because Madame Carnot received them at some formal ceremony seated, and with a General standing at the back of her chair with her shawl over his arm.

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Ladies unfriendly to the Republic jeer, saying, "Madame Carnot insists on the wives of her husband's aides-de-camp, &c., serving her as ladies-in-waiting, but as she gives them no salary, they are put to a great deal of expense they can ill afford. If anyone admires the splendid and tasteful dresses of the President's wife, he is instantly told that they are all gifts from manufacturers, and really this seems not unlikely for the papers tell us that the President took back to Madame Carnot four complete lace gowns, besides a great many other articles of dress, which he had accepted at the hands of the lace merchants on his recent visits to Caen, and at each visit to the Exhibition toll seems to be taken in kind at the various department."

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This is a description of Stepniak—the Russian Nihilist who lives in England—written by an appreciative journalists. He is of immense strength, both physically and mentally. Of clearly Jewish origin, he has a bodily frame cast in a gigantic mould. Not more than five feet nine or ten inches in stature, he has the shoulders of a Samson, a hand of enormous power, with the tenderness of a woman in its grasp, a leonine head, with thick black hair and beard. His courage is perfect. His coolness is utterly incapable of disturbance in the most strenuous emergencies.

⁂

Prince Soltykoff, who helps to arbitrate in the Chetwynd-Durham case, is a Russian, as his name denotes. But he prefers England to Russia; at all events, he has been a well-known figure in English society during the past score of years. His wife was a very beautiful woman, and as amiable as your cultured Russian lady always is. The Prince himself, although he is among the sixties, is still a handsome man enough, with a slightly bald head, a heavy moustache, and bright humorous eyes. He is the wealthy owner of large estates in Russia, but although he has a keen appreciation of sport he does not maintain a large stud. He is a modest man in every way, but not on that account, be it said, the less popular in society. This is the first year he has served as a steward to the Jockey Club, and so far he has given entire satisfaction in a position which most men find very trying.

⁂

Mr. Lockwood, Q.C., has had an offer from Messrs. Murray, the well-known publishers, at Albemarle-street, who are desirous of purchasing from him a series of the caricatures he has amused himself and his brother counsel by drawing the run of the Parnell Commission.

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP.—Pure, mild, and emollient.—This essentially complexion soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence has a soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency, is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the toilet and the bath. Indispensable for children. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all chemists. Agents, Treacher and Co., Bombay.

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Is made from the Choicest Hops Grown.

HAY'S HOP ALE.

The New Aerated Beverage, with full flavour of the finest Hops, is a really appetizing Bitter Beer.

TRADE MARK

REGISTERED.

Aerated Water Manufrs. -
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Club Stewards - - -

Are requested to try this Essence. They will find the **HOP ALE** it makes a most valuable addition, which once introduced will be eagerly ordered.

It is the most Appetizing Non-Alcoholic Beverage known, and will have an immense permanent sale in hot climates. See these testimonials:—

"A beautiful essence. Has a fine Hop Aroma and is quite a pharmaceutical triumph."—*The Chemist and Druggist.*

"HAY'S HOP ALE.—This is an excellent Non-Alcoholic beverage."—*The Lancet.*

"Aerated Hop Ale made from this essence is unrivalled for its peculiarly fine Hop Flavour and Aroma."

"Has the Hop Taste of Bitter Beer, and is a nearer approach to Bass' or Allsopp's Ale then any non-intoxicants preceding it." —*Eastern Morning News.*

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QUANTITY REQUIRED, Two Fluid oz. to each Gallon of SYRUP, making 106 10-oz. BOTTLES.

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Hay's Compound Fortified Essence of Jamaica Ginger. For 1st quality Ginger Ale.
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Hay's Ginger Ale Essence, highly concentrated. For 3rd quality Ginger Ale.
Hay's Ginger Champagne Essence, highly recommended.
Hay's Soluble Essence of Messina Lemons.
Hay's Lemon Flavour.
Hay's Hop Ale Essence.

Spurious imitations are made, but the difference is so marked that no manufacturer using them can compete with one using Hay's preparations. Indentors, to prevent disappointment, should specify that the goods are to be of

W. HAY'S (of Hull), Manufacture.

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For TWENTY FIVE YEARS has maintained its world-wide reputation as the ONLY SAFE RELIABLE PHOSPHORIC REMEDY ever discovered for the Permanent Cure of Brain Wreckage, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, dependent upon the Deficiency of the Vital Forces.

IT CURES Dyspepsia, Nerve, and Heart Disease.
CURES Kidney and Liver Complaints.
CURES all Blood Disorders.
CURES Consumption and General Debility.
CHECKS all Wasting of the Vital Forces,
From whatever cause arising.

The EFFECT of this Standard PHOSPHORIC Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is Really Marvellous,

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

Actually creates New Nervous Fluid and Brain Matter by supplying the Blood with its Electric Life Element—PHOSPHORUS, the very Core and Centre of the Brain itself, restoring the fullest and most vigorous conditions of Robust Health of Body and Mind, and whilst pleasant to the taste, never fails to Purify and Enrich the Blood, and thoroughly invigorate the Brain, Nerves, and Muscles. Its energising effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a Feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort, to which the Patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. The bowels become regular. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, the Skin clear and healthy, and the Hair acquires Strength, showing the importance of its action on the Organs of Nutrition.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

is the only Medicine of the kind or name awarded a Certificate of Merit, at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, where all Countries were Exhibitors and the only Trade Mark—"PHOSPHODYNE"—Registered and Protected under the Trade Marks Act.

BEWARE OF VILE IMITATIONS!—None is genuine unless every bottle bears the British Government Stamp with the words "DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE, London, England," engraved thereon.

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Directions for the guidance of Patients in the Self-Treatment of the above diseases are enclosed with each Bottle.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each by all Chemists throughout the World.

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THE CROWN PERFUMERY CO.'S

UNDER the title **"Crab-Apple Blossoms,"** THE CROWN PERFUMERY CO. are now selling one of the most delightful perfumes ever manufactured. The uniform excellence of all the goods of this well-known firm needs no comment here, since our readers are aware of their exceptional merit. At the same time, it is well to call attention to the fact that this **"Crab-Apple Blossoms"** scent is totally unlike any of those commonplace perfumes with which we meet in all directions, and reminds one at once of all the sweet and delightful scents of the country.—*Lady's Pictorial.*

Chief among the fashionable scents of the season is **"Crab-Apple Blossoms,"** a delicate perfume of the highest quality and fragrance. It is prepared by the CROWN PERFUMERY COMPANY, of 177, NEW BOND STREET, who have at various times distilled some of the choicest and most favoured perfumes.—*Court Journal.*

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IS ABSOLUTELY PURE.

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Cadbury's Cocoa is Soluble in Boiling Milk and Water.
Cadbury's Cocoa contains all the delicious aroma of the natural article, without the excessive proportions of fat.
Cadbury's Cocoa is not reduced in value by the addition of Starch, Sugar, &c.
Cadbury's Cocoa is specially rich in flesh-forming and strength-sustaining qualities.

Cadbury's Cocoa is a gentle stimulant, and sustains against hunger & bodily fatigue.
Cadbury's Cocoa is delicious, nutritious, digestible, comforting, and a refined beverage suitable for all Seasons of the year.
In the whole process of manufacturing Cadbury's pure Cocoa, the automatic machinery employed obviates the necessity for its being once touched by the human hand.

PRECAUTION & WARNING.—Always ask for CADBURY'S COCOA. Always examine your Purchases. See that you have not been induced to accept an imitation, and be wary of highly coloured and drugged preparations offered as pure Cocoa. Anything of a medicated character associated with Cocoa proclaims at once that it is not pure.

THE DAWN OF ANOTHER DAY.

"Out of eternity this new day is born,
Into eternity at night doth return.
Behold it aforetime no eyes ever did,
So soon it for ever from all eyes is hid.
Here hath been dawning another blue day.
Think, wilt thou let it slip useless away?"
—*Tennyson.*

QUEEN'S HEAD HOTEL, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE, 4th June, 1877.

SIR,—Will you to-day allow me to present you with this Testimonial and Poem on your justly celebrated FRUIT SALT. Being the writer for several first class London Magazines, and my occupation being a very sedentary one, I came here for a few weeks, in order to see what change of air would do for me, and at the wish of some personal friends of mine here I have taken ENO'S FRUIT SALT, and the good results accruing therefrom have been my reason for addressing you.—I am, Sir, yours truly, A LADY.

Free from danger, free from harm.
It acts like some magician's charm;
At any time a dainty draught,
Which will dispel disease's shaft;
More priceless than the richest gold,
That ever did its wealth unfold;
And all throughout our native land,
Should always have at their command
Eno's famous Fruit Salt!

Cool and refreshing as the breeze,
To headache it gives certain ease;
Biliousness—it does assuage,
And cures it both in Youth and Age;
Giddiness it will arrest,
And give both confidence and rest;
Thirst it will at once allay,
And what the best in every way,
Why, Eno's famous fruit Salt!

"MANY sick people looked upon me as a physician. For a long time we had been in the centre of Africa without any medical man. Natives came with all manner of diseases. One day we had a man said to be mad. Whether mad or not, he was far from well, and I gave him a dose of Eno's Fruit Salt. The poor fellow came back next morning much better. His breath was no longer offensive, and he looked cheerful. We were sorry when our supply of Fruit Salt was done; it was a favourite both with natives and Europeans, and is much used along the malarious coasts."—"Africans," by the Rev. DUFF MACDONALD, M.A., B.D., Vol. II., p. 207.

INDIA AND ENO'S FRUIT SALT.—"Dilbrughar, Upper Assam, India, March 6th, 1880. "Dear Sir,—I desire to state the advantage which I, and many others in this part of the world, have derived from your FRUIT SALT. Unlike other Saline Aperients, it is not lowering in its action. I have used it on board ship in tropical latitudes, and both there and here I can honestly bear witness that its use has warded off fever over and over again. When taken in time it is invaluable. It is most popular in this part of North Eastern Asiatic India. From my extreme individual inconvenience arising from publicity I do not wish my name to appear, and merely subscribe myself, most truly yours, 'A PLANTER.'—J. C. ENO."

CAUTION.—Examine each Bottle, and see that the capsule is marked "ENO'S FRUIT SALT." Without it you have been imposed on by a worthless imitation. Sold by all Chemists.

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IN CONSTANT USE FOR 50 YEARS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED KINGDOM.

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FOR BOOTS, SHOES, HARNESS AND ALL BLACK LEATHER ARTICLES.

SADDLE PASTE
(Waterproof).

JET BLACK OIL
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HARNESS LIQUID
or Self-shining Jet.

POLISHING PASTE
FOR CLEANING METALS.

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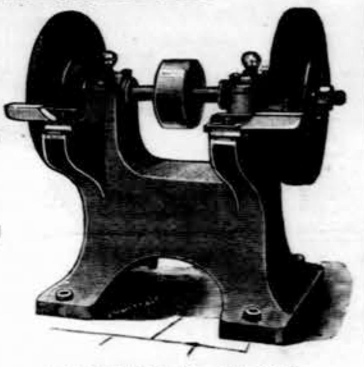

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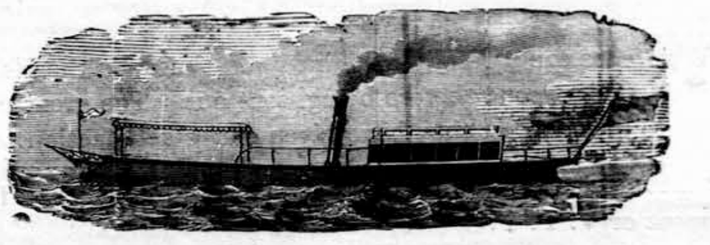

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THE ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Loss of Energy and Appetite, Mental and Physical Depression, Incapacity for Study or Business, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Female Complaints, Flatulence, Dyspepsia, Shortness of Breath, Eruptions of the Skin, Impoverished Blood, Premature Decline, and all Diseases caused by residence in tropical climates.

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Is a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It operates on the system without exciting care or thought upon the individual as to the process. It moves the lungs, liver, kidney, stomach, and intestines, with a harmony, vigour, yet mildness unparalleled in medicine.

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Gives back to the human structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or animating element of life, which has been wasted and at once imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution.

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Is patronized by Aristocracy and the *Elite*, extensively used in the Army and Navy, and highly recommended by the leading Medical Practitioners.

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The ONLY Medicine of that name granted certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Mark. Beware of VILE worthless Imitations made up to trade upon the Reputation of Dr. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE. Therefore ask for DR. BRIGHT'S, and refuse Useless Substitute.

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Is sold in CASES at 6s. 6d. by all Medicine Vendors throughout the Globe.

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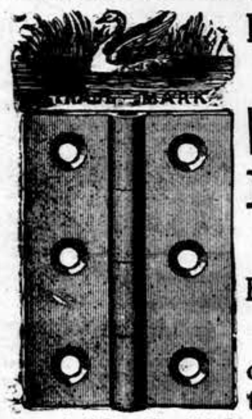

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BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities. It cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, Eczema and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

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Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.
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Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.
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Clears the Blood from all impure matter.
From whatever cause arising.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is the only real Specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, for it removes the *cause* from the bloodand bones.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warrante free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

"It is entirely free from any poison or metallic impregnation, does not contain any injurious ingredient and is a good, safe, and useful medicine.—ALFRED SWAINE TAYLOR, M.D., F.R.S., Lecturer on Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology."

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"ISLA GERALDINE RIPON."

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Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. Th words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the Bottle, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

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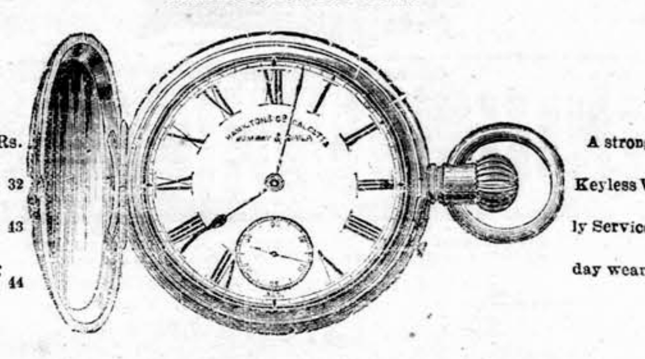

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